



INCRECIBLE
POP-UP

FROG

AND OTHER WETLAND CREATURES

WITH 20 FLAPS TO LIFT
AND GIANT POP-UPS!

BEN HOARE

JASMINE FLOYD

DIVE INTO A WATER WORLD

Streams, bays, lakes and ponds are all freshwater habitats—and are home to a fabulous variety of plants and animals. Some creatures spend their whole lives in the water, some spend part of their life there then move onto land, and others just visit watery places to feed, drink, rest or rest. Wetlands, such as these are precious habitats that store water and help prevent flooding, and they're wonderful places to visit and enjoy.

SPOTTED SALAMANDER

Amphibians breathe through their skin underwater. They also have lungs, so can breathe at the surface and on land too.



BLUEFIN NOTHO

This breathe underwater through gills, which look like sets on the side of their body.

BREATHING UNDERWATER

All animals need oxygen to survive, and the animals that live in fresh water have many different ways of breathing.

OTTER

Like all mammals, otters breathe air using their lungs. After every dive, they must return to the surface to breathe.



WATER SPIDER

Spiders and other arachnids breathe air. Some water spiders take a large bubble of air underwater to live in.

SOUTHERN BELL FROG

Ranoidea raniformis

FANTASTIC FOOD CHAINS

Wetlands are home to living things of all shapes and sizes. We show what each species eats with a diagram called a food chain. The links in the chain reveal the order in which species depend on one another for food.



DEPTH ZONES

Different animals and plants are found in each part of a wetland. Some live at the water surface or in shallow water. Others prefer to be in deep water or stay on the bottom.

LAZIRANGA NATIONAL PARK, INDIA

DISAPPEARING WETLANDS

Some wetlands exist for only part of the year. They dry out when there is little or no rain, then fill up again with water in the rainy season. Wetlands like these are known as seasonal wetlands.