#### JESSICA BUMPUS

# Vivienne Westwood

The Story Behind the Style



UNOFFICIAL AND UNAUTHORISED



#### A STUDIO PRESS BOOK

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# Vivienne Westwood

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Jessica Bumpus

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LEFT: Sid Vicious with Vivienne Westwood at a Sex Pistols gig.

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# A Revolutionary is Born

There are few British designers, or brands, that have made quite as much of an impact on the fashion landscape as Vivienne Westwood. A fashion designer of both cult and commercial success (which is a rare combination), she was a punk and a pioneer, a rebel and a provocateur, an activist and a change-maker.

Over the course of a career that spanned half a century, Dame Vivienne Westwood would become synonymous with the British punk scene. Punk is what immediately springs to mind for most when her name is mentioned, along with the King's Road, corsets, platforms, tartan, crinolines, pirate boots, sustainability and climate change awareness. The list goes on. Her shows and interviews have become legendary – she is famous for using fashion as a platform to speak out on the issues she cared most about.

There is no doubt that Westwood's affinity for fashion history has helped her designs stand out. They are often historically informed, yet never to the point that they look odd. Where something shouldn't work, it always did, thanks to Vivienne's ability to balance the old with the modern – she was a genius when it came to style mashups. And the original Vivienne Westwood aesthetic rooted in a DIY approach never fully went away. Her designs feel intrinsically British and perfectly eccentric.

ABOVE: Vivienne Westwood takes her bow at the spring/summer 2018 London Fashion Week Men's collections, June 2017.

Westwood was the original multi-hyphenate and, in many ways, light years ahead of her time. She has inspired generations of designers that came after her, whether established and successful or aspiring and eager. Fashion critics even noted whiffs of her spirit at the London Fashion Week collections of autumn/winter 2023, which took place in February 2023, after her death. It's no wonder that her name is up there with the likes of Yves Saint Laurent, Christian Lacroix and the late great Karl Lagerfeld.



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Her own fashion story is a tale of two halves: pre- and postthe Malcolm McLaren years. The future manager of the Sex Pistols, Malcolm was Vivienne's creative collaborator, and for a time they were in a relationship. It was with Malcolm that she opened the legendary 430 King's Road boutique. It is still there today, known as Worlds End, with a huge clock face upon its whimsical facade. She married Andreas Kronthaler in 1993, with whom she would also creatively collaborate until her death in December 2022.

Vivienne spearheaded moments that became movements, and what started out as motifs of punk, protest and rebellion matured into a fight for sustainability and a fashion life much celebrated.



OPPOSITE: Vivienne Westwood outside Bow Street Magistrate's Court in the late 1970s.

LEFT: Vivienne Westwood poses for a photo in London 1987.



# Derbyshire Days

Vivienne Isabel Swire was born on April 8 1941 to Gordon and Dora Swire at the Partington Maternity Home, Glossop. The future fashion revolutionary had one sister, Olga Swire, born 1944, and one brother, Gordon Swire, born 1946. She grew up in the parish of Tintwistle, Derbyshire (which was formerly part of Cheshire until 1974), both during and after World War II, enjoying what has been recounted as a fairly idyllic childhood, living at the stone-constructed Millbrook Cottages and playing outside until late.

The young Swire clan were encouraged to be creative and make things more than they were encouraged to read. Vivienne knew from a young age that she was good at making things, notably models at school, and she especially enjoyed sewing classes. Her mother would often make their clothes, and worked as a weaver in a local cotton factory.

The young Vivienne – who remembers having a passionate spirit from an early age – attended Hollingworth and Tintwistle Primary Schools from 1946 to 1952, at which point she passed the scholarship exam for Glossop Grammar School. She continued to be good at art during her time at Glossop Grammar, and considered attending art school.

Among Westwood's noted formative fashion memories are the make-do-and-mend philosophy that came to define

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Britain in austerity, as well as the coronation of Queen Elizabeth II in 1953, when Vivienne was 12 years old. The influences of these two events can be seen throughout every era of her designs, and the make-do-and-mend philosophy is evident in the mantra "Buy Less, Choose Well, Make it Last", which the brand still promotes to this day. She expertly blended the elements of customisation, tradition and aristocracy together to create her own unique brand, which is now continued by her husband Andreas Kronthaler.



LEFT: Vivienne Westwood speaking at a festival wearing a "Buy Less" slogan T-shirt.

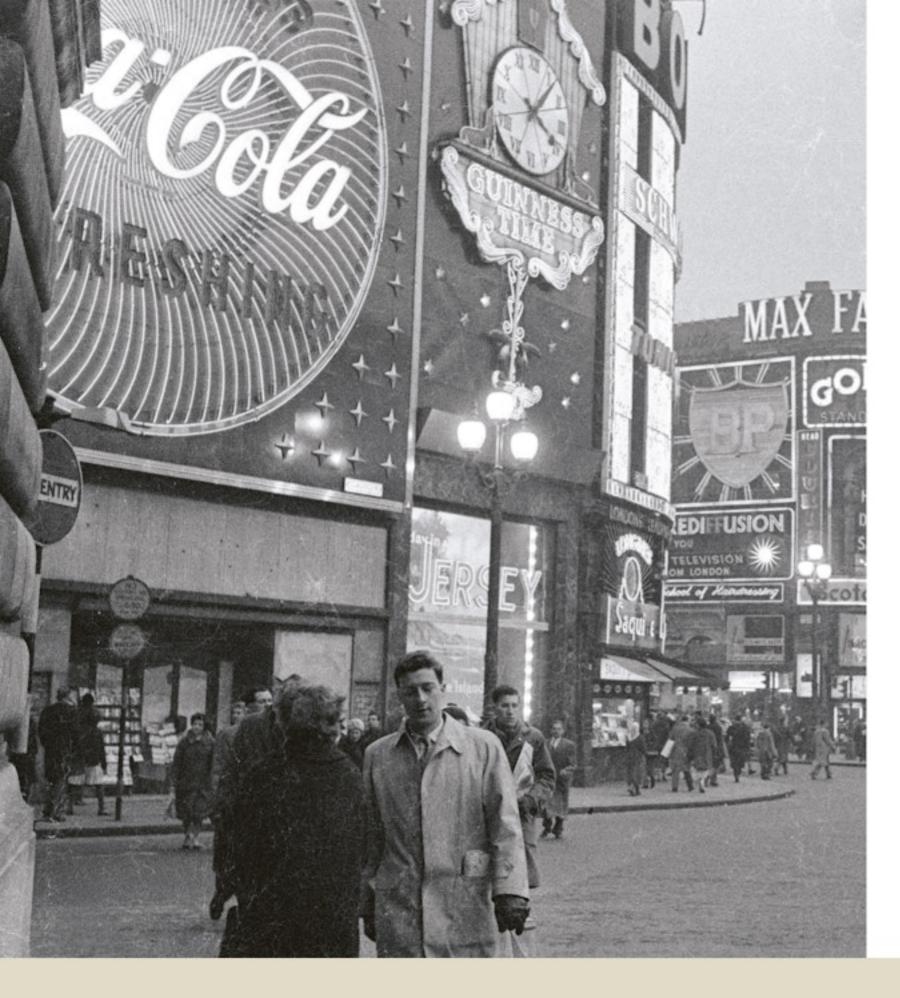


## London

T t was in 1957 that a teenage Vivienne Swire moved to London with her family. Her parents believed they would have a better life there, and bought a post office in Harrow. Westwood applied to Harrow Art School, where she was given a place on a jewellery and silversmith course. She would only last a term, however. She quickly grew bored of her course, and she wasn't particularly enamoured, in that moment, with her life in London. She preferred the spontaneity of Manchester, and throughout her life she never lost her distinctive Northern accent. Her time on the jewellery and silversmith course did make her realise what it was that she really wanted to do: make her own clothes. In a memoir about her life, written with the help of the actor and writer Ian Kelly, Vivienne described her own style at the time to be that of a "Trad", or an artist in full skirts and sloppy jumpers.

OPPOSITE: Bustling London: Piccadilly Circus in the West End of London, England.





Soon, the allure of London began to fall into place for Vivienne and she started to form friendships. It was all mods and museums, and she managed to recreate a sense of Manchester's going-out scene. Thinking she wouldn't be able to make a living as an artist, she learned to become a shorthand typist, though she soon discovered that was not what she wanted to do, either. At the age of 19, she attended teacher training college and went on to work at a primary school.

In 1961, she met her first husband, Derek, from whom she would take the Westwood surname. The story goes that they met on the dancefloor; he was an apprentice toolmaker with dreams of becoming a pilot and at the time, he was working for a company that ran dance halls and pop groups. They were married on July 21 1962 at St John the Baptist, Greenhill, and Westwood made her own wedding dress. They welcomed a son, Ben Westwood, in 1963. Not long after - that same year, in fact -Westwood announced she was leaving Derek. They officially split in 1965, setting the stage for a new chapter in Vivienne's life to begin.

OPPOSITE: Piccadilly Circus, London, 1960.



### Malcolm McLaren

Westwood met Malcolm McLaren in 1965. An art student and a friend of her younger brother, Gordon, he would go on to become her creative collaborator for almost the next 20 years. Malcolm is as synonymous with the punk movement as Vivienne, and their partnership is legendary. He was something of a mastermind of marketing anarchy and disruption, before such things became commonplace in contemporary fashion. The pair were in a relationship for a time but never seem to have married.

Malcolm was interested in politics and was fascinated by the French Situationists, a creative enclave of writers and artists who wished to eradicate capitalism through acts of everyday life. He was a driving force in bringing politics, provocation, society and culture into Westwood's world. She found him to be charismatic and knowledgeable, but also full of contradictions.

In 1967, they had a son, Joseph Ferdinand Corré, who would go on to follow in his parents' footsteps and enter the world of fashion. He founded the very successful lingerie company, Agent Provocateur.

It was in the early 1970s that McLaren and Westwood began to build their empire. Malcolm, by this point, had left art school and Vivienne was about to quit teaching. The plan had been to sell vintage records together, and there was talk of setting up a stall. But a retail opportunity – via a new friend - on King's Road was about to arise.

Tommy Roberts, of the legendary Mr Freedom fashion business, took over the lease of 430 King's Road in 1969. He and his business partner, the fashion entrepreneur Trevor Myles, were well-known for their eclectic and discerning fashion eye which appealed to the gliteratti of the 1960s. It was under Myles' control the shop was renamed Paradise Garage; the spot was already well-known for fashion.

Vivienne and Malcolm, who were regulars on King's Road, ended up renting the back of 430 King's Road, before taking the whole thing over and rebranding it. It would be known over the coming years as Let It Rock, Too Fast To Live, Too Young To Die and Sex and Seditonaries, all of which would encompass the nuanced, confrontational and non-conformist nature of McLaren and Westwood. Eventually the shop would come to define the varied-but-defined styles we know as punk today.



LEFT: Malcolm McLaren, manager of Sex Pistols, and Vivienne Westwood, 1977.



LEFT: Malcolm McLaren, who was Westwood's longtime collaborator.

OPPOSITE: Westwood and McLaren inside their shop on the King's Road, circa 1985.

Politics and anti-capitalist ideology were not McLaren's only passions – he was also passionate about music. For a time he would manage and dress the US band the New York Dolls, who are linked to the birth of the American punk scene. He then returned to London where, operating from King's Road's Sex, as it was then named, he would become the manager of The Sex Pistols, arbiters of punk from 1975 until their demise in 1978.

Consisting of band members Johnny Rotten, Paul Cook, Steve Jones, Glen Matlock and later Sid Vicious, Sex Pistols were well-known for their raucous and anti-establishment songs like 'Anarchy in the UK', accompanied by equally raucous and anti-establishment behaviour. The band performed its 'God Save the Queen' anthem – a song often banned from being played in respectable establishments – on a boat outside the Houses of Parliament in London. They would wear Westwood and

McLaren's designs, inextricably linking the messages of their music with Malcolm and Vivienne's riotous-looking designs.

McLaren died in 2010 at the age of 64. He was remembered for his publicity stunts, and involvement with culture and music. While the relationship between him and Vivienne might have formally ended during the 1980s, in her memoir she acknowledges his significant influence on her, what they achieved, the trouble they got into and his role in their pioneering and creative partnership. Westwood's obituaries also noted her grace and generosity about him.



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### Punk

Punk emerged during the mid-1970s. It was a music and fashion phenomenon with geographic roots in both London and New York, specifically the King's Road (during the 1960s it had been home to another shake-up style scene: London's Swinging Sixties, the Youthquake) and the East Village. It also had ideological roots in alienation and antiestablishment. It is described as being a city-centric style movement: both a look and a music genre, but also an attitude, a way of acting and anarchy. In fashion terms, it is broadly viewed as being defined by leather jackets, chains, studs, safety pins, string vests, spiked hair and an aura of intimidation – visual signifiers of rebellion and disturbing the peace.

In various forms, these styles had already been adopted by American bands at this time, including The Ramones and the New York Dolls, the latter of whom had visited Westwood and McLaren in their shop.

In 1973, McLaren and Westwood went to the US. It was Westwood's first time in the country, and it was a visit that proved to have quite an impact. Where McLaren was inspired by the music scene, Vivienne was inspired by the influential characters she met, who were already leaning into the styles they had been cultivating back at 430 King's Road. Westwood and McLaren had been customising T-shirts in what could certainly be deemed as punk style. And the whole enterprise of their business, which wasn't

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exactly traditional or typical, was also pretty punk from the outset.

While McLaren managed the New York Dolls, then put together Sex Pistols, Westwood had her own punk epiphany: and the resulting designs were keenly embraced by the Pistols' Johnny Rotten (though it is claimed that he was the instigator of safety pins in fashion) as well as by the rest of the band. Punk, therefore, was a collision of these forces: Westwood, McLaren, Sex Pistols and King's Road – with a splash of New York.

BELOW: Poster boy of punk, Johnny Rotten of Sex Pistols, circa 1976. OVERLEAF LEFT: A policeman arresting a punk in Sloane Square, Chelsea, 1977. OVERLEAF RIGHT: Pamela Rooke and Simon Barker in 'God Save the Queen' T shirts.







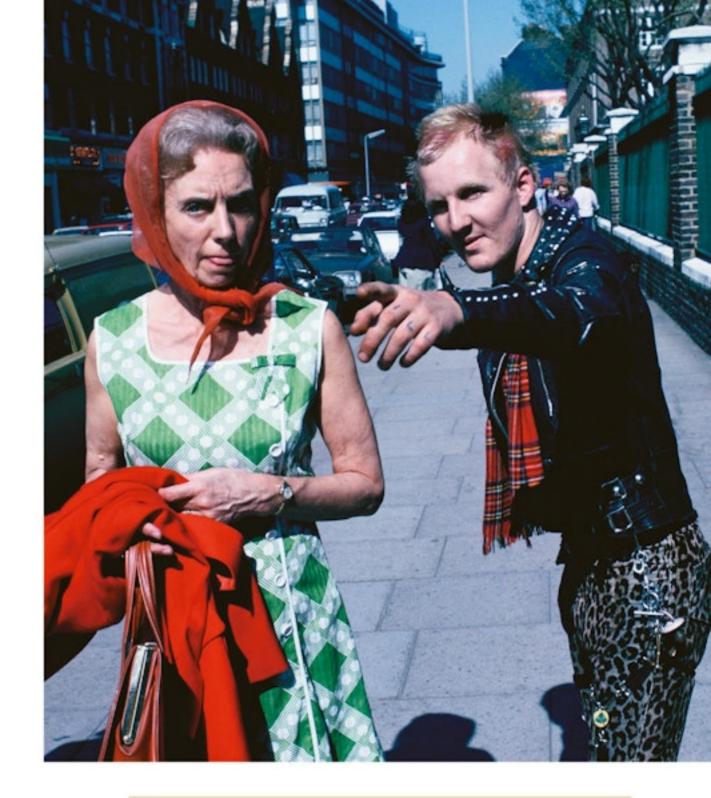


# 430 King's Road

Kaffiliation with fashion. Before Westwood and McLaren, there was Mary Quant, but it's Westwood and McLaren's 430 King's Road in particular which draws crowds of people pursuing a fashion-history pilgrimage, even to this day. It was a fashion youth mecca and the headquarters from which Vivienne Westwood and Malcolm McLaren masterminded collections that would shape, shift and subvert London's style scene for decades to come. She took care of the clothes, he took care of the interiors.

Having gone through various incarnations over the years, today the shop is known as Worlds End. You'll find it just beyond the bend in the road at Milman's Street and Park Walk – a charming blue exterior that looks ever so slightly like something you'd come across in a theme park. It is also located at what is known as Worlds End bus stop. Westwood and McLaren first opened the store in 1971 (it was formerly a pawnbroker's, a grocer's and downstairs, a restaurant), and renamed it according to each new collection that followed.

Today, fashion operates seasonally to a six-month cycle, with autumn/winter and spring/summer collections revealed at the beginning and end of the year. At the Worlds End HQ, it was more about a feeling; collections would move on when Westwood and McLaren felt it was time and they would rename the shop accordingly, breaking all the rules to create their own way of life.



ABOVE: A punk helps a passer-by on King's Road, Chelsea, during the 1970s.

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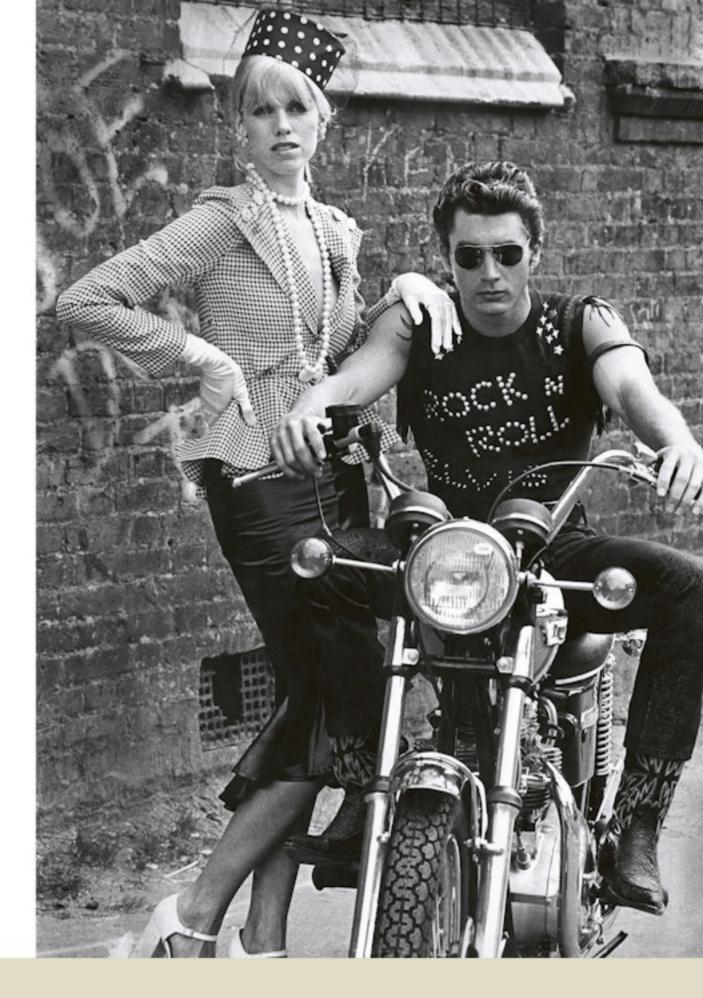
#### Let It Rock

When it first opened in 1971, the King's Road boutique was known as Let It Rock. Initially, Westwood and McLaren had been interested in 1950s clothing, records and memorabilia – a time period that went against the grain of the hippy moment that was prevalent in the 70s. They would go down to Brick Lane or Brixton Market and pick up all manner of 50s clothes to rework and sell on, such as Teddy Boy suits (already a staple of McLaren's style), brothel creepers and stilettos, as well as various ephemera. The shop became part installation, part brand-new retail experience. Soon, everyone wanted to go there and be seen there. It was considered the epicentre of youth culture.



LEFT: A group of Teddy Boys dancing at the London rock 'n' roll revival show in Wembley Arena, 1972. Initially, McLaren and Westwood had been inspired by the 1950s and Teddy Boys.

OPPOSITE: Wearing pieces from SW3's coolest shops, Mr Freedom and Let It Rock, which is where the motorcyclist's gear is from, 1973.





### Too Fast to Live, Too Young to Die

About a year later, the store was renamed Too Fast To Live, Too Young To Die, or TFTLTYTD as it was commonly abbreviated. The new look that it ushered in was equally provocative. Inspired by rockers and Hells Angels, it focused on customised T-shirts printed with graphics and slogans, featuring chains, studs, black leather, badges – in one instance, boiled chicken bones spelled out "Rock" to create a piece which has become an iconic early design of the duo. It was around this time that the roots of punk were starting to spread.



OPPOSITE: American rock band New York Dolls, 1973. ABOVE: New York Punk Club CBGB, founded by Hilly Kristal in 1973.

#### Sex

By 1974 the store was renamed Sex and the outside of the building said so in giant pink rubberised letters. At the time, perhaps more seedy Soho than chichi Chelsea, the clothes featured rips, cuts and holes, torn hems and seams outside, and explored the kinkier side of life with spike stilettos and other deliberate shock-factor ideas.



Famously, the musician Chrissie Hynde was a shop assistant at Sex, as was Pamela Rooke, otherwise known as Jordan. She was well-known for commuting up each day from Sussex, where she was upgraded to First Class because passengers kept complaining about her clothes - or lack of them. Her uniform of choice was a net top, rubber skirt and stilettos. Intimidating, confident and glamorous, she was arguably one of the early faces or ambassadors of Westwood style. There would, of course, be others.

LEFT: Pamela Rooke, aka Jordan, inside Sex, 1976.

OPPOSITE: Pamela Rooke outside Sex in 1976.





### Seditionaries

The shop's next incarnation was Seditionaries in 1976. During this punk phase, Westwood explored straps and zips, bondage and fetishism themes and transformed them into a new type of fashion. The riskiness and deviance of the Sex days were still evident, but added to that was combat gear, motorcyclists' leathers, unravelling mohair sweaters, torn-looking dresses, metal chains and safety pins, giving a distressed and deconstructed nature to the clothes. Graphics were confrontational and cheeky. The band Sex Pistols pertinently wore various items from the Seditionaries era.

ABOVE: Seditionaries styles featured chains and tartan with a biker flourish. OPPOSITE: Punk fashion from Seditionaries, modelled by Simon and Jordan, 1977.





#### Worlds End

In 1979, the store changed once more, to Worlds End (partly, it's thought, in reference to the location of the shop which is much further down King's Road than one might think). The shop retains the Worlds End livery today, its 13-hour clock ticking backwards atop its striking galleonesque exterior. Most recently, it became a place of mourning; flowers and tributes were poignantly laid outside the quirky little shop following the death of its founder, in December 2022.

Westwood and McLaren would end their relationship in 1981, but they continued with their business partnership for a while longer. A second shop, Nostalgia of Mud, would open in 1982 in St Christopher's Place, W1. But the future of Vivienne Westwood lay overseas, and she would soon relocate to Italy. There would be a bit of a detour via potential deals and expansion before Worlds End reopened again in 1986, this time without McLaren.

LEFT: Models wearing Westwood outside Worlds End, circa 1980s.

OPPOSITE: Worlds End, the legendary shop where it all began, in Chelsea.





# **Expansion Part One**

Pollowing McLaren and Westwood's wave-making run in fashion, Worlds End closed for a time in the early to mid 1980s (accounts vary) and the punk duo went their separate creative ways. Westwood met business manager Carlo D'Amario around 1982, and there was talk of him doing PR for her. But what transpired was a potential deal with Fiorucci, the Italian fashion brand with whom he worked, to produce clothes in Italy. At the time, designs sold in the Worlds End store featured a Worlds End label – they weren't branded Vivienne Westwood, and this was something D'Amario was keen to address. Here, accounts get a little foggy: there seems to have been a potential licensing agreement with Giorgio Armani in 1984 which, to followers of fashion, might seem like something of an unlikely pairing. But no clothes were ever produced.

In 1986, D'Amario was appointed managing director of Vivienne Westwood and, that same year, she returned to London from Italy. The next phase of Westwood's career was about to begin – it would be a move towards fitted silhouettes, tailoring and a deep dive into the history of fashion which would inform designs that would cement her signature style for the next 40 years. As a result, another round of expansion would occur – this time globally. The Vivienne Westwood brand was starting to emerge.

OPPOSITE: Inside a Vivienne Westwood store in Los Angeles, California, 2011.





### The Orb

A side from the tartan, the platforms and the pearls (and countless other symbols Westwood has made her own), there is one particular motif that is perhaps more synonymous with the brand than the rest, certainly in marketing terms: the Vivienne Westwood orb logo.



The orb came later in her career, post the Malcolm McLaren years. They formally ended their collaboration in 1984, and Westwood needed to work out who and what she was by herself, so that she could begin to shape the future of her brand. The days of punk, DIY and anarchy were largely behind her, though elements of them would always find their way in to her creations.

The orb logo debuted around 1986. Following a hiatus during which the Worlds End shop was closed, Westwood, now in Italy, was working on a collection inspired by royalty but with a futuristic nod. It was while she was envisaging a jumper that Prince Charles might wear that the royal insignia, particularly the orb, came into play. She added a satellite ring around it, as the required nod to the future. At the time, Carlo D'Amario, her business manager, said it would be the ideal logo for her brand. It has since featured on everything from bags to T-shirts, buttons to fragrance bottles. It perfectly encapsulates that sense of tradition, force and vision that the brand is known for.

At the time, though, Westwood encountered a slight hiccup. The orb logo was very similar to Harris Tweed's logo. It is an issue that, according to the clothmaker, has since been resolved. Westwood has often used the cloth in her collections and expressed a love for doing so. There would even be a collection named Harris Tweed.

OPPOSITE: The Vivienne Westwood orb logo.



### Andreas Kronthaler

Following her split from Malcolm McLaren – the man she credited with helping her to discover society, politics and culture – and a hiatus from London and the King's Road, Vivienne Westwood entered a new phase in her life and career. While teaching in the late 1980s in Vienna (she was appointed Professor of Fashion at the Vienna Academy of Applied Arts from 1989 to 1991) she met Austrian Andreas Kronthaler, then a student.

Born in 1966, Kronthaler was brought up in rural Tyrol. Aged 19, he enrolled at the Vienna Academy of Applied Arts to study industrial design, but reapplied three years later to study fashion under Westwood. Kronthaler was 23 and Westwood was 48, and the 25-year age gap has sometimes invited comment.

Right from the start, Westwood and Kronthaler had a mutual respect and intrigue for one another. They went on to collaborate; she said he introduced her to the possibilities of couture and how it could impact her designs. They would go on to be partners in life and work over the coming decades; she found herself able to bounce ideas off him and he, in turn, enjoyed offering his design references for inspiration. They married in 1993 and together envisaged another new direction for the brand that would take the 1990s by storm. For the War & Peace collection of spring/ summer 2012, she brought Kronthaler out with her for the first time at the show's finale.



Kronthaler would eventually take over what was known as the Gold Label range – it became known as Andreas Kronthaler for Vivienne Westwood for the autumn/winter 2016-17 season. Westwood would continue to design the main Vivienne Westwood line, which covered all the other ranges under one umbrella label.

Kronthaler's second collection for Andreas Kronthaler for Vivienne Westwood was Europa for spring/ summer 2017, designed in dedication to the continent of Europe following Brexit.

Increasingly, his collections would become more personal and reflect his own heritage, which included his relationship with Vivienne.

PREVIOUS: Vivienne Westwood accompanied by her husband Andreas Kronthaler, arriving for a reception at No. 10 Downing Street, 1997.

OPPOSITE: Westwood with Andreas Kronthaler at the autumn/winter 1995 show in Paris.



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## **Iconic Collections**

In the wake of her death, Westwood has been described as an iconoclast, a maverick and a creative genius; the influence she has had on fashion is global, and undeniable. When one thinks of Westwood they think of so many things – all of which feel inherently Westwood. And beyond those first collections born from Worlds End – Let It Rock, Too Fast to Live, Too Young to Die, Sex – there have been plenty more that stand out as definitive moments in both her career and fashion generally. Of course, any Westwood fan will have their own personal highlights. But one moment that stands out for most is her catwalk debut, Pirates, in 1981.

OPPOSITE: Model Naomi Campbell and Westwood attend the Designer of the Year Awards at the Natural History Museum, 1993.

RIGHT: Supermodel Linda Evangelista modelling at the Vivienne Westwood autumn/winter 1995 show in Paris.

OVERLEAF: Finishing touches, backstage at an autumn/winter 1991-92 show.









# Sex and the City

In the 2008 film version of the acclaimed television series Sex and the City, Carrie Bradshaw (played by Sarah Jessica Parker) wears Vivienne Westwood on what is surely one of the most important days of her fashionista-columnist's life: her wedding. Sadly, she doesn't actually get around to getting married in it, but the dress has since gone down in fashion history. Said dress is the Cloud wedding gown from the autumn/winter 2007-8 collection, titled Wake Up, Cave Girl, which comprises an angular Wilma corset in gold-backed ivory and silk duchesse satin with a crushed skirt in ivory silk Radzimir taffeta.

According to Westwood's own biography, written with Ian Kelly, Anna Wintour had suggested the American designer Vera Wang to the producers, but Parker had personally insisted on wearing a dress by Westwood and as filming got underway the voluminous cloud dress was redesigned by Westwood specifically for the Carrie Bradshaw character.

OPPOSITE: Actresses Sarah Jessica Parker, Kristin Davis, Kim Cattral and Cynthia Nixon on the set of Sex and the City: The Mavie on location on the Upper East Side in New York City in 2007. Parker is wearing the Vivienne Westwood Cloud wedding gown.





Bradshaw initially opts for a vintage skirt suit, but upon wearing the Westwood gown for a Vogue shoot in the film, is gifted the dress by the designer - who, incidentally, did actually write the handwritten note that accompanied it in the film. Its exaggerated silhouette features a nipped-in waist and it is quite the show-stopping gown. Bradshaw wore it with a feather in her hair for the film. Ten years after the film's release, Westwood created a series of readyto-wear pieces inspired by that very dress: the Wilma cocktail dress in three different styles, and the Wilma corset, available in black and red.

More recently, the dress has been back in action for filming of the second season of the Sex And The City spinoff And Just Like That. Sarah Jessica Parker has been seen wearing the Westwood wedding gown with a turquoise cape-and-gloves, and matching feather in her hair. As a result of this dress being featured in the original film, Westwood's profile increased in America.

OPPOSITE: Carrie's Sex and the City wedding dress on the runway at the Vivienne Westwood autumn/ winter 2007-08 collection during Paris Fashion Week.



# On the Red Carpet

Owing to their drama and grandeur, which warmly invite the wearer to strike a pose, Westwood's designs can frequently be seen on the red carpet at premieres and award ceremonies. At the 95th Academy Awards, held in March 2023, the actress Elizabeth Banks was among those who wore a bespoke Vivienne Westwood gown, which featured a train at the back. Oscar nominee (for Sense & Sensibility) Kate Winslet wore a pink Vivienne Westwood gown with a contrasting wrap in 1996 which, according to VanityFair. com, had been made especially for her. It featured a scoop neck and was worn with an Edwardian diamond necklace from Martin Katz.

Other well-known names who are fans, friends and wearers of the brand include Gwen Stefani, Helena Bonham Carter (who gave a speech at the late designer's memorial about how great her creations were), Sarah Jessica Parker, Rihanna, Zendaya, Blake Lively, Elle Fanning, Kim Kardashian, Dua Lipa, Christina Ricci (who wore a tartan mini dress to The Met Gala for the Punk: Chaos to Couture exhibit), Thandiwe Newton, Nigella Lawson, Lily Cole, Tracey Emin, Helen Mirren, Christina Hendricks, Pamela Anderson, as well as Bradley Cooper and Matthew McConaughey.

Such has been the brand's success on the red carpet that in 2014, a Red Carpet capsule was introduced, reported WWD, which drew inspiration from the English couturier Charles Frederick Worth with elaborate silhouettes. Among them was



the bustier-style Melba dress, and the Dora style constructed from drapes and folds.

And it will forever be in the history books now: singer Katy Perry wore the brand to the coronation of King Charles III. At the ceremony itself, she wore a bespoke lilac short-sleeved jacket and a matching skirt, while at the Coronation Concert she wore a bespoke gold corseted gown with draped sleeves.

ABOVE: Actress Elle Fanning at the Ishmael's Ghosts screening and Opening Gala during the 70th annual Cannes Film Festival in 2017.





# Campaigns

B esides Westwood's political campaigns, there are the Vivienne Westwood fashion campaigns, for the seasonal collections. Often photographed by Juergen Teller, who has been a long-time collaborator, they are instantly recognisable for his raw style, which works well with the typically bright colours, bold silhouettes and off-kilter or madcap mood of a Westwood/Kronthaler collection.

In 2008 Pamela Anderson became the face of the brand. The spring/summer 2009 campaign was shot at her Miami trailer and she featured in two more campaigns, including Andreas Kronthaler for Vivienne Westwood spring/summer 2017.

Westwood has also featured in the brand's campaigns – notably, during the global pandemic and lockdown. At this time, many brands – including high street brands – had to pivot and think outside the box to come up with creative ideas and imagery to promote their upcoming collections. For autumn/winter 2021, Andreas Kronthaler for Vivienne Westwood starred Westwood dressed up in the collection, posing around the Battersea studio, rolls of vibrant fabric behind and around her. Kronthaler was the master behind the lens this time around, though he would next join Westwood as a campaign lead in the spring/summer 2022 campaign photographed in Naples once again by Teller.

OPPOSITE: Westwood and longtime collaborator Juergen Teller at a private view of his exhibition Demelza Kids at Bonhams in 2019 in London.



### RIP 40 Years of Punk

BELOW: Joe Corré burns his estimated £5 million punk collection on a boat on the Thames, London, in 2016.



T n November 2016 Joe Corré, the son of Vivienne Westwood and Malcolm McLaren, set fire to an estimated £5 m worth of punk memorabilia on a boat on the river Thames. He did so on what was supposed to be the 40th anniversary of anarchy - when the Sex Pistols had launched their song 'Anarchy in the UK'. His motive, he told press at the time, was that punk was not meant to be nostalgic. And he didn't think it was something you could learn to be, buy into or recreate. It was reported that he wasn't impressed by plans to celebrate the 40th anniversary of the style and music subculture in London via a series of cultural events, which he felt went against the very idea of it in the first place.

Effigies of politicians, as well as the items such as clothes, posters and memorabilia were loaded with fireworks and set alight near Albert Bridge in Chelsea. Westwood watched from the bank of the river among a crowd of onlookers, and took the opportunity to promote her green message from the top of a green double decker bus. This flashy act of rebellion was met with a mixed response, with some not deeming it a very punk thing to do at all.



# Documenting Westwood

It's no secret that Westwood has been the documentor of many a fashion moment and movement, and more recently of global concerns and issues regarding climate change or politics. She has also been the subject of numerous books and films herself (and from time to time has even featured in her own campaigns), which, as one of British fashion's most significant protagonists, makes sense.

In 2014, for the first time and in collaboration with the author Ian Kelly, Westwood released a personal memoir, simply called *Vivienne Westwood*, that charted her life from childhood to the latest show she was working on, with details of the fashion industry, the business, her collections, friends and collaborators all included.

Alongside her husband, she featured in a short film called Trouble in Paradise in 2015. The couple play Adam and Eve and encounter the fall of humankind. Westwood also plays a judge who finds humankind guilty of ecocide. It is both surreal and slightly haunting – one imagines, the latter is deliberate.

In 2016, she released Get A Life: The Diaries of Vivienne Westwood, which was based on her online diary that she had begun in 2010. In it, she covered what she was up to in a few entries each month – be that heading to the rainforest or to David Cameron's house in the Cotswolds (with a tank, no less).

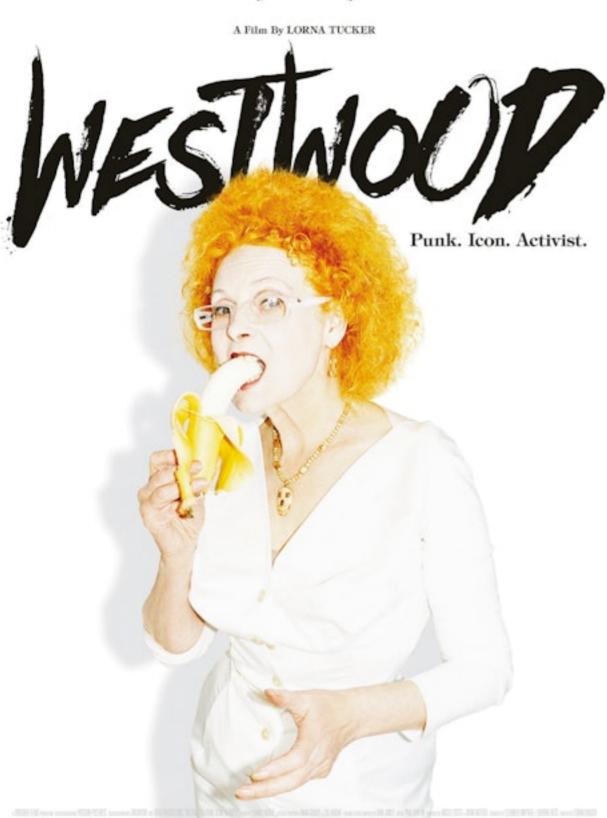
The specifics of her collections were brought together in Vivienne Westwood Catwalk, a celebration of 40 years, which also coincided with her 80th birthday. Bound in the Westwood MacAndreas tartan and printed on FSC (Forest Stewardship Council) paper, it features 1300 looks from over 70 collections, as they originally appeared.



ABOVE: Westwood at an event held in St James' Church, London, for her new book Get A Life! The Diaries of Vivienne Westwood in 2016.

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In 2018, the filmmaker Lorna Tucker took her film Westwood: Punk, Icon, Activist to the Sundance Film Festival. It featured archive and current footage, with interviews among her inner circle. The aim was to portray Westwood as a designer and activist, but Westwood seems to have been unhappy with the result and the brand issued a statement on Twitter distancing themselves from the project. It seems that Westwood felt it didn't convey enough activism and featured footage and content that was already readily available.

Meanwhile, Wake Up Punk, a documentary film released in May 2022, was geared towards telling the story of why Joe Corré, Westwood's son with Malcolm McLaren, chose to destroy what was reportedly £5 million worth of punk memorabilia, with insights from Westwood on punk along the way.

And, more recently, as part of London Craft Week in May 2023, the Vivienne Westwood flagship Conduit Street store in Mayfair paid homage to a Vivienne Westwood icon, the corset – which had started to feature prevalently in collections during the 1980s. Vivienne Westwood Corsets: 1987–Present Day featured key archive and show pieces. The aim was to explore the fashion house's approach to underwear as outerwear in terms of historical dress, culture and fine art.

OPPOSITE: A poster for the documentary Westwood: Punk, Ican, Activist, 2018.

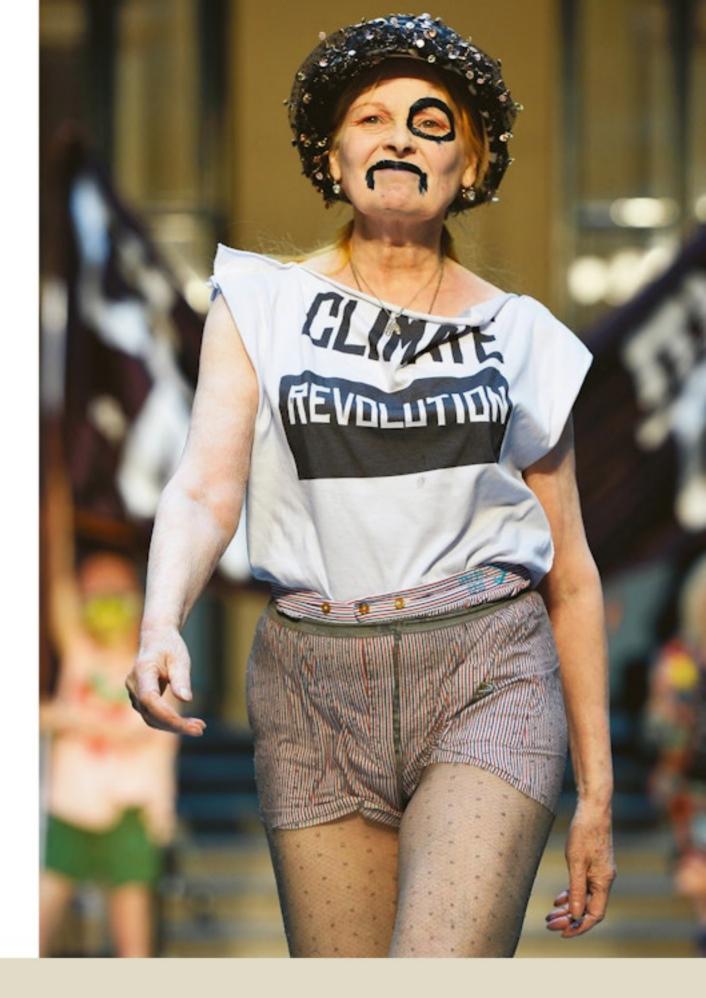


### Climate Activism

During her lifetime, Westwood was an avid supporter of, and involved with, various NGOs, charities and causes. These included: Reprieve, Liberty, Amnesty International, The Refugee Council, PETA, The Environmental Justice Foundation and Friends of the Earth. Also important to her were the plights of Leonard Peltier, Chelsea Manning and Julian Assange. She also backed Greenpeace's Save the Arctic Campaign, and the rainforest charity Cool Earth.

It was during the mid-noughties that her fashion started to morph into activism – in some ways a reprise of her punk roots geared towards modern concerns. She had read an article by the environmentalist and scientist James Lovelock that inspired her to write her own 'Active Resistance to Propaganda' manifesto. It featured her own thoughts and a kind of agenda on how to save the environment; and encouraged the idea of buying less, choosing well and making things last. It was the beginning of her own Climate Revolution, which would get its own grand reveal at the closing ceremony of the London Paralympics where she managed to reveal a cape with Climate Revolution written across it for all to see. She also introduced a blog for it, in which her thoughts and ideas could be read alongside her correspondence to, for example, Julian Assange, whom she had been a staunch supporter of. There is also a YouTube channel.

OPPOSITE: Westwood promotes her Climate Revolution at London Fashion Week, where she presented her spring/summer 2013 Red Label collection.



Westwood would visit the rainforest via NGO Cool Earth, having met Matthew Owen, its director, in 2010. It became a growing concern of hers and she donated £1 million to them, and thereafter drew attention to the cause in collections and interviews – memorably, in one Jonathan Ross interview, she hardly spoke about clothes at all. Reportedly, it won her a fan in Prince Charles, who is known for his environmental work.



It is also through her climate activism work that she met Pamela Anderson who, originally invited to one of her shows, realised she was more interested in her ecocredentials and the manifesto.

Westwood would travel to Africa for the first time in 2011, for the International Trade Centre of the United

> Nations, and set up a scheme to help employ women, producing bags and handcrafted items that would sell under the Vivienne Westwood label using recycled materials. Ever since, the brand has aspired to use collections, collaborations and the catwalk to promote awareness and campaign for a better world. Today, the website acknowledges that this is something of a contradiction - to promote sustainability activism but be in fashion, which is about producing and buying to set cycles. The website also points out the ways in which the brand plans to combat this: from reducing the size of collections and using leftover stock to finding alternatives to conventional materials and travelling by the greenest methods possible when it's unavoidable.

OPPOSITE: Westwood at the People's March for Climate, Justice and Jobs on Park Lane, London, in 2015.

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In 2017, the brand teamed up with the British Fashion Council and the Mayor of London to encourage the fashion industry to switch to a renewable energy supplier or tariff.

Westwood also supported the Save
The Arctic campaign in the early
00s, which played out at London
Waterloo Station via a series of
celebrity portraits photographed by
Andy Gotts MBE. Each celebrity
wore a Vivienne Westwood Save The
Arctic organic cotton T-shirt and all
profits went to Greenpeace. Notable
faces included Hugh Grant, George
Clooney, Kate Moss, Sarah Ferguson
and Julian Assange.

During the mid 00s, Westwood's collections began to centre on social justice and political causes. Autumn/winter 2005-6's Propaganda also marked a move towards what would be a prevailing influence from now on: the environment. Chaos Point for autumn/winter 2008-9, Do It

Yourself for spring/summer 2009, +5 degrees for autumn/ winter 2009-10 (in which Pamela Anderson walked), Get A Life for spring/summer 2010, Gaia The Only One for spring/ summer 2011, War & Peace for spring/summer 2012, Climate Revolution for spring/summer 2013, Save The Arctic for autumn/winter 2013-14, Everything is Connected for spring/ summer 2014, Save the Rainforest for autumn/winter 2014-15, End Ecocide for spring/summer 2015, Mirror The World



for spring/summer 2016 and Down to No.10 for spring/ summer 2021 all had the rainforest, ecology and saving the environment as key messages. To close her Red Label show for the spring/summer 2013 season, she wore a pair of hotpants, tights and a T-shirt calling for Climate Revolution.

ABOVE: Westwood takes part in a protest against the government's fracking policy outside the Royal Courts of Justice in central London.



### Protest

Protest is in Westwood's DNA as much as tartan and pearls, and in many ways her work with climate change has taken her on a full-circle moment back to punk. She was against capitalism and the government but for the environment and human rights. As such, her catwalks have often been used as the stomping ground on which to promote her politics – models carrying placards reading "Climate Revolution" and "Austerity is a Crime" among them. There have also been flash mobs out on the streets at fashion week. Where there was a will, there was certainly a Westwood way.

It's what saw her and McLaren have a few run-ins with the law early on in her career and it's what prompted her to come up with even more bodacious stunts in recent years to get her message across, taking big actions to make big points.

What must Prime Minister David Cameron have thought when Vivienne Westwood turned up to his constituency home in a tank to protest fracking in 2015? It turns out he was in Leeds at the time. But, sat atop the vehicle, she went into a proverbial battle, driving through Oxfordshire to carry out her own "attack" in response to a previous announcement from the government that it would offer licenses for fracking in various locations, the Guardian reported.

OPPOSITE: In July 2020, Westwood was harnessed into a giant birdcage and suspended 10 feet in the air in front of the Old Bailey Criminal Court in protest about the US extradition trial of Julian Assange.





The designer condemned the controversial technique used to extract gas from beneath the ground, a subject she has long been outspoken on. A quick Google of Westwood and the word fracking will bring up pages of stories and images of her leading the charge on the issue.

Whether this incident was as attention-grabbing as her 2020 birdcage stunt is up for debate. Westwood once again made the headlines when she suspended herself in a giant birdcage outside the Old Bailey Criminal Court, dressed in a bright yellow suit and black combat boots. Speaking through a megaphone, she expressed her support once more for the WikiLeaks founder Julian Assange, and had an "I'm Julian Assange" poster on the cage. She had been creating T-shirts with the same slogan and an image of her face since 2012, in support of him.

But, even before all of this, there was a memorable *Tatler* cover in 1989 featuring Westwood dressed up as Margaret Thatcher, and the likeness is uncanny. Politicians are one thing Westwood was very much against.

Westwood was never afraid to step into the limelight and protest in the name of a cause, as she did with her "I am not a terrorist" T-shirts in 2005, and the "Yes" badges in reference to supporting Scottish independence. It was due to the fact that she was at another protest – the strikes in the UK in 2022 – that Westwood was absent from the last Andreas Kronthaler for Vivienne Westwood show before her death.

OPPOSITE: Taking aim, Dame Vivienne Westwood protests anti-fracking in a tank on the way to the constituency home of Prime Minister David Cameron, in Witney, Oxfordshire.



# Vivienne Westwood x Burberry

For the past 20 years, fashion has loved nothing better than a collaboration. And, over the past decade, there have been an abundance of them, from the mixing of high street brands with high fashion brands to designer names teaming up with fellow designer names. Step forward Vivienne Westwood x Burberry – which came a good few years before Balenciaga's Gucci Hack and the Versace x Fendi Fendace swap.

It was in July 2018 that the British brand Burberry – which is known for its checks and craftsmanship – announced a collaboration with Vivienne Westwood via Instagram, with a picture of the designer, Andreas Kronthaler and the Burberry creative director Riccardo Tisci. It was an ideal match: both are British brands, and both pay homage to the craft and history of clothes. Harris Tweed and tartan have been signatures of Westwood while checked cloth is a lynchpin of Burberry.

Later that year, following the announcement, the two brands started to reveal what the limited edition collection of the re-imagined pieces would look like. It included a mini kilt as well as lace-up platforms in Burberry's vintage check, while a new logo combined both brand names together with Burberry in black and Vivienne Westwood in red.

The collection released with a campaign by photographer

David Sims, which was shot in London and featured Kate Moss as well as Sistren, Leonard Emmanuel, LadyFag, DelaRosa, Josh Quinton, Andy Bradin, Claudia Lavender, Marco Motta, Sashadavai and Jacob Shifrin, who all modelled the unisex pieces. Westwood and Kronthaler also appeared in the campaign, which featured double-breasted and hugger jackets. A T-shirt with a Westwood message hand-written on it went towards supporting the rainforest charity Cool Earth. Prices began at a very reasonable £55.

While this was something of a blockbuster of a collaboration, there had been other Westwood x fashion brand collaborations prior to this: Eastpak, Asics, Vans and Melissa shoes. The French footwear brand worked with Vivienne Westwood Anglomania to create a cult take on the traditional jelly shoe in 2009. In bold colours, it featured a heart-shaped toe in what could have been thought of as a reworking of the iconic – and divisive – animal toe shoes.

There have also been plenty of team-ups for cultural or charitable causes, with the English National Ballet, Virgin Atlantic and Red Nose Day. Westwood's biggest collaborations have undoubtedly come by way of her activism and protest work.



LEFT: The then-Burberry creative director Riccardo Tisci - with whom Westwood collaborated - takes a bow at the Burberry spring/summer 2020 fashion show at London Fashion Week in 2019.





### The TikTok Necklace Phenomenon

In 2021, Westwood's Bas Relief pearl choker had a moment with Gen Z. And it was all down to the popular social media platform TikTok, where influencers and celebrities alike had rediscovered it – and were wearing it so much that a trend forecaster termed it the "TikTok necklace" in an article by The New York Times, which charted its rise and original provenance. It would simply be known as the TikTok necklace thereafter.

Pearls have long had a place in the Vivienne Westwood woman's wardrobe, first appearing among her Harris Tweed collection before this specific necklace design made its appearance in the 1990 Portrait collection. Priced at £400, it features three rows of hand-knotted Swarovski pearls that fasten with a branded closure at the back, while a bold orb sits at the front. Among its celebrity fans include Kylie Jenner, Bella Hadid, Dua Lipa and Rihanna. Such was its success that for the spring/summer 2022 season, the brand put out an updated version of the choker-style necklace.

OPPOSITE: Singer Dua Lipa attends The BRIT Awards 2021 at the O2 Arena London on May 11, 2021, wearing the TikTok pearl necklace by Vivienne Westwood.



#### The Last Show

Though collections, since 2016, had been known as Andreas Kronthaler for Vivienne Westwood, the pair would often still take a bow together. It was always a collaborative creative process between them. Kronthaler's last collection before Westwood's death was for the spring/summer 2023 season, shown in Paris in October 2022. He had been inspired by a book he was reading, Super-Infinite: The Transformations of John Dunne by Katherine Rundell, which translated into a sexy take on Renaissance themes for a collection full of very high platforms and slinky knitwear, plus flashy patent and punches of red.

Georgia May Jagger walked. And, reportedly, one of the models did fall from their lofty heights. But on this occasion, Kronthaler would be taking the bow by himself – in typical Westwood fashion, the designer had stayed behind in London to join in the national day of strikes and protest.

OPPOSITE: Andreas
Kronthaler with the models
Stella Maxwell, Bella Hadid
and Irina Shayk on the
runway at the Vivienne
Westwood spring/summer
2023 show during Paris
Fashion Week:







#### A Punk Pioneer

Vivienne Westwood, iconoclast and activist, died on December 29, 2022, at the age of 81. It was announced via the brand's Instagram and was reported that she had died peacefully at home in Clapham with her family. She had apparently been designing up until the last moment. Her husband, Kronthaler, said she had left him with lots to be getting on with. Following the news, an outpouring of tributes came from the fashion industry, as well as from fans and passers-by of the Worlds End store on King's Road, whose exterior now had flowers and letters laid outside in tribute.

Not long after her passing, news broke that Paco Rabanne, the Spanish-French fashion designer who had innovated a space age style, had also died. It felt like the end of an era: of the great designers who defined eras, and invented the future of fashion.

It was observed by fashion commentators that Westwood's spirit lived on through a handful of London fashion designers at the London Fashion Week season, in February 2023 – Matty Bovan and Harris Reed among them. And London Fashion Week was dedicated to the queen of punk, queen of couture, queen of controversy, Dame Vivienne Westwood.

OPPOSITE: January 2023, tributes are made to the late Dame Vivienne Westwood outside the legendary King's Road shop in Chelsea.



#### LFW Memorial Service

London Fashion Week February 2023 was, as the British Fashion Council announced, dedicated to Vivienne Westwood. It was during the biannual trade showcase that a memorial was held for Dame Vivienne Westwood, a muchloved and celebrated character who had also shown her Red Label in the capital on numerous occasions throughout her career. It took place at Southwark Cathedral on February 16.

As one would imagine, it was attended by the great and good of fashion, many of whom were dressed in her designs, sporting tartan, slogans, platforms or stylistic concoctions befitting the creator of fashion history, protest and activism. Among others, Kate Moss, Paul Smith, Victoria Beckham, Zandra Rhodes, Beth Ditto, Stormzy, Bianca Jagger, Tracey Emin, Pam Hogg, Richard E. Grant, Bobby Gillespie, Bob Geldof, Jonathan Ross, Sadie Frost, Will Young, Anna Wintour and Helena Bonham Carter turned out to say farewell to Westwood at a 90-minute memorial service. In it, Kronthaler shared stories of his life with Westwood and how they had met. A brass band local to Tintwistle also performed, as did Nick Cave and Chrissie Hynde. Her son Joseph also spoke and the actress Helena Bonham Carter shared her love for Westwood's clothes and thanked her for her dynamic knowledge in making them.

OPPOSITE: Actress, and fan of the brand, Helena Bonham Carter at the Vivienne Westwood memorial service at Southwark Cathedral in London.





#### **Tintwistle**

The Andreas Kronthaler Vivienne Westwood autumn/ winter 2023-24 collection, which was shown in Paris in the salons of Hôtel de la Marine in March 2023, was the first show Kronthaler had done without his beloved Vivienne. It had been less than three months since her passing and for Kronthaler, naturally, it was an emotional experience; as it was for audience members and critics who noted at the time that it was hard to hold back the tears.

Kronthaler dedicated the show to Westwood and wrote a touching and personal tribute to her as part of the press notes, recalling pertinent moments in their creative life together, which included the development of the "masturbation skirt", designed for easy access, which he had reprised once again. It was fittingly provocative.

Poignantly, the collection was titled Tintwistle, observing the designer's place of birth, the village in Derbyshire where she is also now buried. It also featured more reworked Westwood hits: towering platforms that were reportedly made even higher than the ones Naomi Campbell had tumbled from some 20 years earlier (though on this occasion, no one fell), little ruched skirts akin to the original mini-crinis, boned corsets and pirate boots. There were kilts, tartan and cocktail dresses. He had used antique fabric that they had collected together and said that he hoped she didn't mind. It was, of course, exactly the sort of thing Westwood would have done herself, with her ongoing



mantra of buying less. His final sign-off mentioned her love for platforms and how she had always said it was important to put women on a pedestal.

As it came to a close Cora Corré, Westwood's granddaughter, became the bride in a micro-length wedding gown. ABOVE: Andreas Kronthaler and Cora Corré at the end of the autum/winter 2023-24 show at Paris Fashion Week.

OVERLEAF: Cora Corré and Andreas Kronthaler backstage at the autumn/winter 2023-24 show, at Paris Fashion Week.





## A Lasting Legacy

It's safe to say that today there isn't a fashion student who hasn't been inspired by Vivienne Westwood. To say that her impact on fashion and culture is significant is an understatement, whether you were a fan or not. She invented new things in fashion, which is rare. And from the very beginning she brought politics into fashion, later adding activism into the mix. She had fun but she was serious, too.

As a young fashion journalist I remember first interviewing Westwood in Paris before her Gold Label show. The interview ran late and she didn't answer a single question I asked. I'm not sure I was even able to get one in. No matter – accounts from other journalists are similar and we remember her fondly. She had more important things on her mind: her causes and her activism.

Cue the Vivienne Foundation, established in 2019 but launched at the beginning of 2023, which will upkeep these causes. It is a not-for-profit company founded by Westwood, her two sons and granddaughter and aims to preserve and continue the legacy of her life across design and activism, raising awareness and creating realistic change working with NGOs.

The foundation is built on four pillars: Climate Change,

OPPOSITE: Cora Corré, Dame Vivienne Westwood and Joe Corré pose backstage at the Vivienne Westwood show during London Fashion Week, January 2017.

Stop War, Defend Human Rights, Protest Capitalism. On the Climate Revolution website you will find the designer's musings on all of these topics, plus correspondence with those she supported.





LEFT: Westwood was often seen cycling; here, leaving Scott's restaurant in London in 2011.



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RIGHT: The epitome of punk: Westwood with shop assistant Jordan and a friend in London, 1977.



