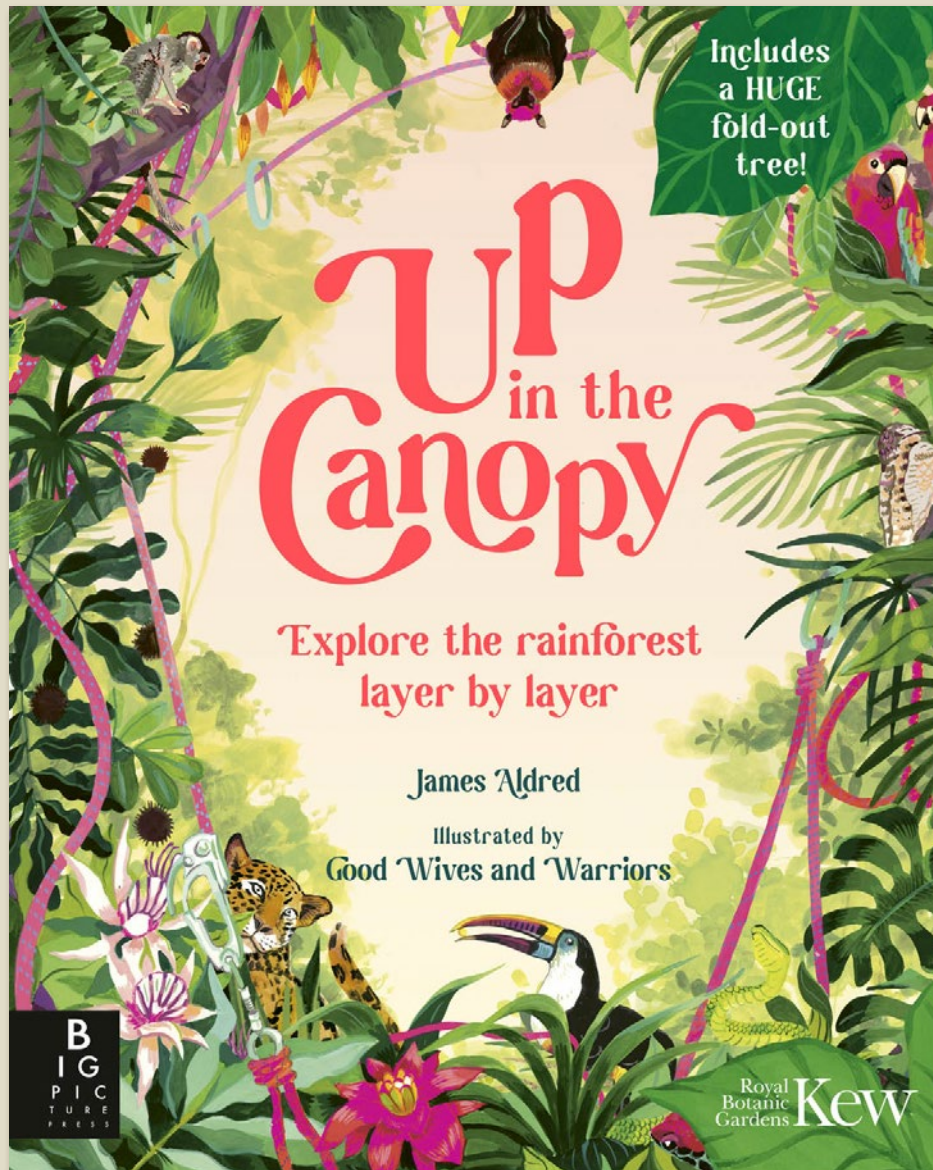




Rebo Publishers

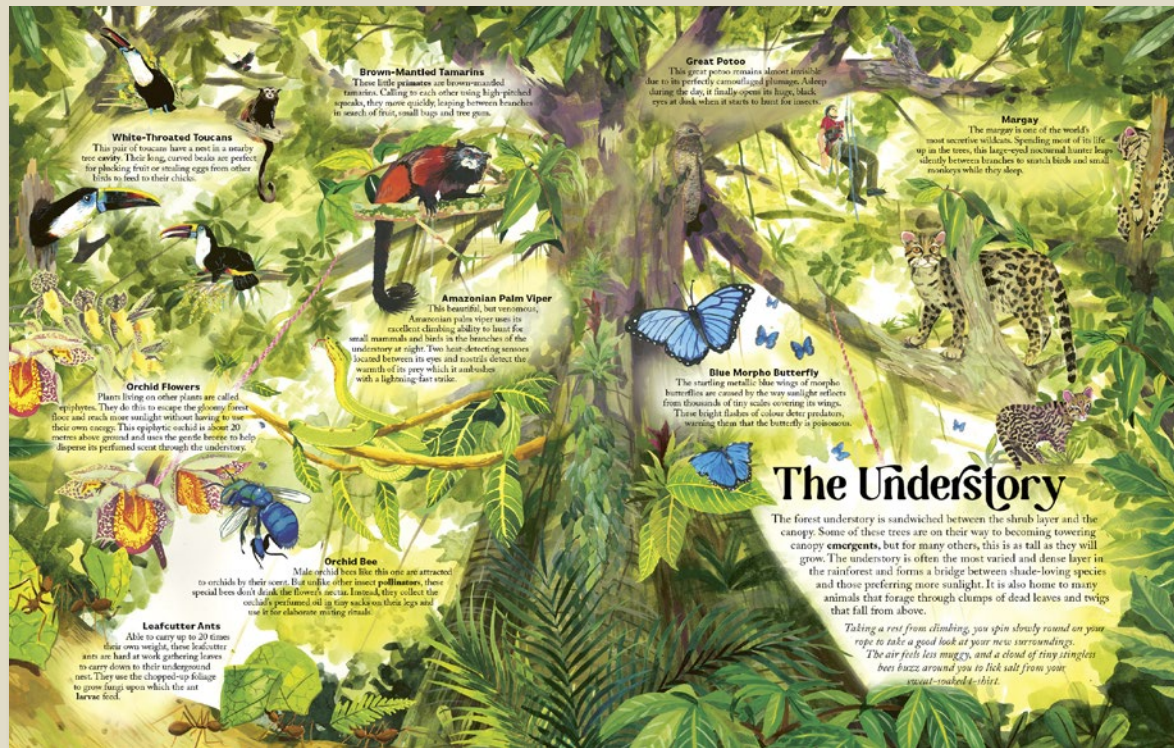
Up in the Canopy



Explore the jungle layer by layer with a huge fold-out surprise at the end.

- James Aldred's book *The Goshawk Summer* won the 2022 James Cropper Wainwright Prize for Nature Writing.
- Written from the perspective of real-life Emmy-nominated cameraman and explorer, James Aldred
- Stunningly illustrated - with artwork as rich and dense as the rainforest itself
- Huge fold-out tree at the back of the book, which readers can pore over.
- Matt lam, fluoro pantone and spot UV finishes.

Up in the Canopy



Pub Date	20/07/2023
Pub Price	£14.99
ISBN	9781787419087
H x W	340 x 270mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	5-7 years
Author	James Aldred
Illustrator	Good Wives and Warriors
Extent	20pp
Word Count	4319 words
Rights Available	World



Explore the legendary world of fairies in this this stunningly illustrated guide to the mythical realm.

- An incredible collection of fairies to be enjoyed by children and adults alike.
- *Faedom* also includes facts about the natural world including lunar cycles, astrology, crystal healing and herbology, bringing the world of fairies to life.
- Stunning ethereal artwork by debut talent Nadzeya Makeyeva.
- Large format and foil cover finish makes this the ideal gift.
- Agnes Monod-Gayraud is an award-winning translator and editor. Lorna White is a writer and researcher whose focus and expertise is in Ancient Mythology and Folklore.
- **Celebrating 10 Years of Extraordinary Illustrated Books**



Pub Date	24/10/2024
Pub Price	£20.00
ISBN	9781800784956
H x W	340 x 270mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	7-9 years
Author	Agnes Monod-Gayraud Lorna White
Illustrator	Nadzeya Makeyeva
Extent	96pp
Word Count	30000 words
Files To Printer	24/05/2024
Freight On Board	15/08/2024
Rights Available	World

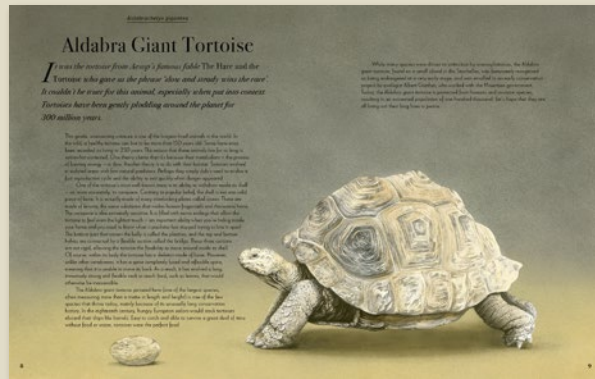
BEAUTIFUL

A Celebration of Evolution



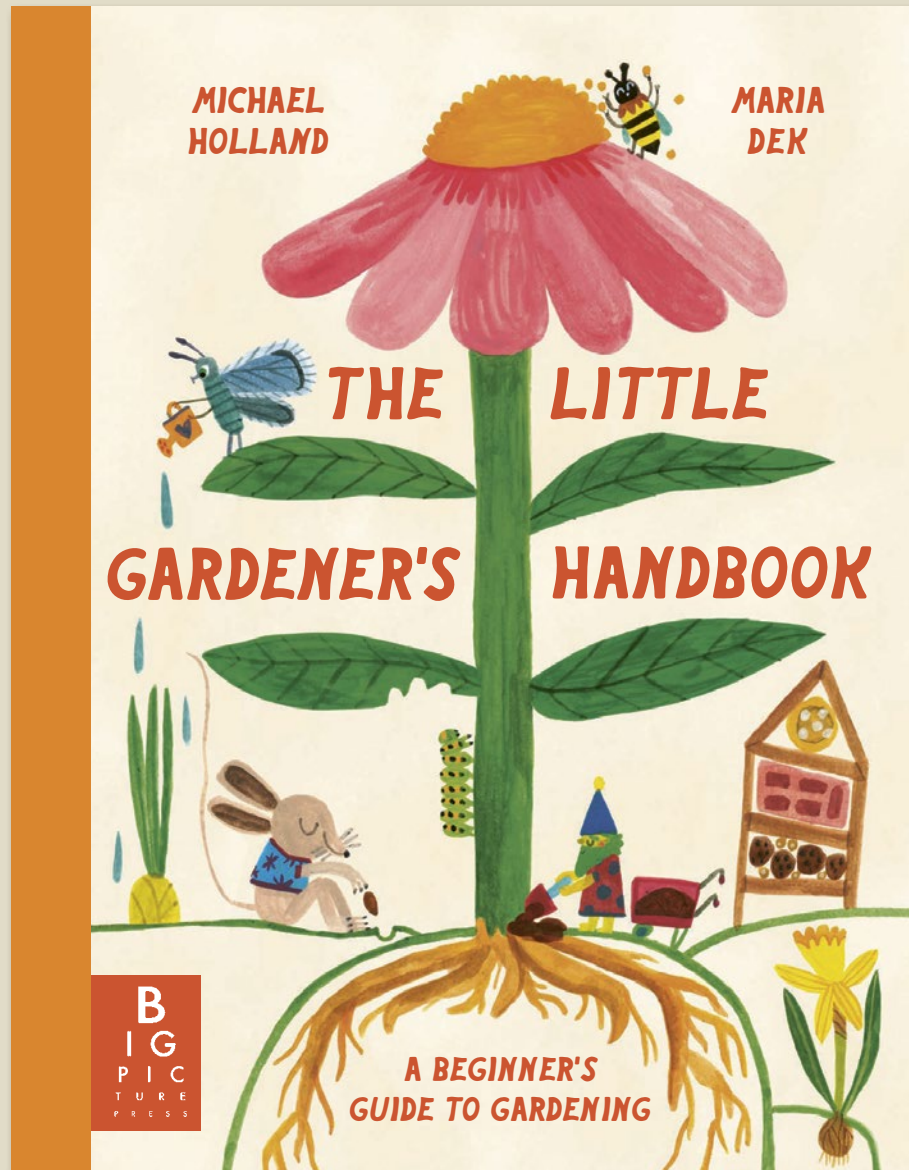
All of nature is beautiful. This stunning book shows how a variety of amazing creatures have evolved to look and behave the way they do.

- Stunning watercolour artwork by the phenomenally talented natural history artist William Spring.
- Large format with 100% foil cover treatments makes this the ideal gift book.
- A poignant message with significance for today's world.
- Includes 50 beautiful creatures to marvel at.
- The perfect book for fans of *Hidden Planet* by Ben Rothery and *The Golden Mole* by Katherine Rundell.



Pub Date	01/08/2024
Pub Price	£18.99
ISBN	9781800786165
H x W	340 x 270mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	9-11 years
Author	William Spring
Illustrator	William Spring
Extent	112pp
Word Count	25000 words
Freight On Board	30/05/2024
Rights Available	World

The Little Gardener's Handbook



A vibrant introduction to gardening.

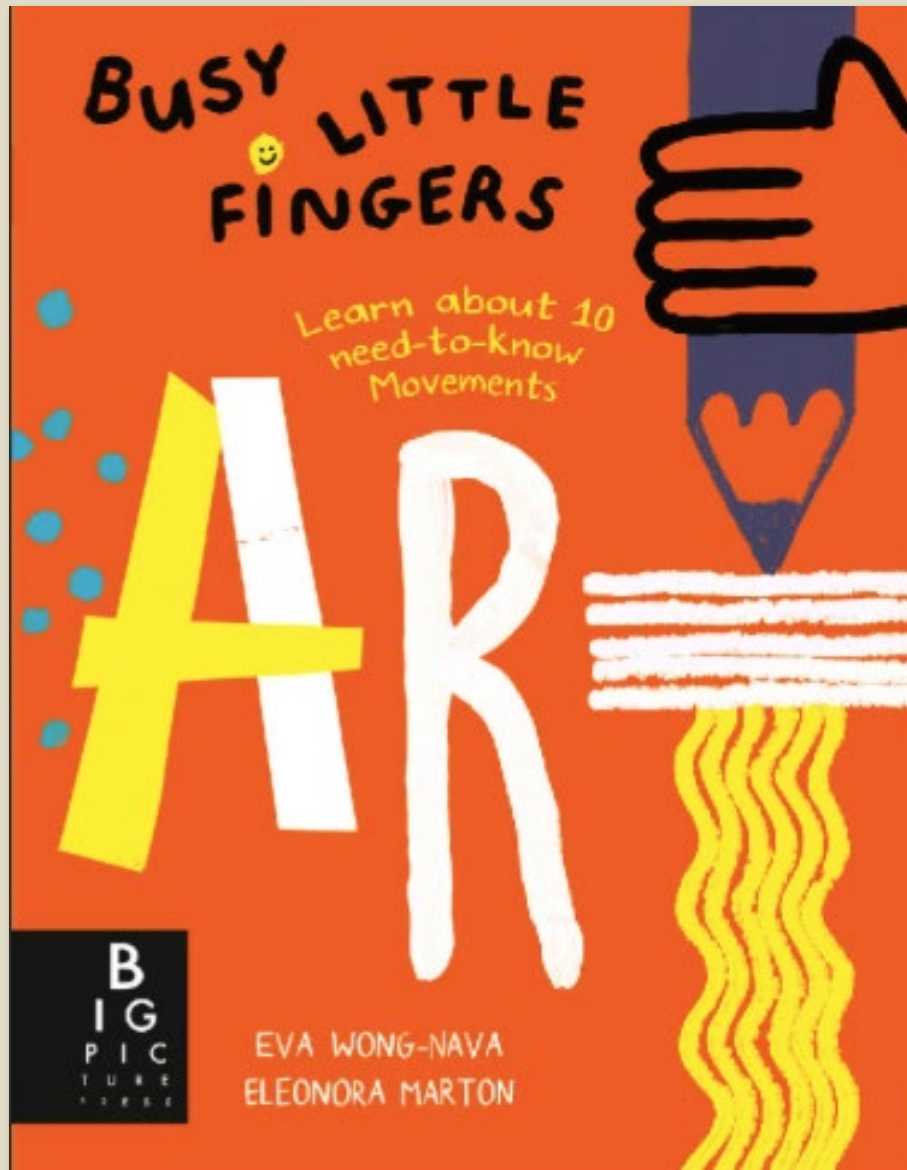
- A vibrant first introduction to gardening for ages 6+
- Includes DIY activities to try at home.
- Text by expert ecologist and educator, Michael Holland.
- Colourful, charming artwork by illustrator Maria Dek.
- Expanding the younger side of the Big Picture Press list.
- Gardening is a subject only growing in popularity.
- Arlin quarter binding and matt lam cover finishes.

The Little Gardener's Handbook



Pub Date	25/04/2024
Pub Price	£16.99
ISBN	9781800786035
H x W	280 x 215mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	5-7 years
Author	Michael Holland
Illustrator	Maria Dek-Le-wandowska
Extent	64pp
Rights Available	World

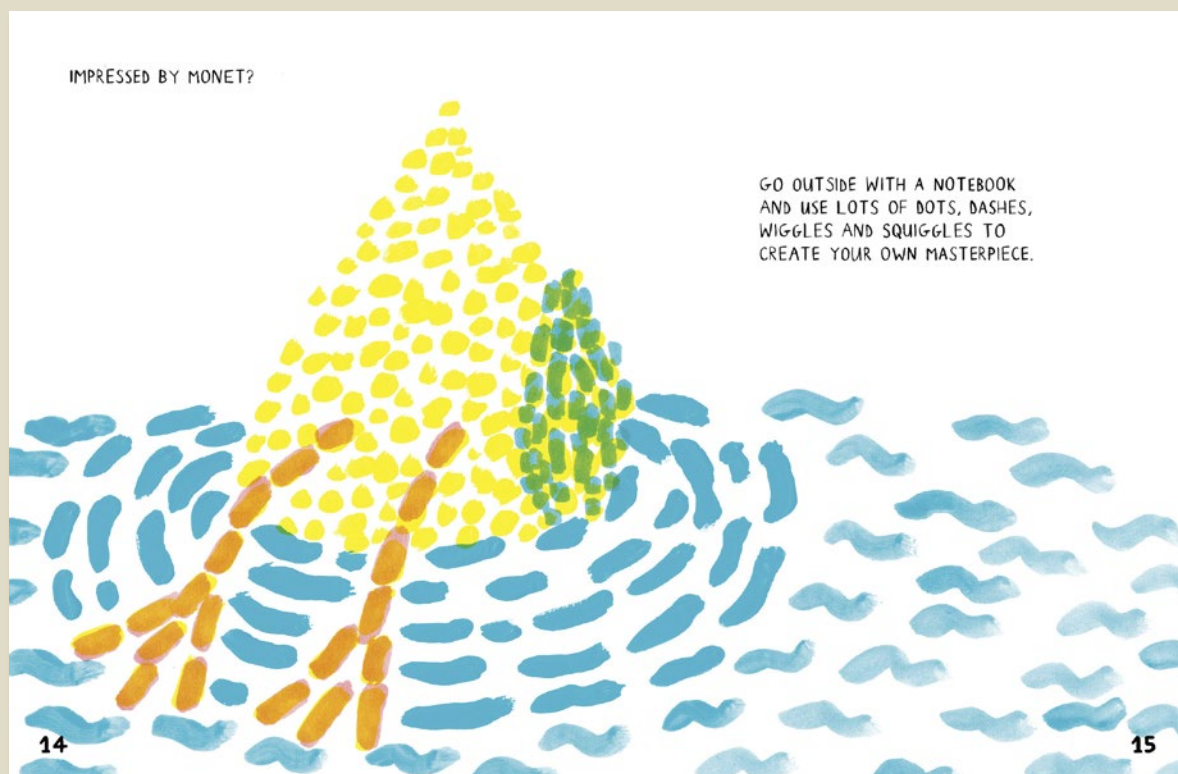
Busy Little Fingers: Art



Can you make a face with vegetables? How do you paint a dream? This bright and busy book provides a fun first look at art concepts, and is jam-packed with things for busy little fingers to try!

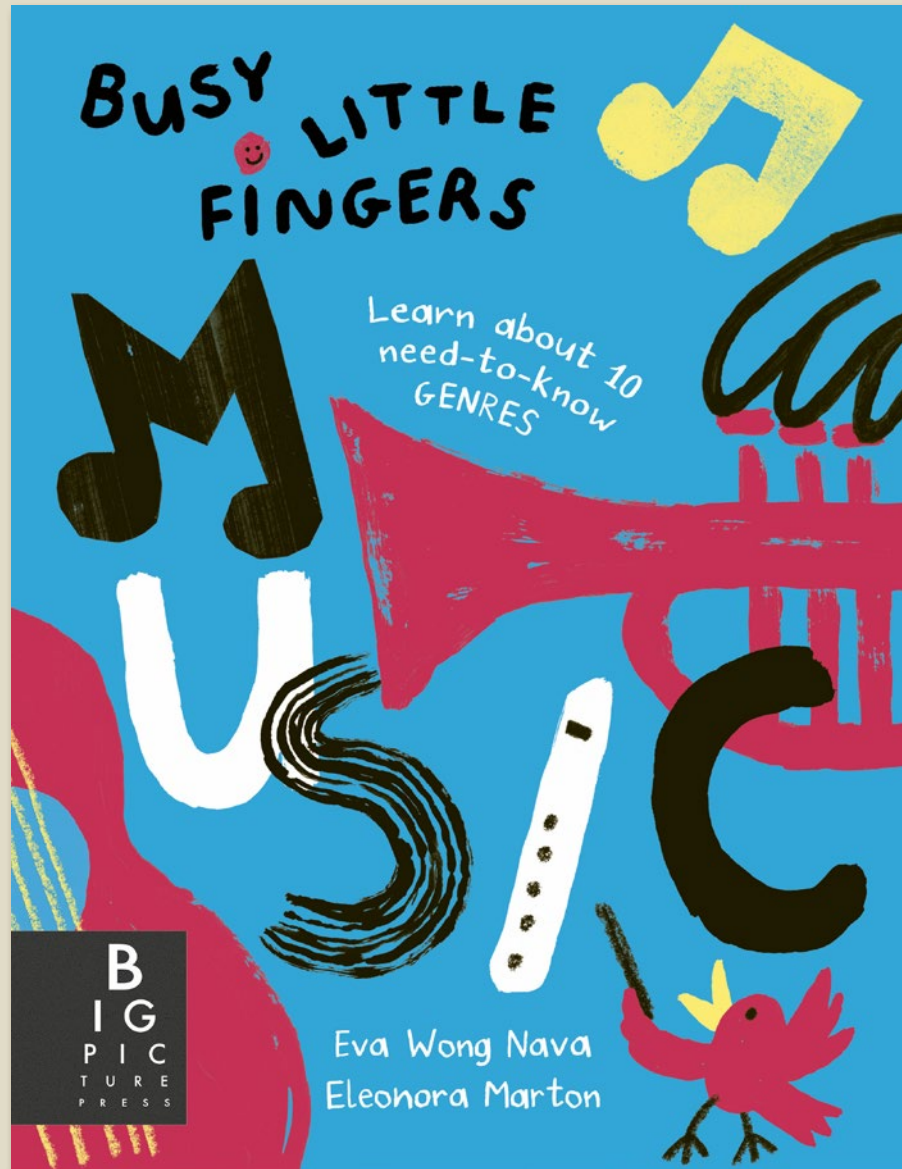
- Contents: Hello, Art World!; Mannerism; Impressionism; Cubism; Fauvism; Symbolism; Surrealism; Abstract Expressionism; Pop Art; Op Art; Contemporary Art; Make Your Mark!
- A vibrant new series for 4-6 year olds exploring the creative arts
- Fun artwork by Big Picture Press debut artist, Eleonora Marton

Busy Little Fingers: Art



Pub Date	06/07/2023
Pub Price	£9.99
ISBN	9781800784642
H x W	246 x 189mm
Binding	Flexiback
Age Range	0-5 years
Author	Eva Wong Nava
Illustrator	Eleonora Marton
Extent	48pp
Word Count	2001 words
Rights Available	World

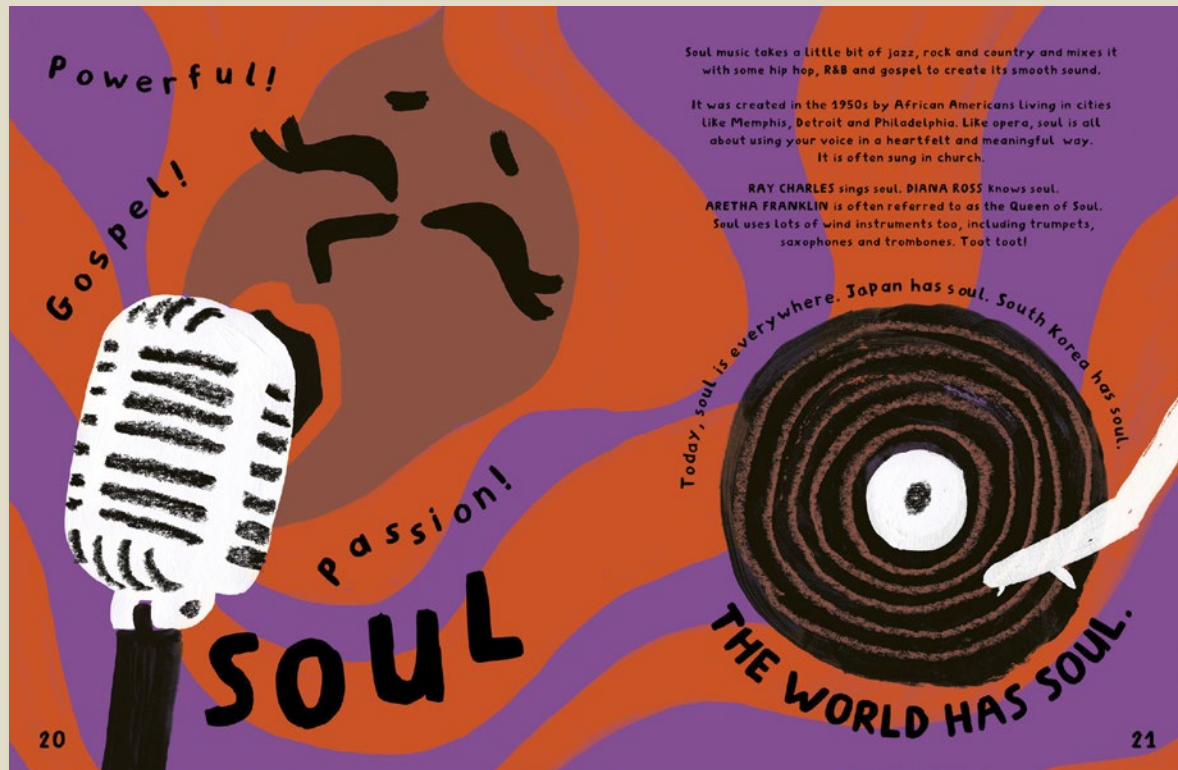
Busy Little Fingers: Music



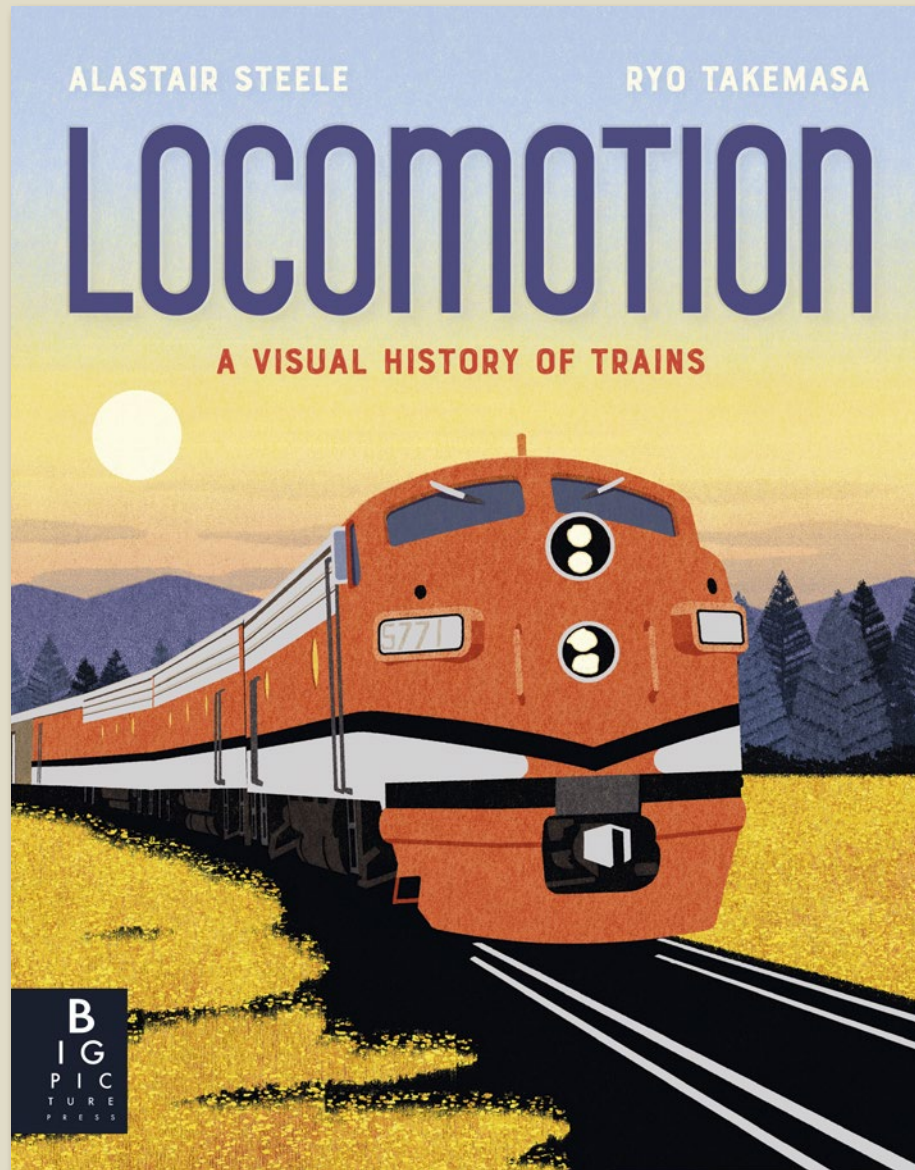
This bright and busy book provides a fun first look at music, with lots for busy little fingers to try!

- Pantone and spot UV cover finishes
- Fun flexi format is perfect for busy little fingers!
- A vibrant new series for 4-6 year-olds exploring the creative arts
- Fun artwork by Eleonora Marton, and expert text by children's author Eva Wong Nava
- Contents: Hello, Music!, Classical, Opera, Jazz, Soul, Blues, Folk, Country, Rock, Pop, Hip Hop
- **Celebrating 10 Years of Extraordinary Illustrated Books**

Busy Little Fingers: Music



Pub Date	04/07/2024
Pub Price	£9.99
ISBN	9781800786455
H x W	246 x 189mm
Binding	Flexiback
Age Range	0-5 years
Author	Eva Wong Nava
Illustrator	Eleonora Marton
Extent	48pp
Word Count	1560 words
Rights Available	World



A stunningly illustrated tribute for train lovers of all ages, celebrating the ingenuity of trains past, present and future.

- Sample contents: The First Railways; Steam Locomotions; The Ffestiniog Railway; The Orient Express; Freight Trains; The Baikonur Cosmodrome; Mail by Rail; The California Zephyr; Mountain Railways; The Darjeeling Himalayan Railway; Trams; Sky Lines; Railways At War; The Princess Christian; High-speed Rail; The Shinkansen
- Beautiful artwork by multi award-winning artist Ryo Takemasa
- Stunning journey through the history of locomotives, suitable for all ages
- Expertly written by railway historian, Alastair Steele

Locomotion

THE FIRST RAILWAYS

Today, railways are commonplace in many parts of the world. They enable around one billion people, up across our continents, and transport goods and millions of passengers every single day. It is amazing to think that they have only been around for less than two hundred years.

Railways were first used before the first steam engines were invented. These 'hulks' appeared in Europe during the 17th century and were designed to haul heavy loads. They were made of wood and had a single set of wheels. The wheels were made of iron and were set on a wooden track. The wheels were made of iron and were set on a wooden track.

The first steam engines were used in Britain during the 17th century to pump water to water-lifting devices, and in 1802 the Scottish inventor James Watt built the first steam engine locomotive.

Over the last few hundred years, the steam engine has become one of the most important inventions in the world. It has changed the way we live and work, and it has made it possible for us to travel so far and so fast.

Puffing Bluff used to be a railway in England, and it was the first railway to be built in the world. It was built in 1825 and it was the first railway to be built in the world.

THE GAUGE

One of the most important things to think about when you think about railways is the gauge. The gauge is the distance between the rails. It is important because it determines the size of the wheels and the size of the engine. There are two main types of gauge: standard gauge and narrow gauge. Standard gauge is 4 feet 8.5 inches, and narrow gauge is 3 feet 6 inches. The gauge is important because it determines the size of the wheels and the size of the engine.

STEAM LOCOMOTIVES

Once the possibility of mass-produced engines had been realized, a whole host of locomotives were tried and tested around the world. Some proved to be better, others less so, and some were even dangerous, but the arrival of one revolutionary design changed the course of history. Another, designed by engineer Robert Stephenson (George Stephenson's son - see page 51) was to provide the principles of design for the rest of the steam locomotives that followed.

It was the first steam engine to be built in the world. It was built in 1825 and it was the first steam engine to be built in the world.

The first steam engine to be built in the world was the Newcomen steam engine. It was built in 1712 and it was the first steam engine to be built in the world.

The first steam engine to be built in the world was the Newcomen steam engine. It was built in 1712 and it was the first steam engine to be built in the world.

- RAILWAYS OF THE WORLD - THE FESTINIING RAILWAY

The Festiniog Railway is a small 19th century engineering. It was built in 1825 and it was the first railway to be built in the world.

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ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVES

The first electric train was tested as far back as 1837. Unlike steam trains, electric locomotives do not carry fuel on-board. Instead, they are powered by electricity which can be supplied from overhead lines, a third rail or in storage such as batteries. Because electric trains can be powered by renewable energy sources, they are considered less polluting than steam or diesel trains.

The first electric passenger train was presented by Werner von Siemens at an exhibition in Berlin in 1879. Consisting of a small locomotive and three cars, it reached a speed of just 13km/h.

The ETR 200 is a record-breaking electric passenger train. It is widely considered one of the first ever high-speed trains and was put into service in 1936. In 1938, it broke the speed record for trains by reaching just over 201km/h.

The ICE (Intercity Express) is one of Germany's most successful electric trains. The third generation ICE 3 can reach speeds of 300km/h. Since 2018, it has run on entirely renewable energy sources.

DIESEL LOCOMOTIVES

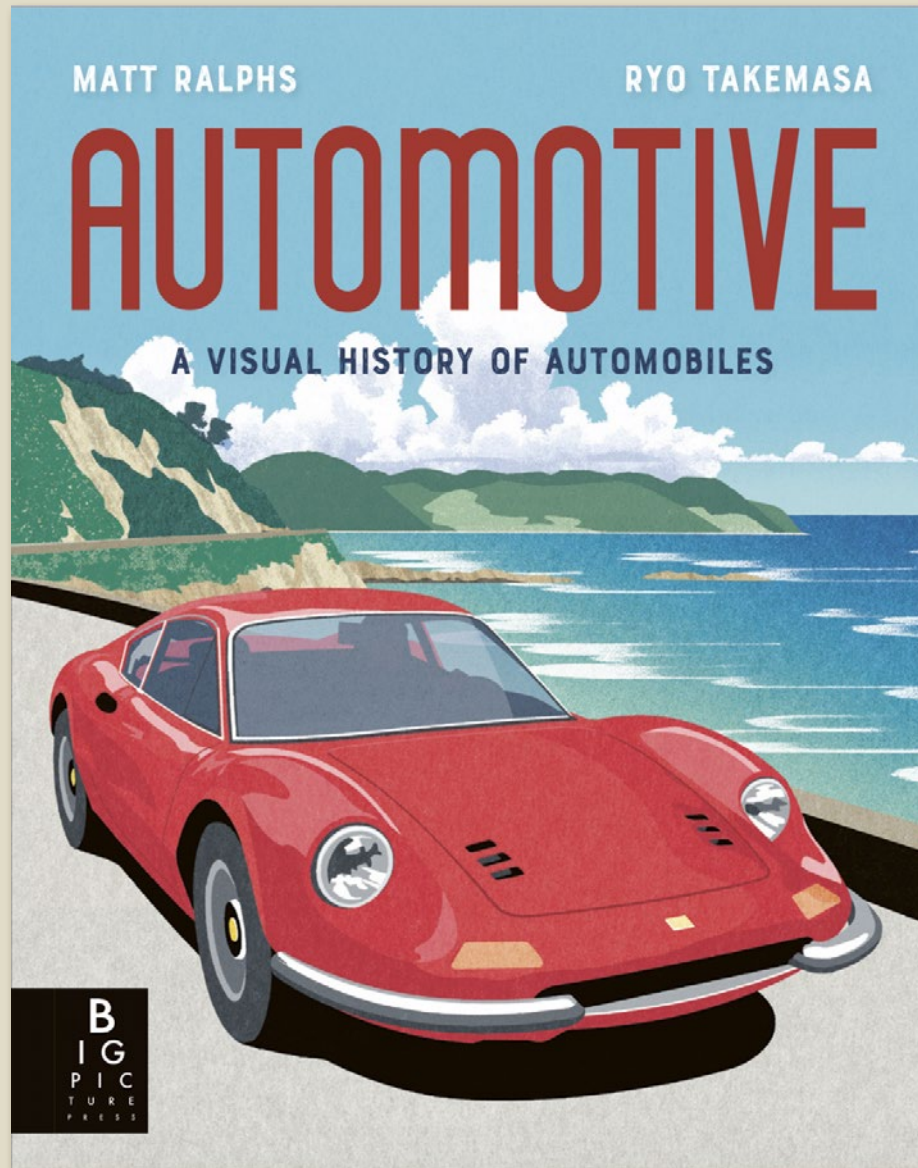
In a diesel locomotive, the power comes from an engine that burns diesel oil. While a steam locomotive needed two people to crew it and hours to attain the right steam pressure, a diesel locomotive could simply be switched on and driven away, making them much easier and much cheaper to run. Rudolf Diesel patented his first diesel engine in 1898, but it wasn't until around 1912 that they were first used in a locomotive.

The famous DRG Class SVT 877 *Hamburg Flyer*, often referred to as the 'Flying Hamburger', was first put into service in 1933. Its smooth, rounded shape was influenced by Zeppelin airships allowing for minimal air resistance.

The De10s, built in 1956, was considered the most powerful diesel locomotive in the world at that time.

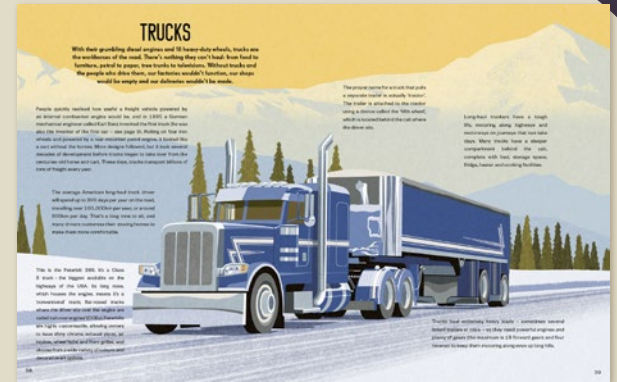
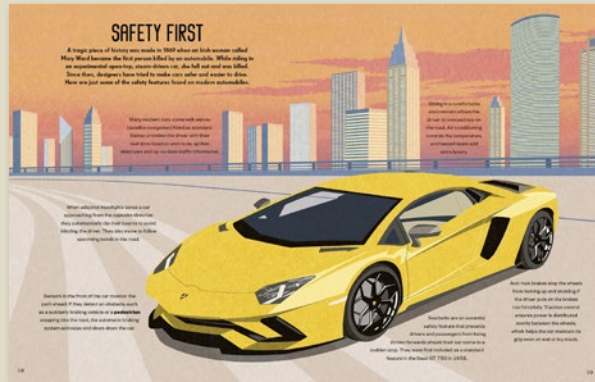
The Intercity 125 is one of the most successful diesel trains of all time. So named because it was designed to cruise at 125 mph (about 201km/h) when in service, it also holds the all-time speed record for diesel trains of 238km/h, which it reached in 1987.

Pub Date	03/03/2022
Pub Price	£16.99
ISBN	9781787417502
H x W	300 x 235mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	9-11 years
Author	Alastair Steele
Illustrator	Ryo Takemasa
Extent	64pp
Word Count	10000 words
Rights Available	World



Automotive celebrates the ingenuity and usability of cars, trucks and motorbikes past, present and future.

- Sample contents: Steam and Electric Automobiles, Early Engines, Monte Carlo Rally, Mass Production, Motorways, Motorbikes, Isle of Man TT, Daytona 500, Concept Cars, History of Formula One, Iconic Bridges, Trucks and Road Trains, Monster Truck Races, Hot Rods, Drag Races, Special Cars, Cars in War, The Future of the Automobile
- The follow-up title to the stunning *Locomotive*
- Perfect for car lovers of all ages
- Super cool artwork by award-winning artist Ryo Takemasa



STEAM AND ELECTRIC AUTOMOBILES

Since their invention in the early 1800s, steam locomotives revolutionised the way people and freight were transported. However, some travellers wanted a more convenient vehicle that they didn't have to share and could use whenever they wanted. Some engineers created small, steam-powered road vehicles, while others decided to try electric battery automobiles. Many designs were created, but by the early 20th century it was clear that the internal combustion engine was going to be king of the road.

The first steam-powered road vehicle was designed by English inventor Richard Trevithick. Using a high-pressure boiler for more power, his Puffing Devil set off with six passengers in 1801 at a speed described by one witness as "faster than I could walk" (about 6km/h). Unfortunately, only a few days after this historic journey, the boiler caught fire and Puffing Devil was destroyed.

Electric cars were very popular in Europe and the USA from the late 1800s to the early 1900s. They were quieter and smoother, didn't produce smoke and were easier to use than steam-powered automobiles. One of the first successful models was the Flocken Elektrowagen. Designed in Germany in 1888, its 1hp electric motor drove the back wheels and could reach around 15km/h.

One of the last and most advanced steam automobiles was the Doble steam car. Designed in 1924, the Doble Model E only required 30 seconds to boil the water needed to drive the engine, was easy to control and could reach speeds as high as 120km/h.

EARLY ENGINES

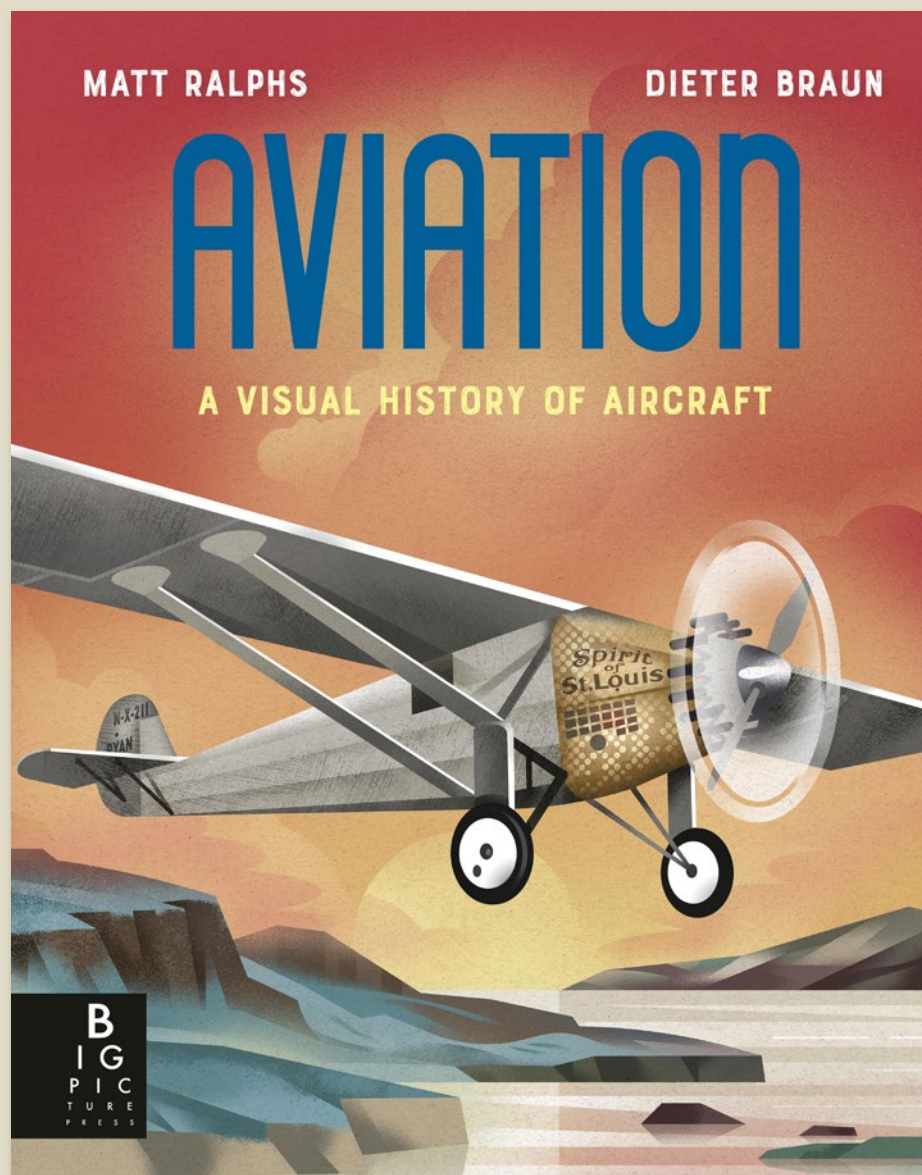
The age of the automobile really began with the invention of the internal combustion engine. When fuels such as petrol, diesel or kerosene are burned (or 'combusted') inside the engine (using an oxidizer such as air), they produce kinetic energy, which makes the vehicle move. Internal combustion engines are more fuel-efficient than steam engines, and proved far easier and more convenient to start-up, operate and maintain.

German inventor Karl Benz developed the first automobile powered by an internal combustion engine in 1885. His revolutionary Motorwagen had a 5hp petrol engine, three-spoked wheels with solid rubber tyres and one forward gear. Its top speed was around 16km/h.

The first mass-produced car was the Oldsmobile Model R Curved Dash, 19,000 were built between 1901 and 1907. It was more affordable than most other cars at the time, had a 5hp engine, 2 forward and 1 reverse gear and came as either a 2-seater 'runabout' or a 4-seater family car.

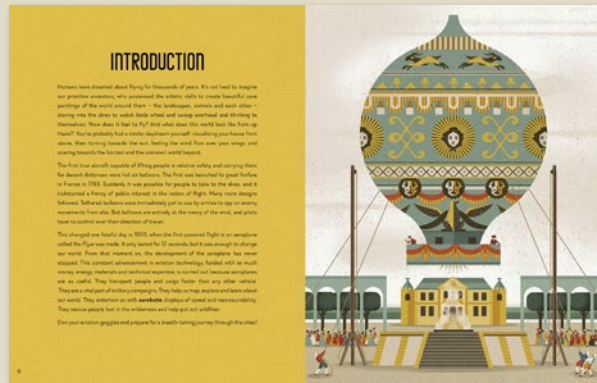
Created in 1901 by German engineers Paul Daimler and Wilhelm Maybach as a racing car, the Mercedes 35 HP was a huge step forward in automobile design. It had a powerful petrol engine mounted at the front that drove the back wheels, a hand brake and a foot brake, 4 forward gears and 1 reverse gear.

Pub Date	13/04/2023
Pub Price	£16.99
ISBN	9781800783171
H x W	300 x 235mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	9-11 years
Author	Matt Ralphs
Illustrator	Ryo Takemasa
Extent	64pp
Word Count	11813 words
Rights Available	World



***Aviation* celebrates the ingenuity of aeroplanes, biplanes, monoplanes and helicopters past, present and future.**

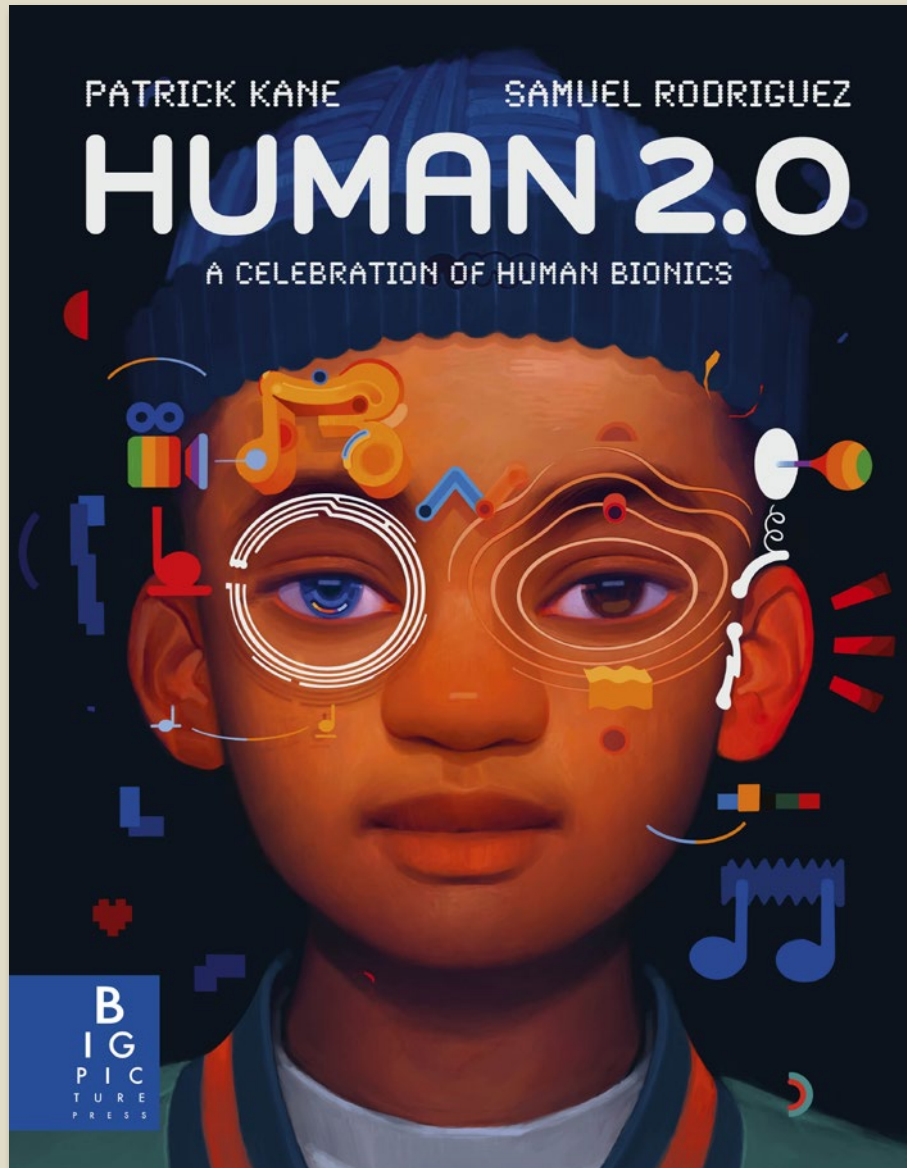
- The third title in this beautifully illustrated series about vehicles
- Sample contents: Ancient Aviation; The Wright Flyer; How Planes Fly; The Spirit of St. Louis; Airships; War in the Air; The Spitfire; Unsung Heroines; Airports and Aerodromes; Sea Planes; Concorde; Light Aircraft; Air Force Once; Jets and Rockets; Weird Planes; Vertical Take Off and Helicopters; Cargo Planes; The Future of Flight; Record Breakers
- Perfect for plane lovers of all ages.
- Cover treatments: Uncoated and 100% foil.
- **Celebrating 10 Years of Extraordinary Illustrated Books**



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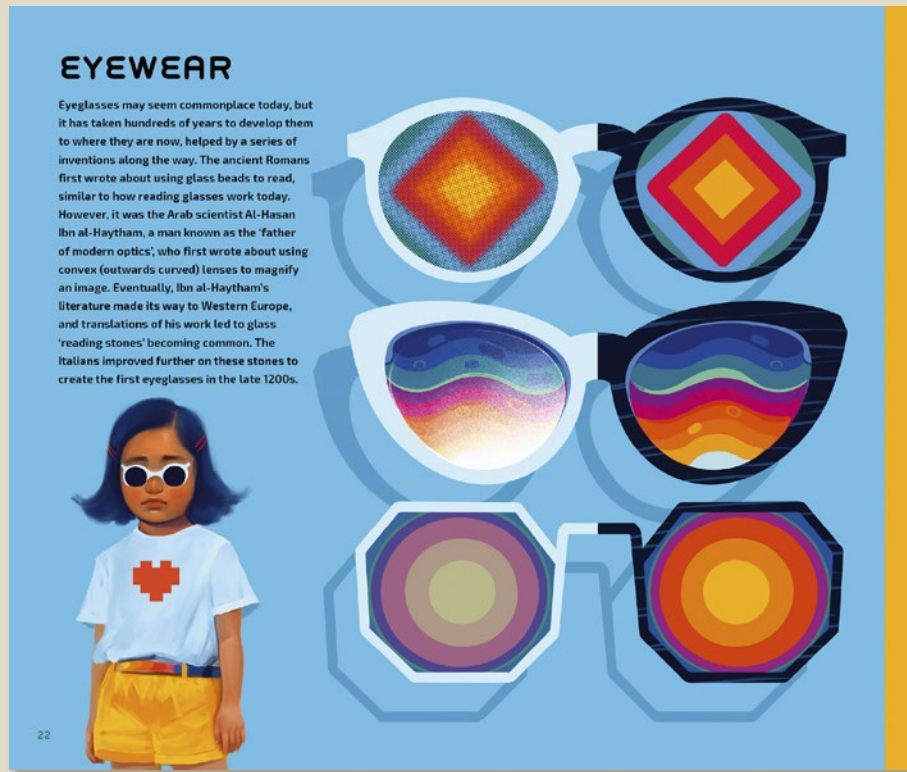
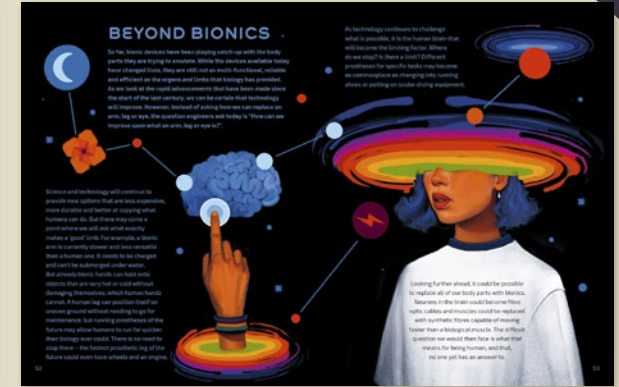
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Pub Date	14/03/2024
Pub Price	£16.99
ISBN	9781800784918
H x W	300 x 235mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	9-11 years
Author	Matt Ralphs
Illustrator	Dieter Braun
Extent	64pp
Word Count	11154 words
Rights Available	World



Celebrate the achievements made in medical engineering and take a glimpse into the future.

- Sample contents: The First Prosthetics, Jack E. Steele - Father of Bionics, Arne Larsson - The First Pacemaker Patient, How Cochlear Implants Work, Eye Replacements, Keith Hayman - The First Bionic Eye, How Bionic Limbs Work, Campbell Aird - The First Prosthetic Arm, Exoskeletons, Neural Implants, The Paralympics, Neil Harbisson - The First Cyborg, Ethics
- Phenomenal artwork by highly acclaimed artist Samuel Rodriguez
- As told by UK Sepsis Ambassador Patrick TJ Kane
- The first of its kind - a book that celebrates the history of medical implantables and prosthetics



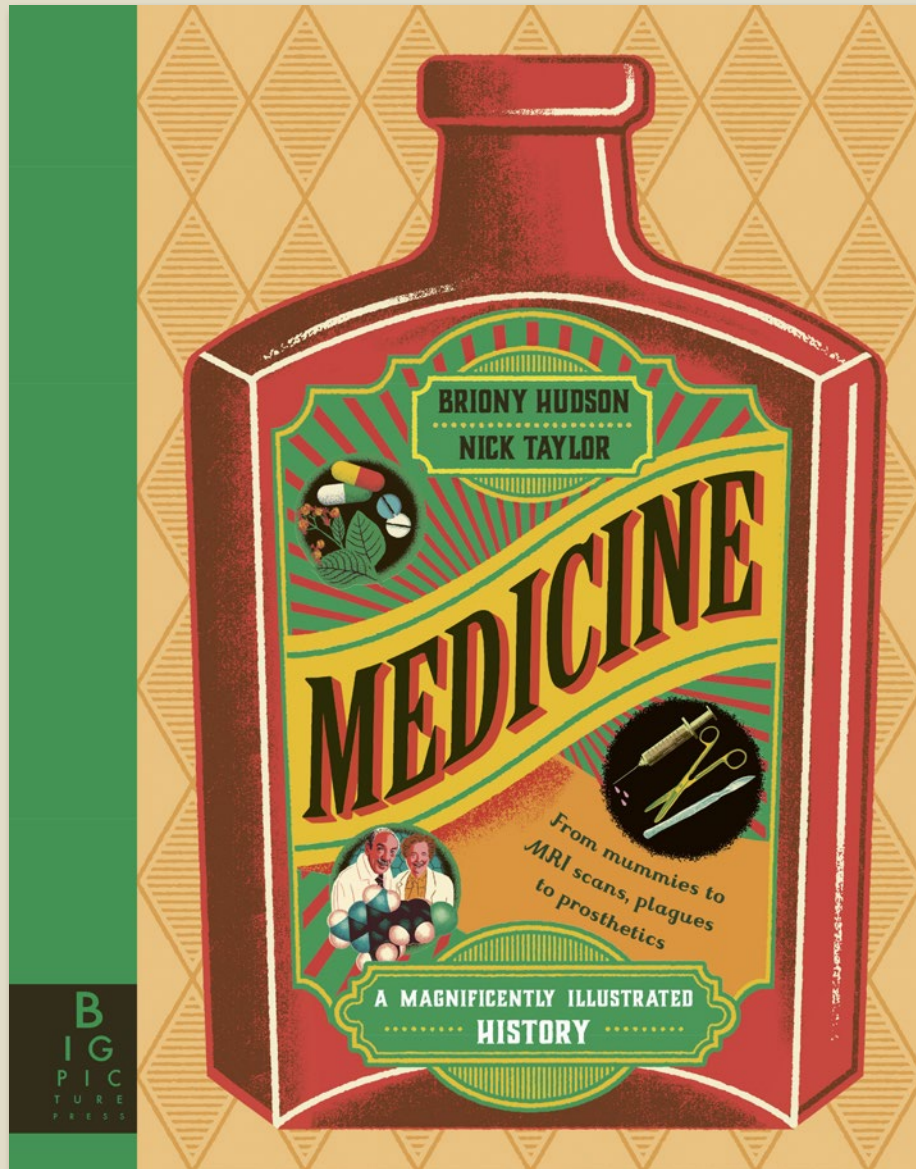
New materials have allowed frames for glasses to become lighter and more durable. The colour of lenses has changed too, creating the first purpose-built sunglasses. These work by adding cerium oxide (a type of chemical compound) into the glass to filter out harmful ultraviolet light from the sun. Sunglasses quickly became fashionable, and in 1938, it was reported that 20 million sunglasses had been sold the year before in the US. Interestingly, only a quarter of those people needed sunglasses for medical reasons. This development is an example of a product that was initially designed to benefit a few but ended up benefitting many. It is testament to the importance of innovation within the disabled community.

The latest breakthrough in eyewear has come more recently, with EnChrome® glasses first launching in 2012. These special glasses are designed to help alleviate problems caused by colour-blindness.

People who are colour-blind find it difficult to distinguish between certain colours, such as red and green. EnChrome® glasses use the same principle as cerium oxide in the first sunglasses, but instead of filtering out harmful UV light, EnChrome® glasses filter out the wavelengths of light that get confused by the brain in those people with red-green colour vision deficiency.

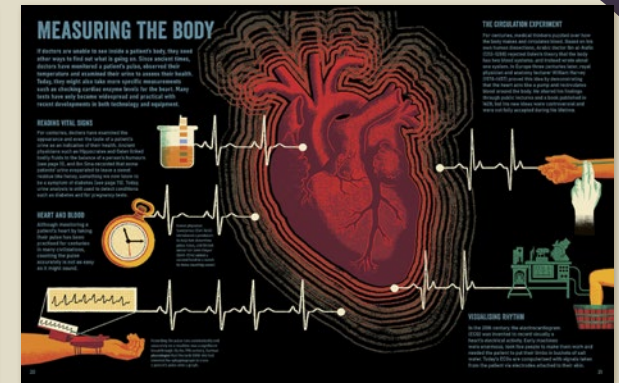
23

Pub Date	30/03/2023
Pub Price	£16.99
ISBN	9781800781689
H x W	280 x 216mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	9-11 years
Author	Patrick Kane
Illustrator	Sam Rodriguez
Extent	64pp
Word Count	10517 words
Rights Available	World

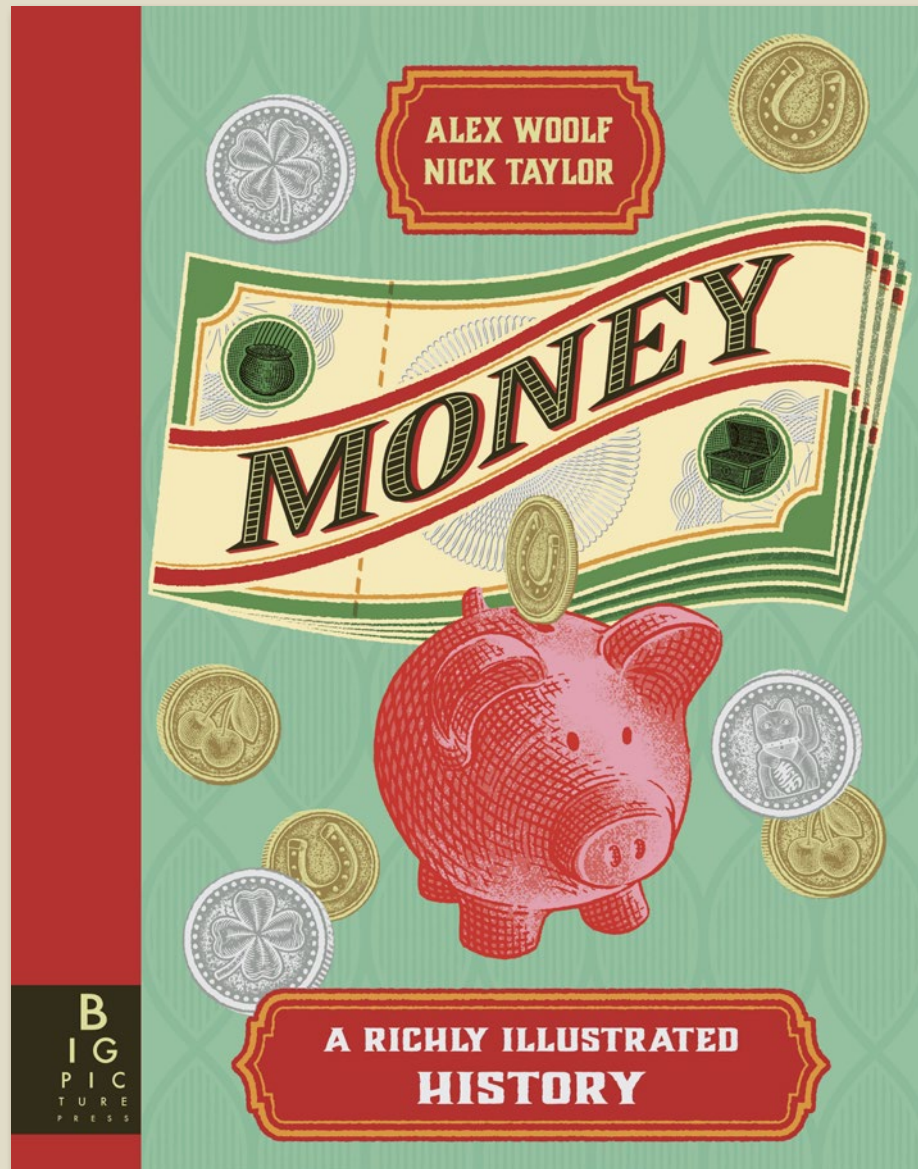


This visually extraordinary book presents the history of medicine as it has never been seen before.

- Sample contents: The History of Medicine, Learning from the Past, Ancient Beliefs, Mental Health, How Medicines Work, Opening Up the Body, The Power of Plants, Malaria Medicines, Making Medicines, Poisons, Hospitals Through History, Early Surgery, Cholera, Plagues and Pandemics, Vaccination, D.I.Y. Medicine, Transplants, Prosthetics
- Expertly written by curator, lecturer and historian, Briony Hudson
- Striking artwork from Aquila artist Nick Taylor is sure to make this title stand out from the crowd
- Perfect for students but also the ideal gift book for general interest readers



Pub Date	18/08/2022
Pub Price	£16.99
ISBN	9781787419377
H x W	300 x 235mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	9-11 years
Author	Briony Hudson
Illustrator	Nick Taylor
Extent	80pp
Word Count	15000 words
Rights Available	World



This visually extraordinary book presents the history of money as it has never been seen before - from coins to contactless, bankruptcy to billionaires

- Vibrant illustrations and dynamic layouts will appeal to the audience
- Digestible and easy-to-understand text by expert children's author, Alex Woolf.
- A global topic with growing relevance in today's world. There is a significant lack of publishing for children on this subject.
- Pantone and 100% foil cover finishes.

DIFFERENT KINDS OF MONEY

Money serves because it is traded, but this trade doesn't come out of nowhere. It has to be based on something. There are several reasons why money might be valued. Some money is traded because it is made of something valuable, such as gold or silver. This is called commodity money. Another kind is traded because it represents something valuable. This is called representative money. A third kind is traded simply because a government tells it is valuable. This is called fiat money.

COMMODITY MONEY
The earliest form of commodity money was cowrie shells. They were small, round, and easy to carry. They were used in many parts of the world, including the Indian Ocean and the Mediterranean. Commodity money is made from things that have value on their own. It can be used to buy things, and it can be traded for other things. Commodity money is often used in places where there is no government, or where the government is weak. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

REPRESENTATIVE MONEY
The earliest form of representative money was gold coins. They were made of gold and silver, and they were used in many parts of the world. Representative money is made from things that have value on their own, but it is not the thing itself. It is a piece of paper or a metal coin that represents the thing. Representative money is often used in places where there is a government, and where the government is strong. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

FIAT MONEY
Fiat money is made from paper and metal. It is not made from anything that has value on its own. It is made from paper and metal, and it is used in many parts of the world. Fiat money is made by a government, and it is used to buy things. Fiat money is often used in places where there is a government, and where the government is strong. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

LEGAL TENDER
Legal tender is money that is accepted by law. It is used to buy things, and it is used to pay taxes. Legal tender is often used in places where there is a government, and where the government is strong. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

CASE
Cash is money in physical form. It is used to buy things, and it is used to pay taxes. Cash is often used in places where there is a government, and where the government is strong. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

CURRENCY
A currency is a system of money generally used in a particular country or community. It is used to buy things, and it is used to pay taxes. A currency is often used in places where there is a government, and where the government is strong. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

A WORLD WITHOUT MONEY

To understand why money is useful, let's try to imagine a world without money. In such a world, the only way to get hold of the things you need would be to make or grow them, or steal them from other people. These people are called barter. Barter is the exchange of goods or services for other goods or services without using money.

BARTER AND GIFTS
Barter is the exchange of goods or services for other goods or services without using money. It is often used in places where there is no money, or where there is not enough money to buy things. Barter is often used in places where there is a government, and where the government is weak. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

THE PEOPLES WITH BARTER
The earliest form of barter was the exchange of goods. It was used in many parts of the world, including the Indian Ocean and the Mediterranean. Barter is often used in places where there is no money, or where there is not enough money to buy things. Barter is often used in places where there is a government, and where the government is weak. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

COMING OF MONY
The earliest form of money was cowrie shells. They were small, round, and easy to carry. They were used in many parts of the world, including the Indian Ocean and the Mediterranean. Money is often used in places where there is a government, and where the government is strong. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

WHAT MAKES A GOOD FORM OF MONEY?

The earliest forms of money were very different to the money we use today. There was no paper or printing process or machines to make money. People had to make it with their hands. They used the natural world, all the raw forms of money were made from things that had value on their own. The earliest form of money was cowrie shells. They were small, round, and easy to carry. They were used in many parts of the world, including the Indian Ocean and the Mediterranean. Money is often used in places where there is a government, and where the government is strong. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

LEATHER MONEY
Leather money was used in many parts of the world, including the Indian Ocean and the Mediterranean. It was made from animal skins, and it was used to buy things. Leather money is often used in places where there is no money, or where there is not enough money to buy things. Leather money is often used in places where there is a government, and where the government is weak. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

MINERAL PRODUCTS
Mineral products were used in many parts of the world, including the Indian Ocean and the Mediterranean. They were made from minerals, and they were used to buy things. Mineral products are often used in places where there is no money, or where there is not enough money to buy things. Mineral products are often used in places where there is a government, and where the government is weak. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

WASP
Wasp was used in many parts of the world, including the Indian Ocean and the Mediterranean. It was made from wasps, and it was used to buy things. Wasp is often used in places where there is no money, or where there is not enough money to buy things. Wasp is often used in places where there is a government, and where the government is weak. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

COINAGE
Coinage was used in many parts of the world, including the Indian Ocean and the Mediterranean. It was made from metal, and it was used to buy things. Coinage is often used in places where there is a government, and where the government is strong. It is also used in some parts of the world where there is no bank system.

QUIRKY CURRENCIES

Many unusual objects were used as money in the era before notes and coins. These included foodstuffs such as barley, rice, corn and wheat. The Chinese used tea bricks to pay for things, whereas the Aztecs used cacao beans, and the peoples of ancient Africa and the Middle East measured value in coffee beans. The Mesopotamians kept sacks of grain in protected barns, much like the banks of today. When stored carefully, these foods could provide a reasonable store of value. But a storm or a bad harvest could wipe out your wealth.

MONEY YOU CAN EAT
Some surprising foods have been used as units of exchange in different parts of the world. Here are some of them.

BUTTER
The Pilgrims of the island of Madagascar used butter for exchange. During the Second World War, butter became a unit of exchange in Germany.

CHEESE
In Emilia Romagna in northern Italy, banks accept cheese as a form of money. Farmers can deposit sacks of Parmesan cheese with a bank as security for a cash loan.

EELS
Dried and smoked eels were used as money in medieval England, where they were often used to pay the rent.

COCONUTS
For the Kusa Yaku, who live on islands off the Caribbean coast of Panama, money is usually grown on trees. They harvest coconuts for exchange for other goods.

EGGS
When Venetians were suffering from hyperinflation (see page 10) in 1800-1820, competitors often paid their workers bonuses in the form of eggs.

BREAD
In medieval Egypt, the basic daily ration consisted of a loaf of bread and a ration of beer.

POTATO MASHERS

In ancient Cameroon, potato mashers were used as a currency. These heavy iron objects, called ensusbas, were shaped like a club.

KISSI PENNIES
The kissi penny was a currency used mainly in West Africa in the first half of the twentieth century. They were long iron rods, usually arranged in bundles of twenty. A cow could be bought for 30 or 40 bundles.

IRON SNAKES
The Lobi tribe of Burkina Faso used iron snakes as a currency. They would also attach them to their calves as a protection from snake bites and lightning.

KNIVES
Large bronze knives circulated as currency in ancient China between 600 and 200 BCE. According to one story, this started when a prince who was running low on money to pay his troops allowed them to use their knives to pay for goods in the local village.

RAI STONES
The small Pacific island of Yap possesses the world's biggest money. Rai stones are huge discs of rock weighing up to 8 tonnes each. The stones are rarely moved, and are not used for day-to-day transactions, but they change hands as ceremonial gifts, to forge alliances, resolve conflicts or to apologise for wrongdoing.

Pub Date	12/09/2024
Pub Price	£16.99
ISBN	9781800785700
H x W	300 x 235mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	9-11 years
Author	Alex Woolf
Illustrator	Nick Taylor
Extent	80pp
Word Count	20000 words
Translation Files	13/05/2024
Files To Printer	30/04/2024
Freight On Board	17/07/2024
Rights Available	World

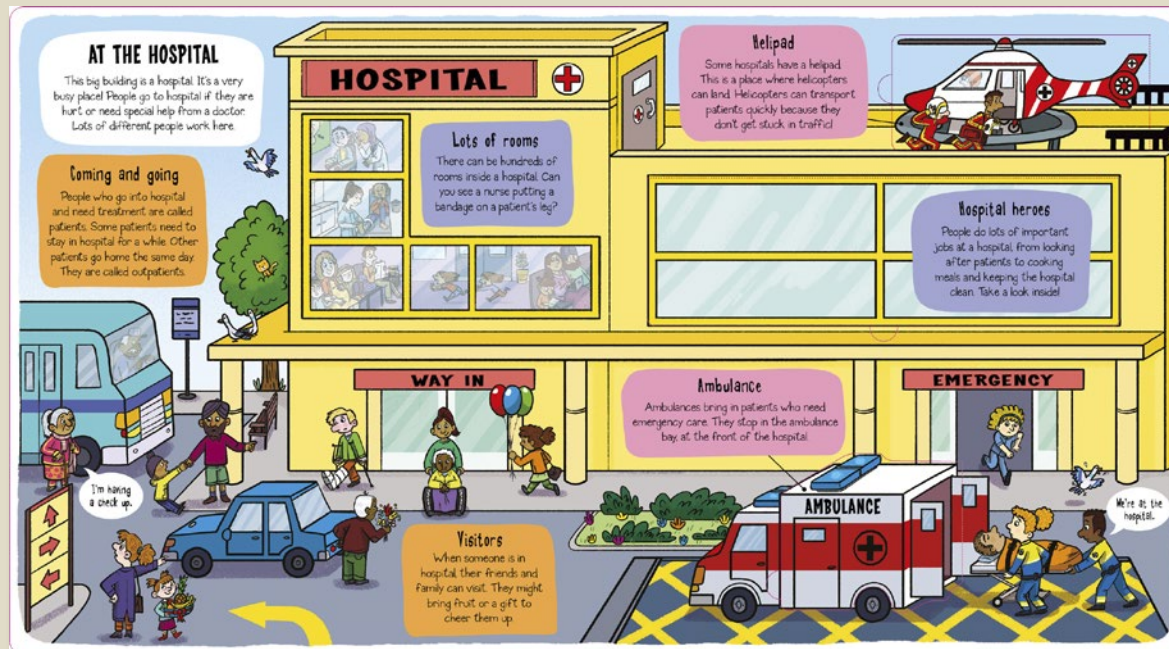
Little Explorers: Let's Go! Hospital



Explore a hospital with 30+ flaps

- New spin-off series of the bestselling LITTLE EXPLORERS novelty non-fiction series, which has sold more than 1.25 MILLION copies worldwide
- This series explores familiar places we go. Future titles will explore a Fire Station and Airport.
- More than 30 sturdy flaps to lift
- Fun, child-friendly artwork with a diverse range of people
- Introduces new concepts and vocabulary in a simple and accessible way
- Ideal for the littlest book lovers as well as those starting to read independently
- CONTENTS: Welcome to the Hospital; Arriving; Outpatient Department; Emergency!; Broken Bones (Radiology); Staying in Hospital (children's ward); Having an Operation; Having a Baby; Lots of Jobs (other jobs in the hospital)

Little Explorers: Let's Go! Hospital



Pub Date	27/04/2023
Pub Price	£10.99
ISBN	9781800781351
H x W	220 x 200mm
Binding	Board Book
Age Range	0-5 years
Author	Catherine Ard
Illustrator	Ben Whitehouse
Extent	16pp
Rights Available	World

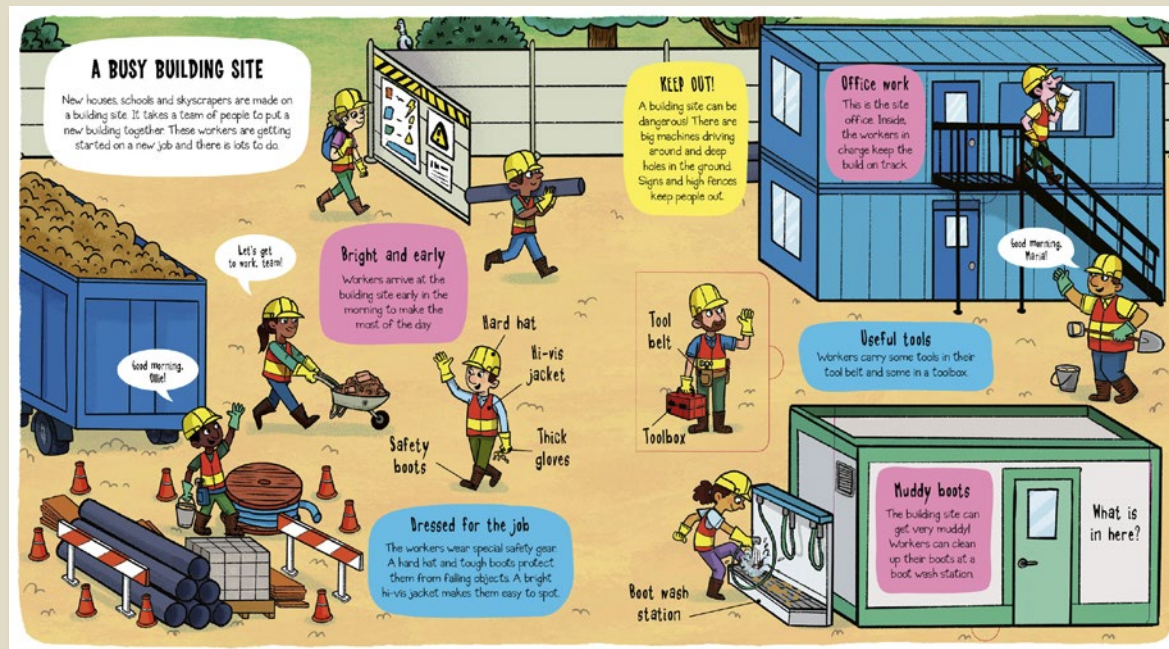
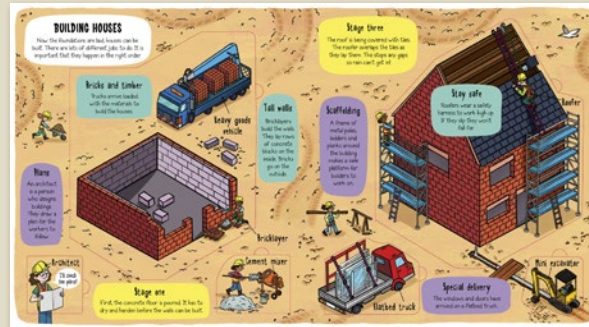
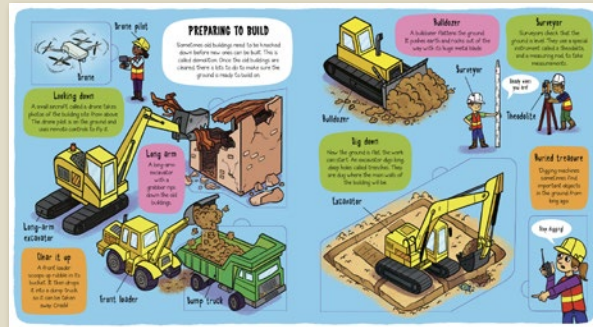
Little Explorers: Let's Go! Building Site



Explore a building site with 30+ flaps

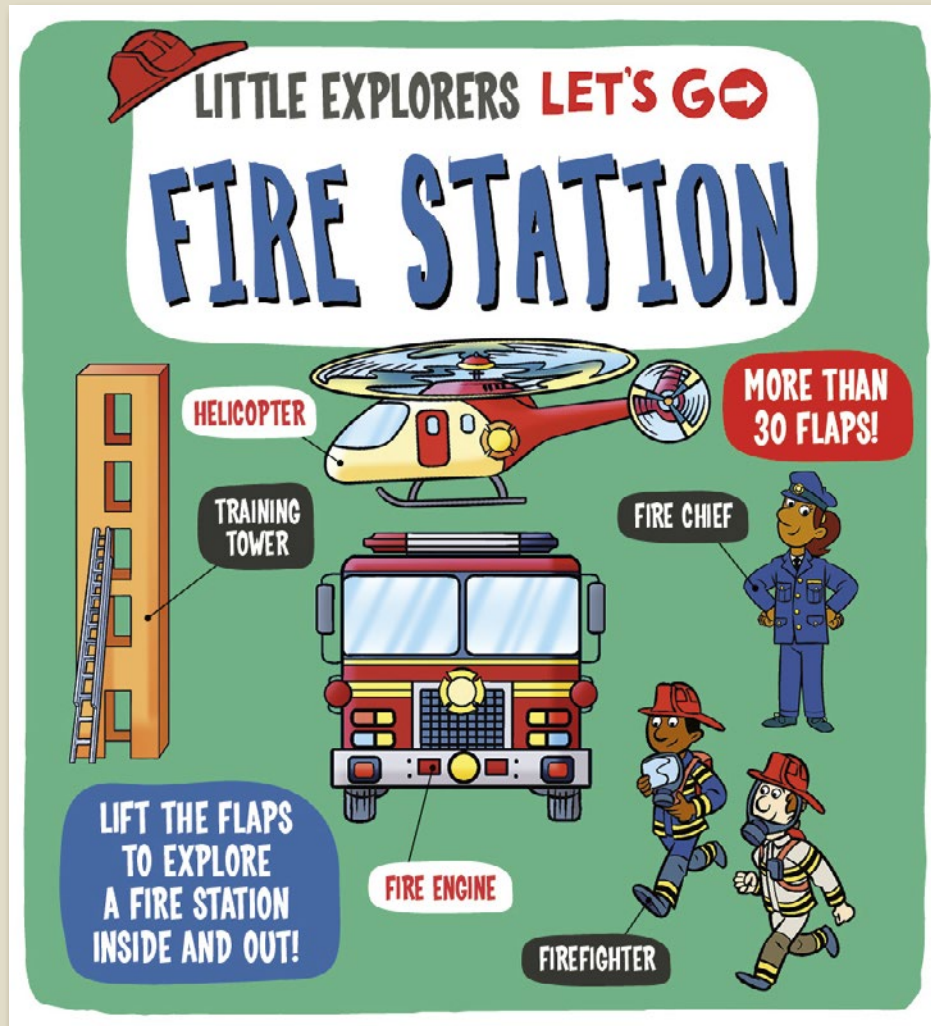
- New spin-off series of the bestselling novelty non-fiction LITTLE EXPLORERS, which have sold more than 1.25 MILLION copies worldwide
- This series explores familiar places we go. Future titles will explore a Fire Station and Airport.
- More than 30 sturdy flaps to lift
- Fun, child-friendly artwork with a diverse range of people
- Introduces new concepts and vocabulary in a simple and accessible way
- Ideal for the littlest book lovers as well as those starting to read independently
- CONTENTS: Welcome to the Building Site; Preparing to Build; Building New Homes; Heat, Power and Water; A New Road; Building A Tower; Amazing Machines; Tidy-Up Time

Little Explorers: Let's Go! Building Site



Pub Date	27/04/2023
Pub Price	£10.99
ISBN	9781800782181
H x W	220 x 200mm
Binding	Board Book
Age Range	0-5 years
Author	Catherine Ard
Illustrator	Ben Whitehouse
Extent	16pp
Rights Available	World

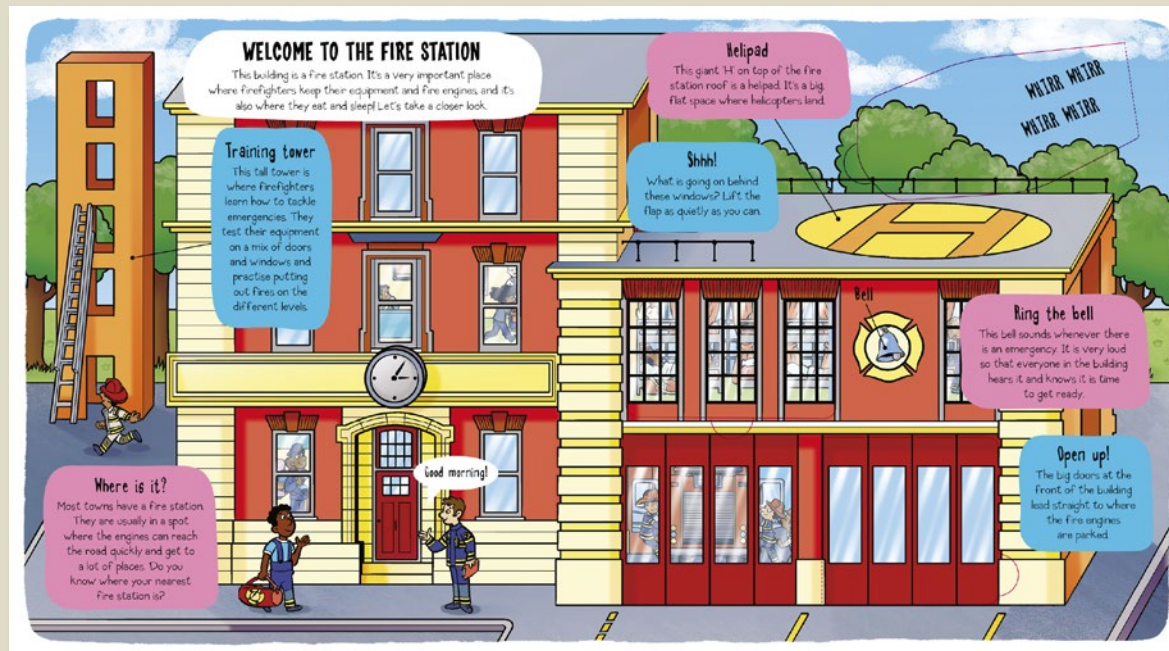
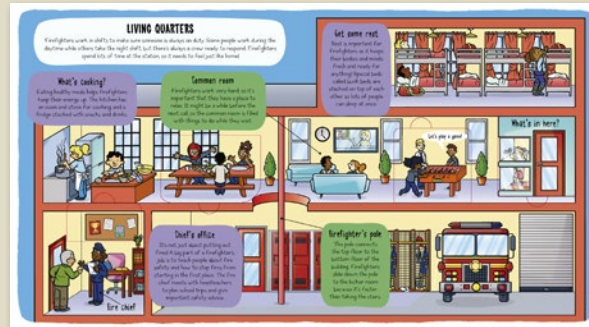
Little Explorers: Let's Go! Fire Station



Explore a busy fire station with 30+ flaps!

- Title 4 in the new spin-off series of the bestselling novelty non-fiction LITTLE EXPLORERS, which have sold more than 1.25 MILLION copies worldwide
- Featuring more than 30 sturdy flaps for little readers to lift and discover, allowing for full engagement with the topic
- Fun, stylish, child-friendly artwork features a range of diverse characters in each job role
- Introduces new concepts and tricky vocabulary in a fun, accessible way
- Perfect for the littlest book lovers as well as those just beginning to read

Little Explorers: Let's Go! Fire Station



Pub Date	04/01/2024
Pub Price	£10.99
ISBN	9781800784987
H x W	220 x 200mm
Binding	Board Book
Age Range	0-5 years
Author	Dynamo Ltd.
Illustrator	Dynamo Ltd
Extent	16pp
Rights Available	World

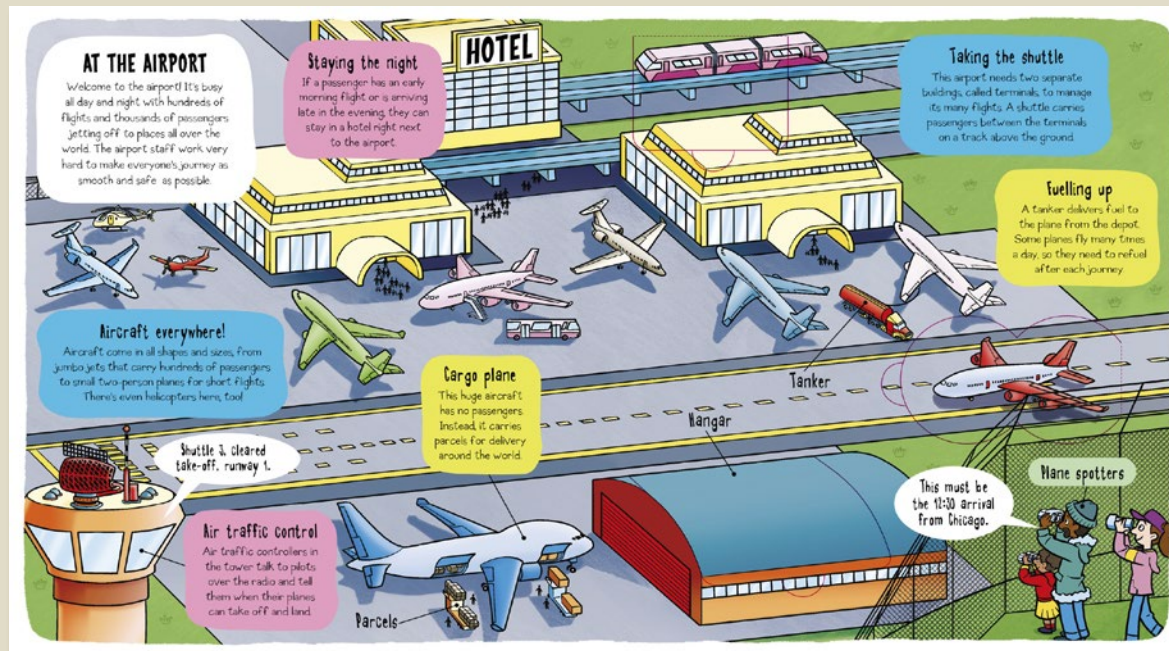
Little Explorers: Let's Go! Airport



Explore a bustling airport with 30+ flaps!

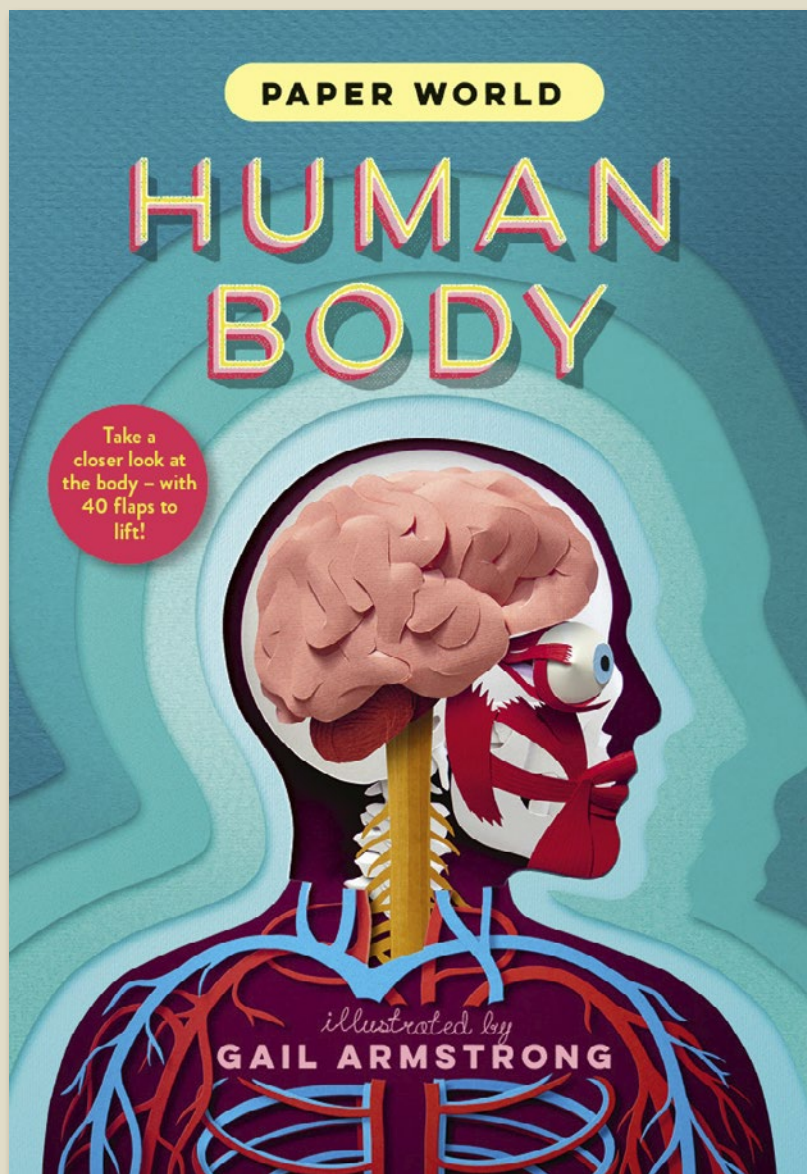
- Title 3 in the new spin-off series of the bestselling novelty non-fiction LITTLE EXPLORERS, which have sold more than 1.25 MILLION copies worldwide
- Featuring more than 30 sturdy flaps for little readers to lift and discover, allowing for full engagement with the topic
- Fun, stylish, child-friendly artwork features a range of diverse characters in each job role
- Introduces new concepts and tricky vocabulary in a fun, accessible way
- Perfect for the littlest book lovers as well as those just beginning to read

Little Explorers: Let's Go! Airport



Pub Date	04/01/2024
Pub Price	£10.99
ISBN	9781800784970
H x W	220 x 200mm
Binding	Board Book
Age Range	0-5 years
Author	Dynamo Ltd.
Illustrator	Dynamo Ltd
Extent	16pp
Rights Available	World

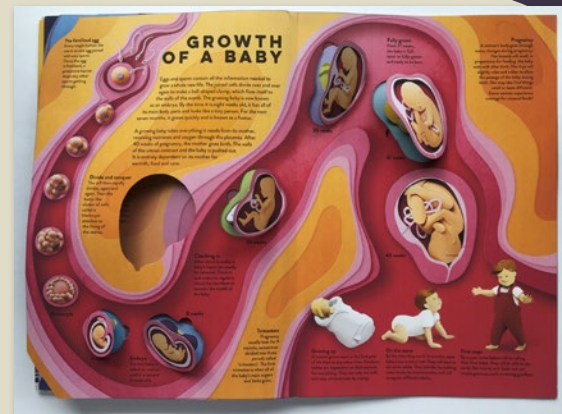
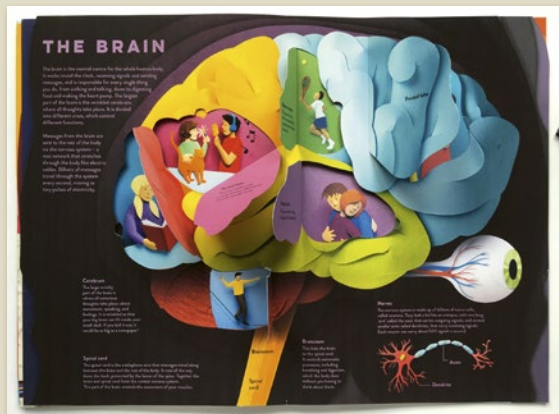
Paper World: Human Body



A paper-cut book about the body

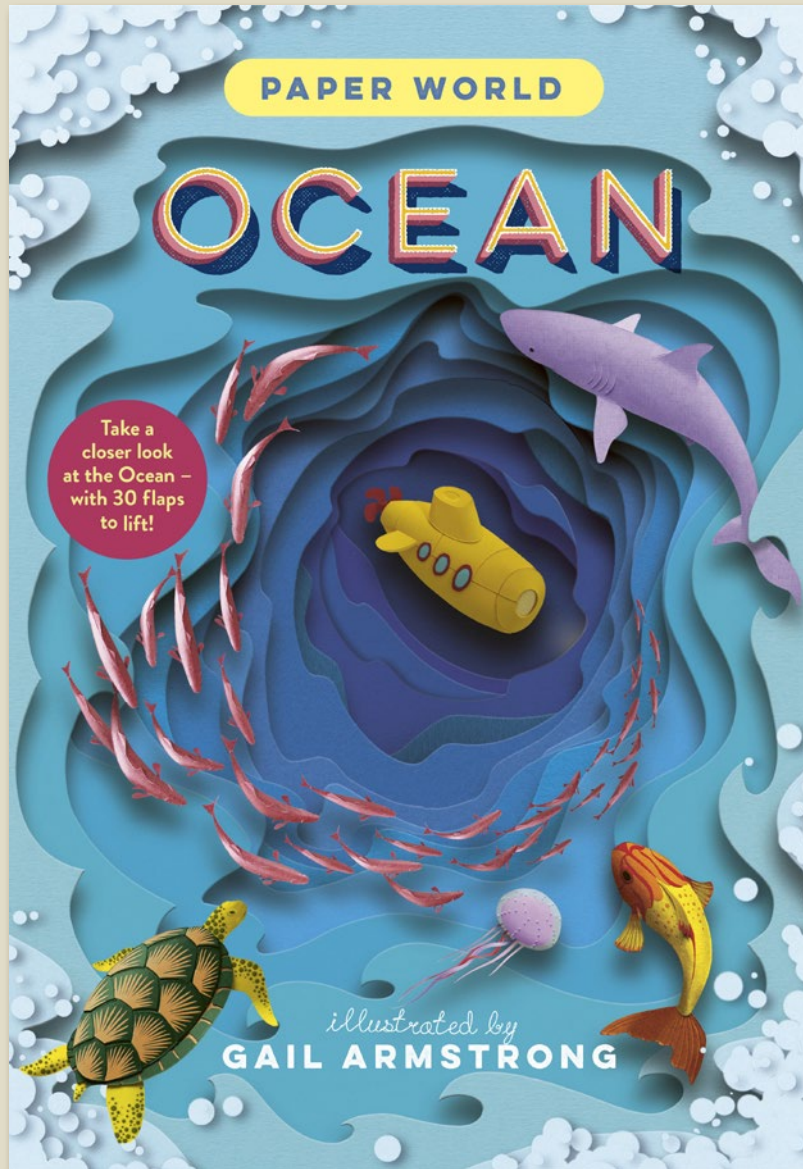
- Vibrant paper-cut artwork by award-winning British artist Gail Armstrong
- Deep die-cuts and integrated flaps on every spread provide a unique interactive look at the human body
- A fact-packed text reveals fascinating facts about the human body
- Striking cover design with a large die-cut through the cover and title page
- The Paper World series has sold over 100,000 copies worldwide
- Book 4 Paper World: Oceans coming 2024
- CONTENTS: Organs & Systems; Skeleton & Muscles; Heart & Lungs; Digestive System; Digestive Organs; The Senses; The Brain; Reproductive System; Growth of a Baby; Glossary
- Fact-checked by Dr Jennifer Paxton of the University of Edinburgh

Paper World: Human Body



Pub Date	16/02/2023
Pub Price	£16.99
ISBN	9781800782365
H x W	330 x 225mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	7-9 years
Author	Ruth Symons
Illustrator	Gail Armstrong
Extent	30pp
Word Count	5500 words
Rights Available	World

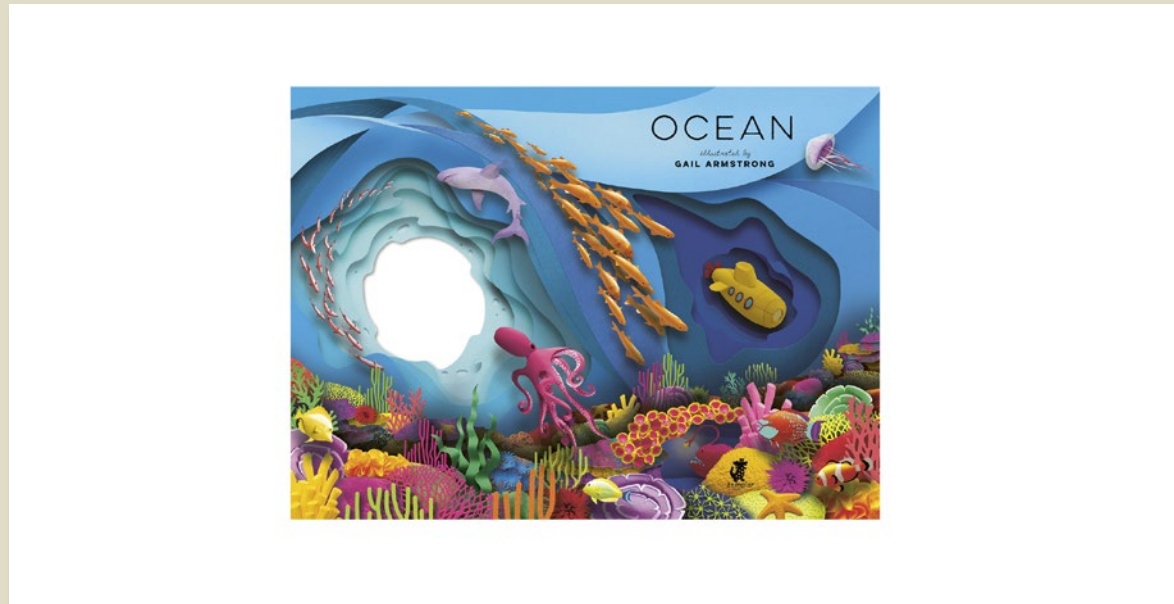
Paper World: Ocean



A one-of-a-kind paper-cut book all about our planet's oceans

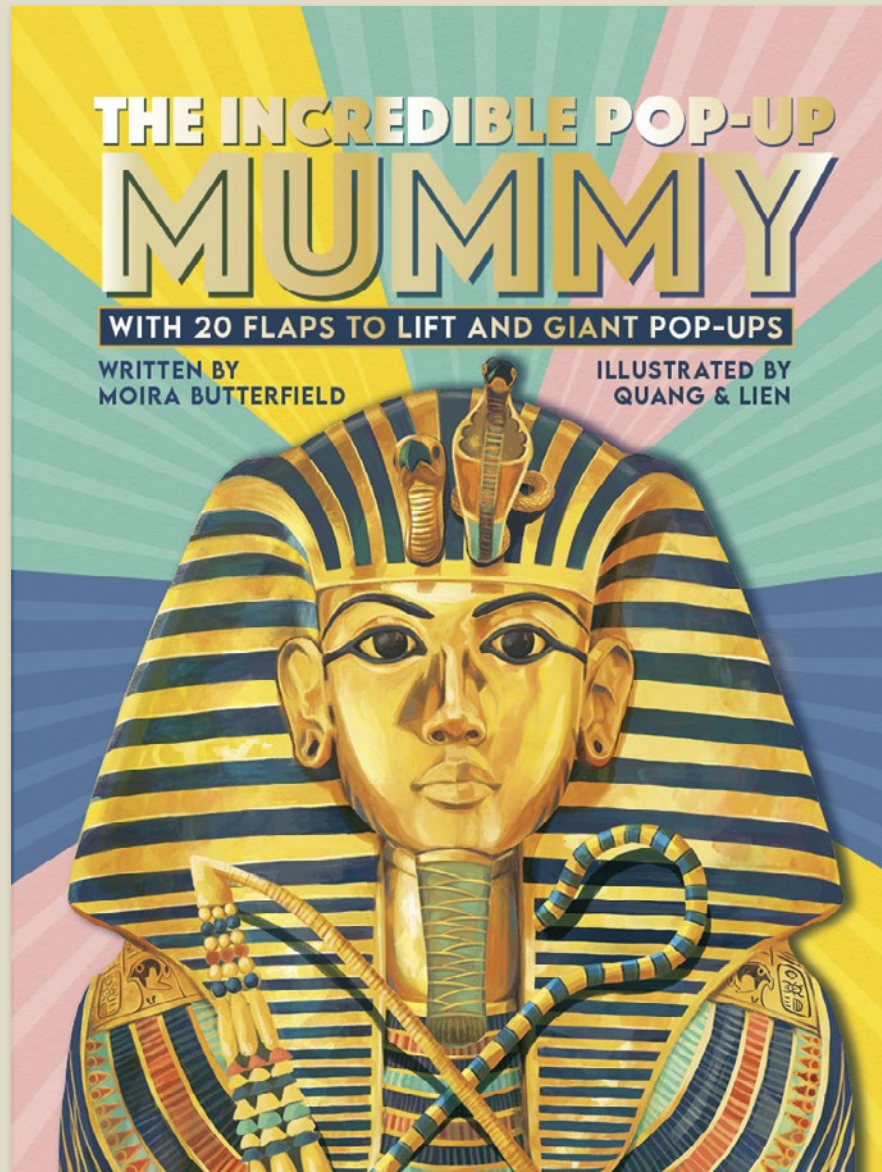
- The *Paper World* series has sold over 100,000 copies worldwide (as of July 2022)
- Contents: Water World; The Shore; Mangroves; Kelp Forest; Coral Reef; Ocean Zones; Ocean Depths; Polar Waters; Tides and Waves; Humans and the Ocean
- Vibrant paper-cut artwork by award-winning British artist Gail Armstrong
- Deep die-cuts and integrated flaps on every spread, with an incredible double-gatefold for the coral reef
- A fact-packed text reveals fascinating facts about the ocean - fact-checked by marine biologist Dr Helen Scales
- Striking cover design with a large die-cut through the cover and title page

Paper World: Ocean



Pub Date	29/02/2024
Pub Price	£16.99
ISBN	9781800783317
H x W	330 x 225mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	7-9 years
Author	Ruth Symons
Illustrator	Gail Armstrong
Extent	30pp
Word Count	5500 words
Rights Available	World

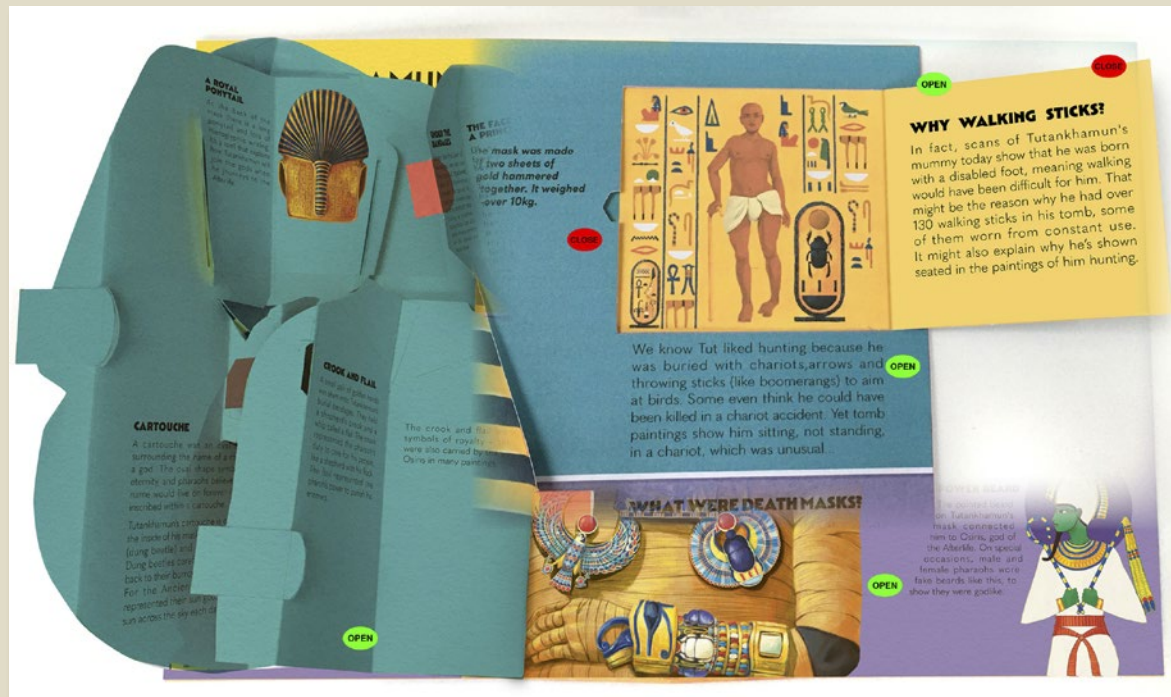
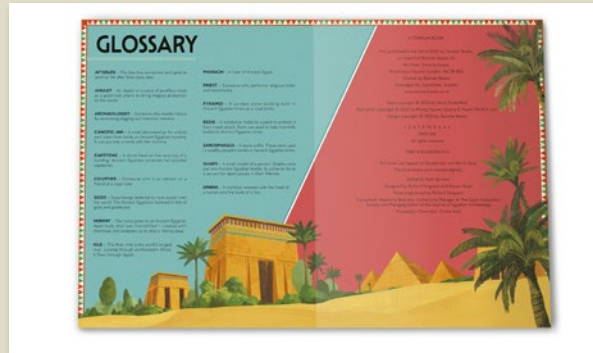
The Incredible Pop-up Mummy



A pop-up guide to Ancient Egyptian mummies

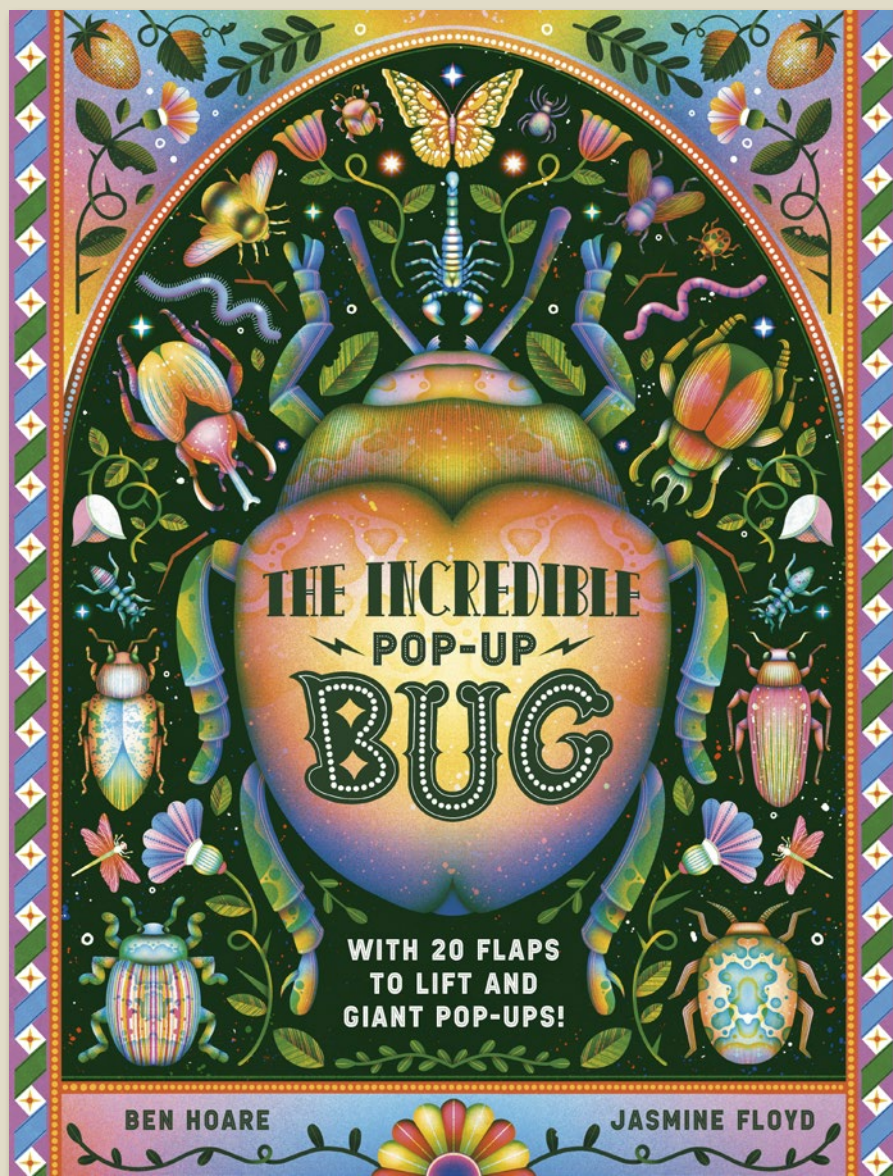
- Incredible paper-engineering - with flaps to lift on every page and three complex multi-layered pop-ups (The Great Pyramid; Tutankhamun's Death Mask; Tutankhamun's Tomb)
- A beautiful non-fiction novelty title to mark the centenary of Howard Carter's opening the tomb of Tutankhamun.
- Made in consultation with expert Egyptologist Stephanie Boonstra, Collections Manager at The Egypt Exploration Society and Managing Editor of the Journal of Egyptian Archaeology.
- Illustrated by award-winning Vietnamese illustration duo Quang and Lien
- Cover finish: gold foil + spot UV

The Incredible Pop-up Mummy



Pub Date	13/10/2022
Pub Price	£25.00
ISBN	9781800781412
H x W	320 x 240mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	7-9 years
Author	Moira Butterfield
Illustrator	Phung Nguyen Quang and Huynh Thi Kim Lien
Extent	16pp
Word Count	4500 words
Rights Available	World

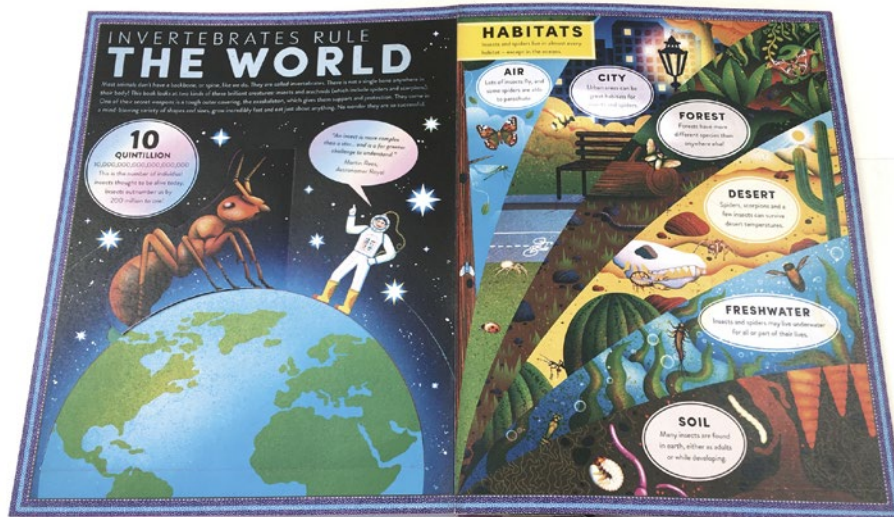
The Incredible Pop-up Bug



An intricate pop-up book bursting with beautiful bugs.

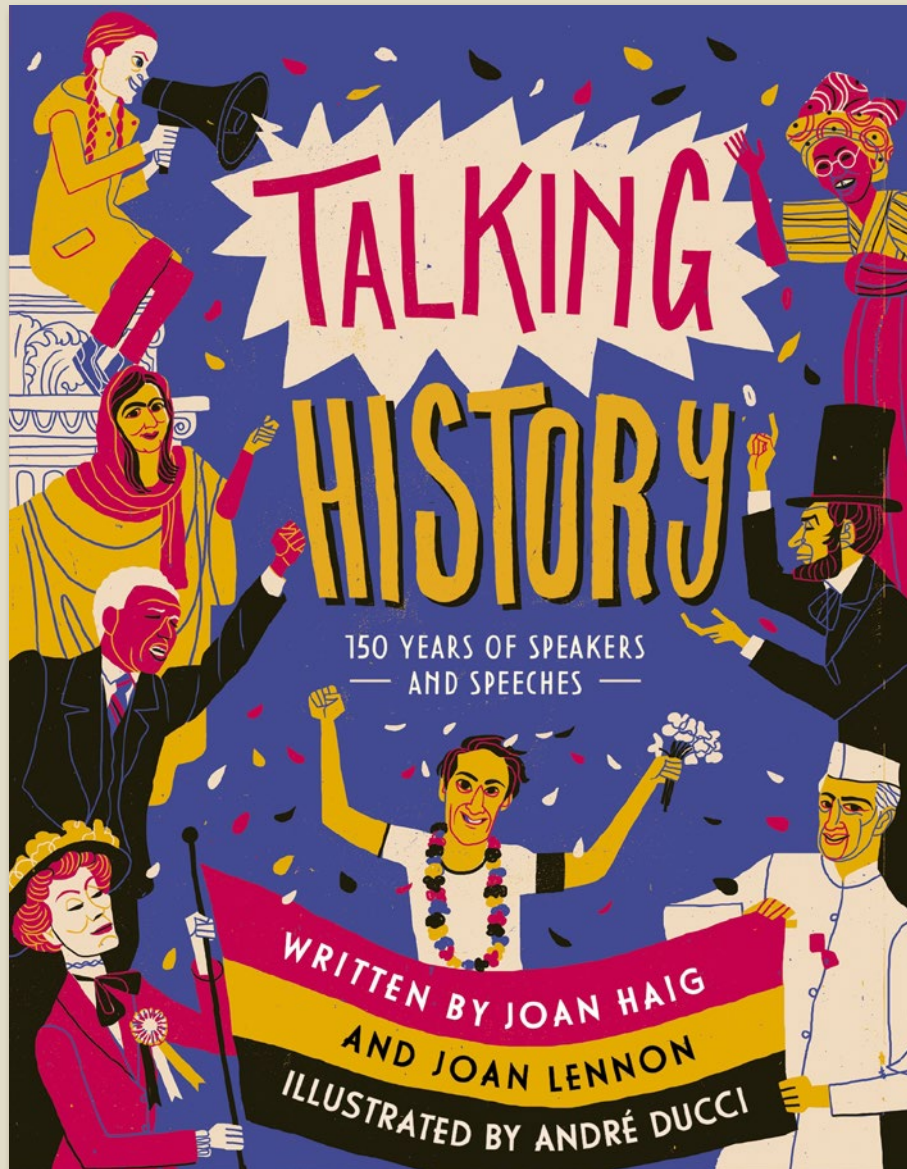
- Incredible paper-engineering - with 20 flaps to lift on every page and three complex multi-layered pop-ups (Rhinoceros beetle; Monarch butterfly; Red-knee tarantula).
- Written by Ben Hoare, an award-winning journalist who has written and edited books and magazines for DK, the BBC, London's Natural History Museum and many others. His books *An Anthology of Intriguing Animals* (2018) and *Wonders of Nature* (2019) are international bestsellers.
- Illustrated by rising star Jasmine Floyd.
- Cover finish: holographic foil + embossing + spot UV

The Incredible Pop-up Bug



Pub Date	12/09/2024
Pub Price	£25.00
ISBN	9781800784130
H x W	320 x 240mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	7-9 years
Author	Ben Hoare
Illustrator	Jasmine Floyd
Extent	16pp
Word Count	3500 words
Freight On Board	11/07/2024
Rights Available	World

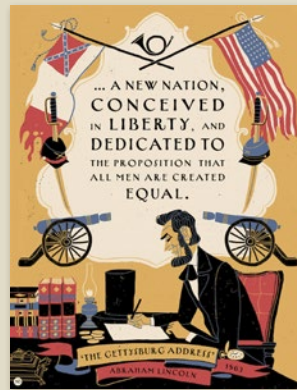
Talking History



150 years of world-changing speeches

- An accessible look at political and social history, and issues that remain pertinent today
- Contemporary design and illustrations from André Ducci accompany engaging text
- Authors are experienced children's writers and academics with expert knowledge on the topics discussed. In 2021, Joan Haig was selected as one of prestigious Scottish Book Trust's authors in residence, working with a school in Aberdeen
- Sample contents: Abraham Lincoln, 'The Gettysburg Address', 1863; Jawaharlal Nehru, 'A Tryst with Destiny', 1947; Nelson Mandela, 'Speech from the Dock', 1964; Harvey Milk, 'The Hope Speech', 1978; Angela Merkel, 'Address to 68th Session of the WHO', 2015 and Severn Cullis-Suzuki, 'Listen to the Children', 1992,

Talking History



In 1903, in the city of Manchester, UK, Emmeline Pankhurst and her eldest daughter Christabel founded the Women's Social and Political Union (WSPU). The organisation campaigned fearlessly for women's right to vote.

THE SUFFRAGETTE MOVEMENT

This wasn't the first time that women in Britain had fought for the vote. Since the mid-nineteenth century, female campaigners called 'suffragists' had tried to win rights for women in society through peaceful petitions and, later on, by refusing to pay their taxes.

But this campaign was slow with few results. After years of unsuccessful peaceful protest by the suffragists, the WSPU decided that it was time for action – 'Deeds Not Words', as their motto said. Members of the WSPU took part in 'civil disobedience' to literally fight for their cause. They chained themselves to railings, heckled politicians, placed bombs in empty buildings, and smashed windows in public places, constantly clashing with the authorities.

They were so determined to achieve their political aims that they deliberately took part in violence and vandalism to influence the public and the government.

Newspapers began referring to militant WSPU campaigners as 'suffragettes'. By 1910, the WSPU had branches all over the country.



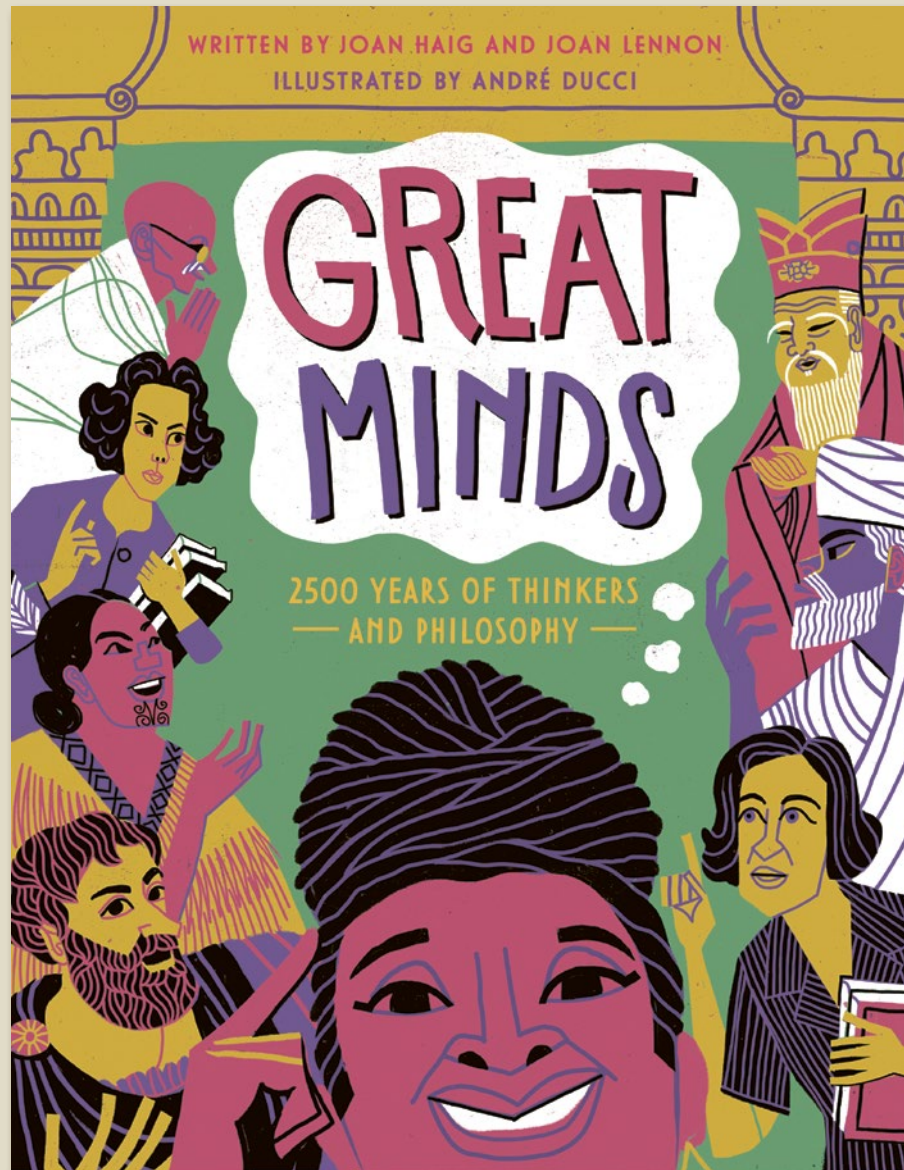
THE CAT AND MOUSE ACT

Around 1,000 suffragettes were imprisoned for their 'substance' behaviour. While in jail, some continued to fight by going on hunger strikes, refusing to eat or drink. At first, they were released to prevent them from starving, but, by 1910, prison wardens began to force-feed them. Women were badly hurt, prompting public outrage at what was seen as government torture.

The government responded by passing the 1913 'Prisoners' (Temporary Discharge for Ill Health) Act. Under this new law, when women on hunger strike became critically weak, they were sent home. As soon as they recovered, they were promptly returned to continue their sentence. It was dubbed the 'Cat and Mouse Act' because of the way a cat plays with its prey repeatedly letting it escape before catching it again.

Emmeline Pankhurst was imprisoned and released 16 times! It was in 1913, in between prison sentences, that she visited the United States to campaign for support and funding. She addressed a group of women at the Parsons Theatre in Hartford, Connecticut, in a powerful speech attempting to justify the use of militant tactics in the fight for women's rights.

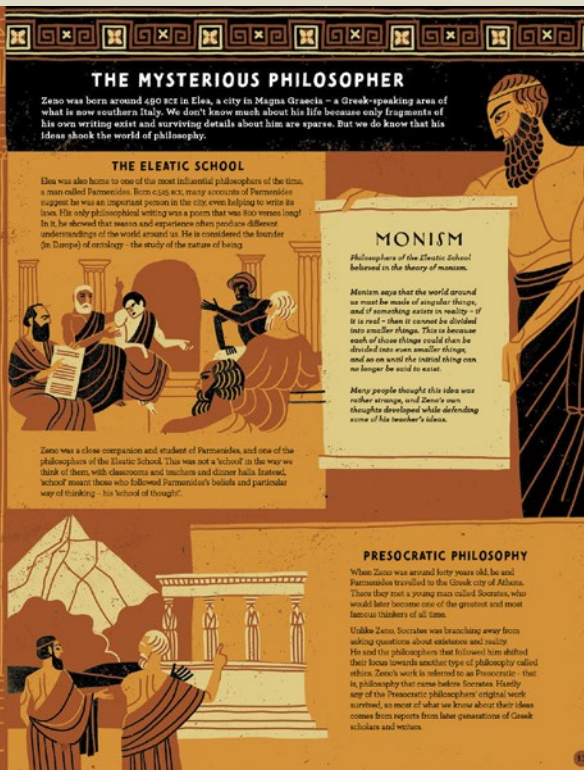
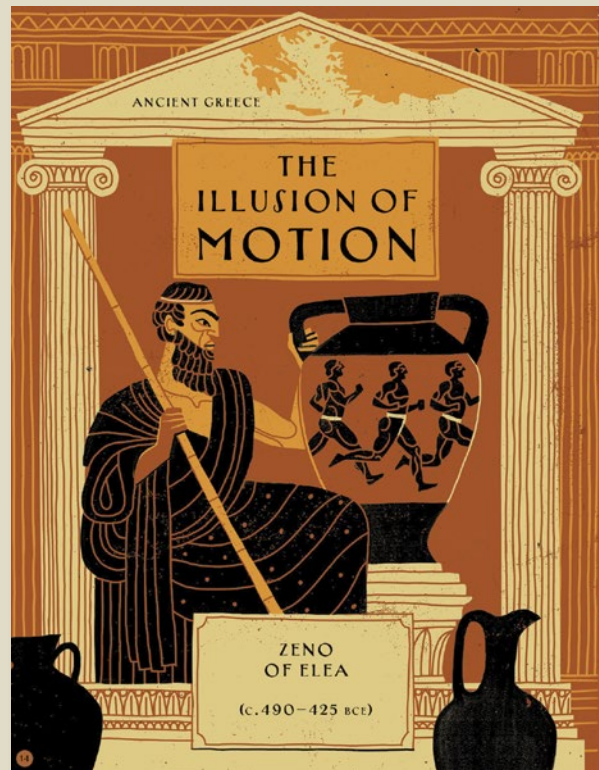
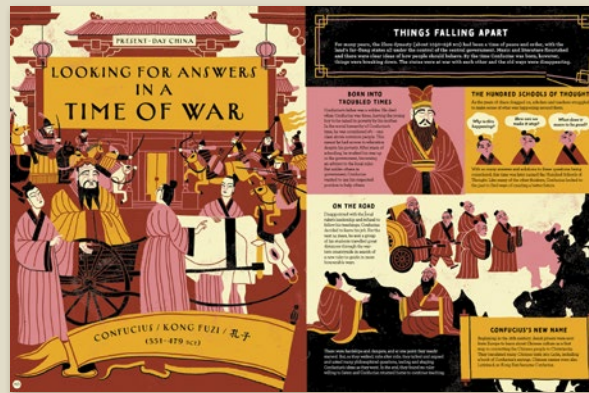
Pub Date	20/01/2022
Pub Price	£15.99
ISBN	9781787417328
H x W	280 x 216mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	9-11 years
Author	Joan Lennon Joan Dritsas Haig
Illustrator	André Ducci
Extent	80pp
Word Count	18000 words
Rights Available	World



Over 2500 years of incredible ideas from some of the world's greatest minds.

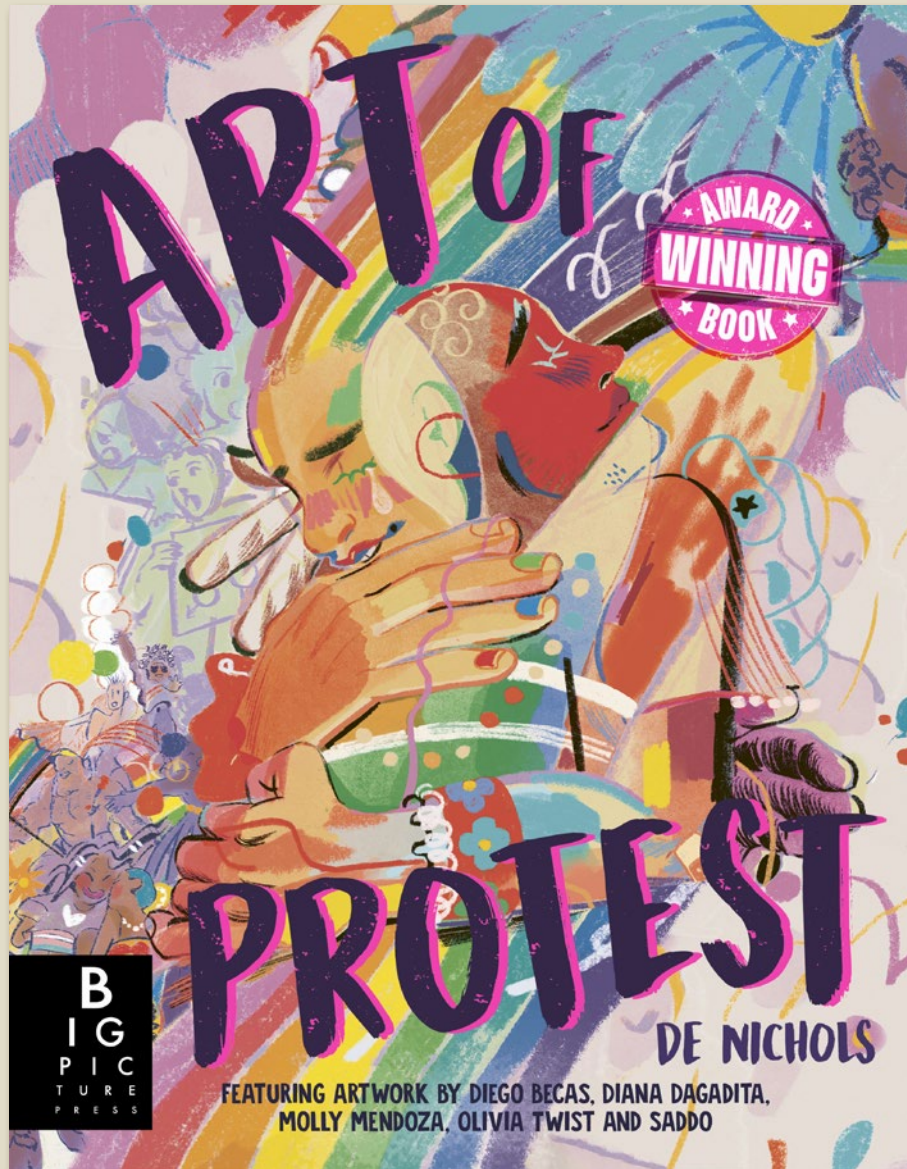
- Contents1. Looking for answers in a time of war (Confucius)2. The illusion of motion (Zeno of Elea)3. The Socratics (Socrates, Plato, Aristotle)4. Being a bridge (Ibn Rusdh/Averroës)5. The man who thought in a cave (Zera Yacob)6. The age of reason (Rene Descartes, Jeremy Bentham, Mary Wollstonecraft)7. To change the world (Karl Marx)8. Experiments with Truth (Gandhi)9. The existence of nothing (Nishida Kitaro)10. We are the symbol makers (Susanne Langer)11. The trolley problem (Philippa Foot)12. African philosophy (Henry Odera Orika)13. People of the long white cloud (Maori philosophy)14. Animals and us (Mary Midgley)15. An accident at the crossroads (Kimberlé Crenshaw Williams)

Great Minds



Pub Date	14/09/2023
Pub Price	£16.99
ISBN	9781800783539
H x W	280 x 216mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	9-11 years
Author	Joan Dritsas Haig Joan Lennon
Illustrator	André Ducci
Extent	80pp
Word Count	20000 words
Rights Available	World

Art of Protest



Discover the power of words, images and much more in this analytical and thought-provoking look at protest art.

- Stunning artwork by contemporary artists around the world
- As told by TED talker, activist, lecturer and artist De Nichols
- De's *Mirror Casket* project was commended by legendary activist Angela Davis in Smithsonian Magazine.
- **WINNER OF THE BRITISH BOOK DESIGN & PRODUCTION AWARDS IN THE CHILDREN'S TRADE 9 TO 16 CATEGORY!**
- **WINNER OF THE 2023 BOLOGNA RAGAZZI AWARD!**
- Uncoated and fluoro pantone cover treatments with flaps.

Art of Protest



Protest art often makes use of symbols, which can quickly convey powerful meaning.

SYMBOLISM

Paper Cranes

In Japan, it is believed that someone who folds 1,000 origami cranes will be granted a wish. In 1945, two-year-old Sadako Sasaki was in the vicinity of the atomic bomb dropped on Hiroshima. She suffered long-term effects from that exposure, including developing leukaemia. Before she died at the age of 12, Sadako folded more than 1,000 cranes, and the paper crane went on to become a symbol of peace.

The Peace Sign

The peace sign was created by the British artist Gerald Holtom in 1958 as the logo for a campaign for nuclear disarmament in the UK. It has since become an iconic symbol of calls for peace.

Umbrellas

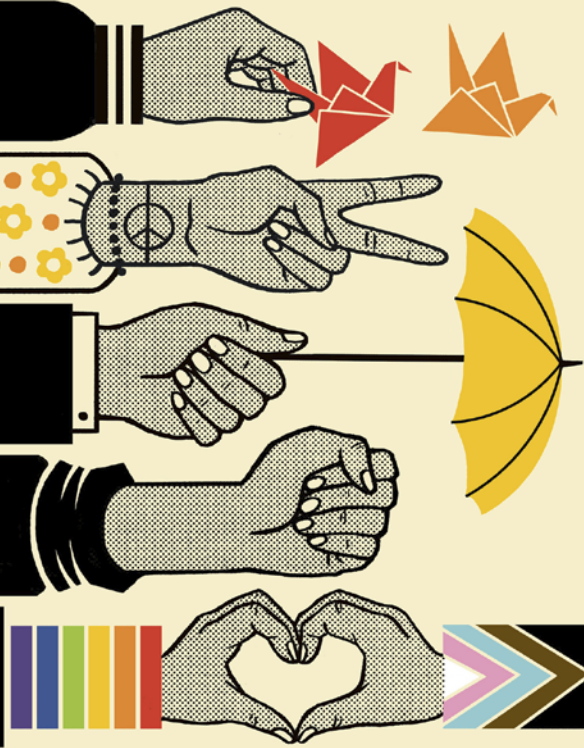
During protests for democracy in Hong Kong in 2014, activists used umbrellas as shields against tear gas and other aggressions by the police. The umbrellas came to symbolize the protests and gave the movement its name (read more on pages 52–53).

The Clenched Fist

The image of an upraised clenched fist is a powerful symbol of protest and resistance. Some of its first uses were by labour unions in the early 1900s, before it grew in popularity and became a symbol of many causes, including Black Power, the anti-apartheid movement and the feminist movement.

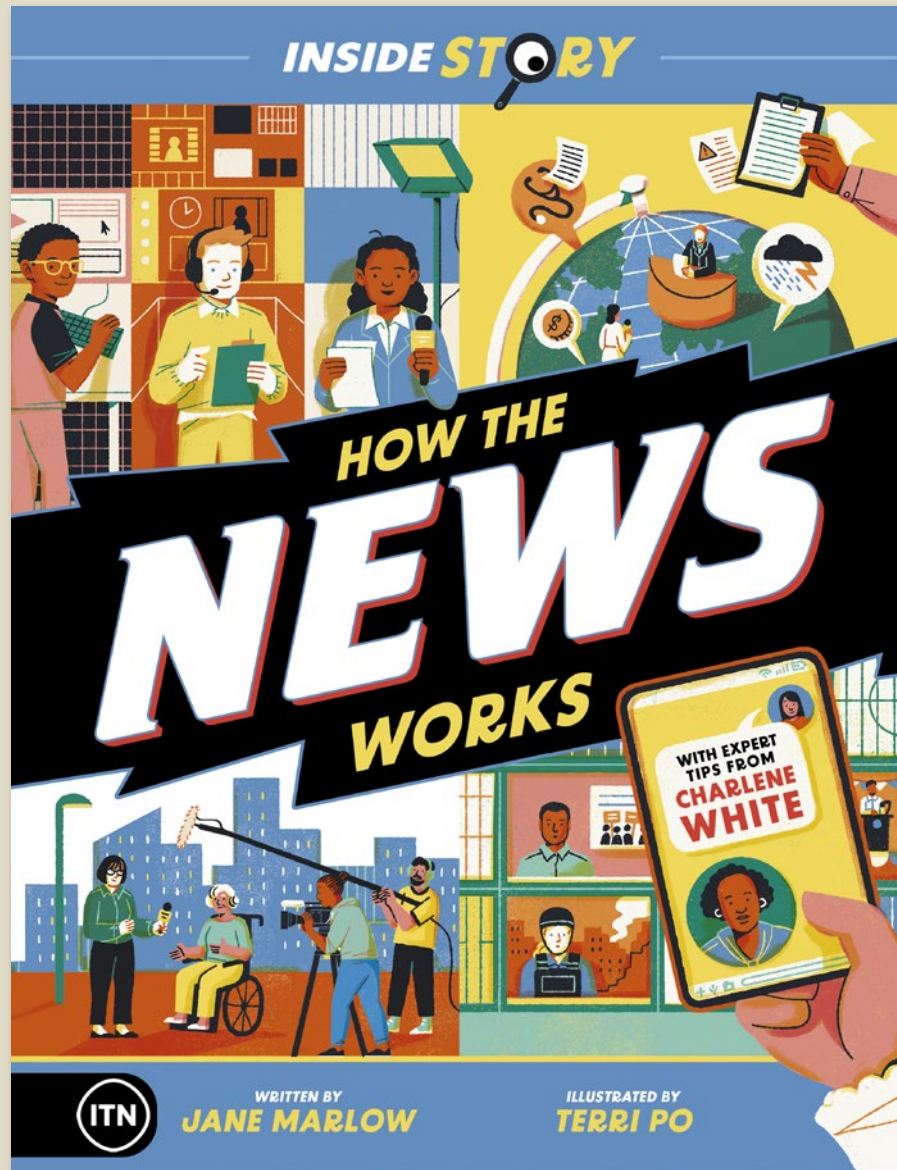
The Rainbow

The rainbow is the most iconic symbol of the LGBTQ+ movement. It represents diversity, acceptance and the spectrum of human sexualities and genders.



Pub Date	31/08/2023
Pub Price	£12.99
ISBN	9781787418240
H x W	280 x 216mm
Binding	Paperback
Age Range	12+ years
Author	De Nichols
Extent	80pp
Word Count	12282 words
Rights Available	World

Inside Story: How the News Works



Get the inside story on today's most important topics and learn to navigate the news like a pro!

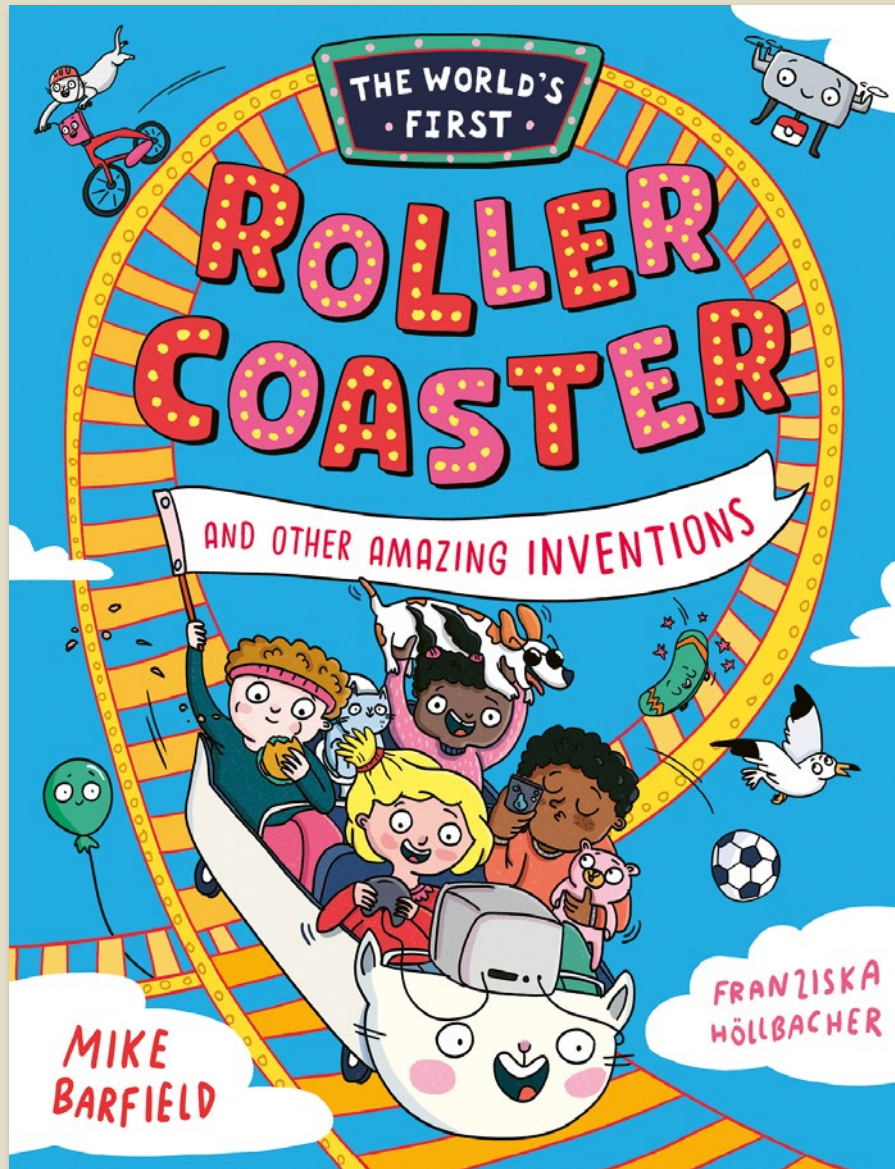
- An all-encompassing, no-nonsense guide to the news industry, looking at how news is made, what and who it's for, what to look out for when digesting news and tips on how to be a savvy news-consumer.
- Written by expert authors from ITN news team, including tips from ITV's Charlene White. Informed by lived experiences of real journalists from across the news sector.
- News from a global perspective: look at key moments in news history and stories that shaped the world from Europe, America, China, Indonesia, India and more.

Inside Story: How the News Works



Pub Date	01/02/2024
Pub Price	£9.99
ISBN	9781800782594
H x W	280 x 215mm
Binding	Paperback
Age Range	9-11 years
Author	ITN Productions
Illustrator	Terri Po
Extent	64pp
Freight On Board	16/11/2023
Rights Available	World

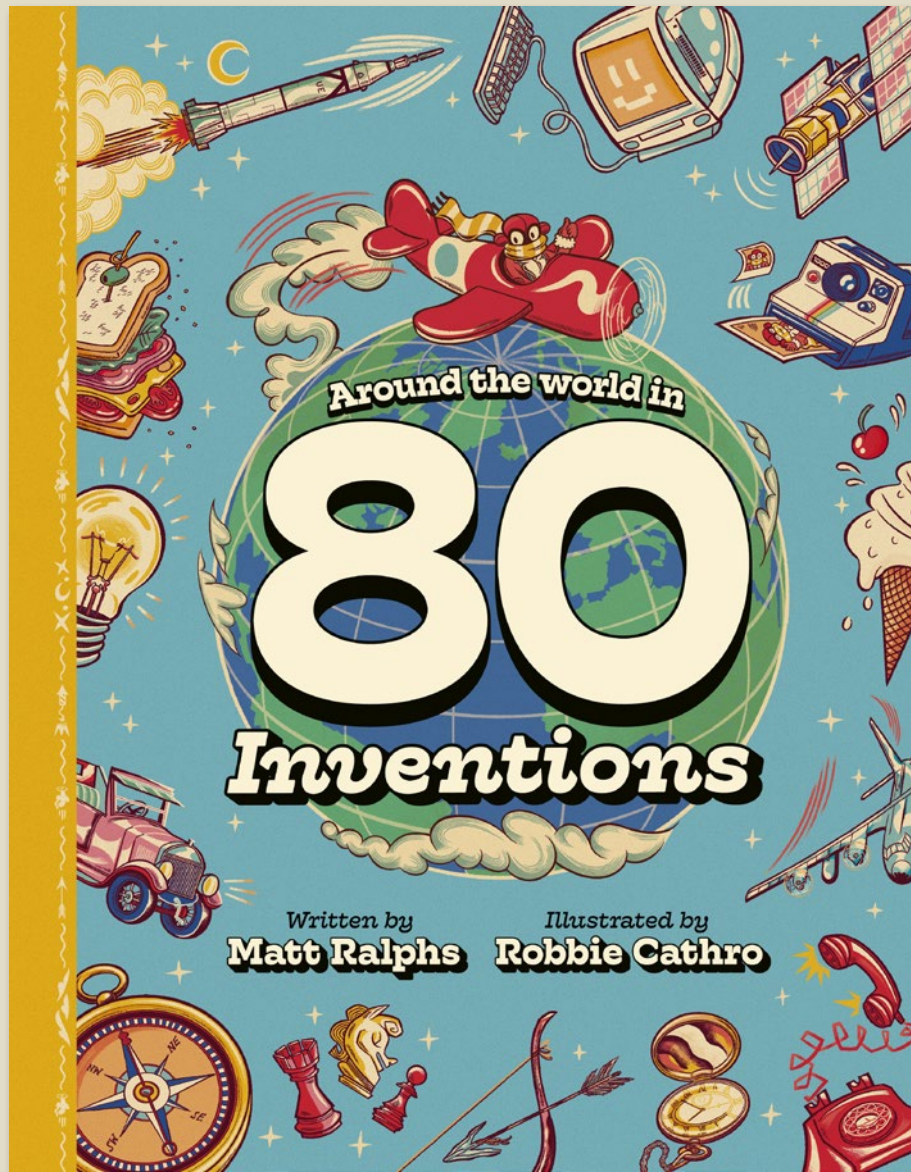
The World's First Rollercoaster



Amazing inventions stories in comic-book form by Blue Peter Award-winner Mike Barfield.

- An irresistible way into science and technology with a dash of history from the brilliant Mike Barfield, author of *A Day in the Life of a Poo, a Gnu and You*, winner of the 2021 Blue Peter Award for a Book With Facts. Mike's books have sold in over 40 territories.
- Featuring the greatest inventions in architecture, travel, the home, food, fashion, toys, sports, technology and more, this book is packed with facts for curious minds. Includes tips on sending in a patent and profiles of young inventors alongside greats such as Diebedo Kere, Bertha Benz, Percy Spencer, Momofuku Ando, Kano Jigoro and Jawed Karim.

Around the World in 80 Inventions



80 inventions from around the world

- A fun and accessible look at history and STEM with ties to the curriculum
- Written by emerging author Matt Ralphs, who has titles published with Nosy Crow, DK and Flying Eye
- Exciting talent Robbie Cathro has worked for clients including Aquila Magazine, Natural History Museum and Kingfisher.
- A travel theme inspired by postcards and travel posters gives this book a fun and engaging aesthetic
- Expertly checked by science writer Anne Rooney

Around the World in 80 Inventions

Ice Cream

"Dreaming from dessert" 14

One of the most popular treats given back to the world was the ice cream cone. It was first made in the United States in 1906. The inventor was an Italian immigrant named Italo Calio. He was working in a store selling Italian goods. He noticed that the people who bought his goods often had a craving for something sweet. He decided to make a treat that was both sweet and easy to eat. He used a wafer to hold the ice cream and a stick to hold the wafer. This was the first ice cream cone.



Easy Ice Cream

It's so easy to make that even a child can do it. All you need is a few ingredients and a little time. You can make it in a few minutes and it's ready to eat. It's a great treat for a hot day or a special occasion. You can make it in many different flavors and it's always a crowd pleaser.

Bicycle

"Freedom on two wheels" 15

Did you know that the first bicycle was invented in 1817? It was called a 'velocipede' and it was made of wood. The inventor was a Frenchman named Sivard. He was a teacher and he wanted to make a machine that would help his students learn to walk. He made a machine that had two wheels and a seat. It was very simple and it was easy to use. This was the first bicycle.



Pertious Penny-Farthing

It was the first of a new design, one that was much faster and more efficient. It was called a 'penny-farthing' because it was made of a single wheel and a seat. It was very popular in the late 19th century and it was the first bicycle that was used for transport.

Camera

"Magicians" 24

Although it's often said to be the most important invention of the 19th century, the camera was actually invented in the 18th century. The inventor was a Frenchman named Nicéphore Niépce. He was a tax collector and he wanted to make a machine that would help him keep records. He made a machine that had a lens and a plate. It was very simple and it was easy to use. This was the first camera.



Developed to Perfection

Many improvements to the camera have been made since it was first invented. The most important improvement was the invention of the photographic plate. This allowed the camera to take pictures that were much clearer and more detailed. This was the first camera that was used for photography.

High-Speed Train

"No-speed" 25

Before the 19th century, the only way to travel long distances was by horse-drawn carriage. This was very slow and it was very expensive. The invention of the steam locomotive changed this. It was much faster and it was much cheaper. This was the first high-speed train.



Marvelous Maglevs

They are the fastest and most efficient. They are called 'maglev' because they use magnets to lift the train off the ground. This means there is no friction and the train can travel much faster. This was the first high-speed train that was used for transport.

Wind Turbine

"Harnessing the power of wind" 34

You might think that wind turbines are a new invention, but they have been around for a long time. The first wind turbine was invented in the 13th century. It was used to pump water. The inventor was a Dutchman named Jan van Ardenne. He was a mathematician and he wanted to make a machine that would help him pump water. He made a machine that had three blades and a mill. It was very simple and it was easy to use. This was the first wind turbine.



Green Energy

They are the most efficient and most environmentally friendly. They use wind power to generate electricity. This is a clean and renewable source of energy. This was the first wind turbine that was used for electricity.

Helicopter

"A surprising way to fly" 35

When you think of helicopters, you probably think of the military. But the first helicopter was invented by a Frenchman named Jean-François Moisant. He was a pilot and he wanted to make a machine that would help him fly. He made a machine that had two rotors and a tail. It was very simple and it was easy to use. This was the first helicopter.




Versatile VTOLs

They are the most versatile and most efficient. They can take off and land vertically. This means they can be used in many different situations. This was the first helicopter that was used for transport.

Wheel

"The revolutionary design that makes the world go round" 17

Can you imagine a world without wheels? Apart from sledges and ships, there would be no vehicles – no carts, cars, bikes, buses, trucks, trains, trams or aeroplanes. The first wheeled vehicles were animal-drawn carts with solid wooden wheels. They were invented in Mesopotamia (modern-day Iraq) around 3200 BCE. 300 years after the horizontal potter's wheel. These carts carried cargo to market and heavy loads, such as stone and timber for building projects. The horse-drawn chariot came next. In about 2500 BCE, chariot wheels were spoked rather than solid like a cartwheel, so they were faster and lighter. The wheel may be one of the simplest inventions, but without it our world would be completely different.



Potter's Wheel

The very first wheels were used to make pottery. The art of pottery began around 30,000 years ago. Originally, potters would shape clay into pots with their hands, but this took a long time. The Mesopotamians invented a better method in around 3500 BCE. The potter's wheel was a large stone disc balanced on a stick called an 'axle', which could be spun. By putting clay on the wheel and spinning it, the potter could shape the clay quickly into pots. We don't know for sure, but it seems likely that the potter's wheel led to the invention of the vehicle wheel.

Internet

"The world at your fingertips" 18

The invention of the Internet – a network of computers that 'speak' to each other – was a concentrated effort in the United States. The first computers were connected to each other in 1969 during the Cold War (1947–1991), a time of heightened hostility between the USSR and the United States and when computers were the size of an entire room. The United States government wanted a communication system that couldn't be destroyed in a single attack, so they created ARPANET (Advanced Research Projects Agency Network): a series of linked computers across different locations, which allowed information to be relayed along telephone lines. The first message was sent in 1969. It was a single word: LOGIN, but only the 'L' and the 'O' got through before the network crashed. By the end of the same year four computers were connected on the ARPANET. It took years to create the 'network protocol' that allows computers to transfer data and 'speak' to each other. From the 1970s this network grew into the global Internet, which now links billions of devices. Today, whatever you want – books, food, holidays, cars – with the Internet you simply click a button and wait for it to arrive. Social media sites allow people all over the world to communicate instantly. We can consume films, television shows, music and video games, and even do our banking online.



World Wide Web

The World Wide Web (WWW) is a gateway to the Internet. It's made up of search engines like Google and Safari, the Internet addresses (also called URLs) we type in, and the websites that appear on our screens. It was invented by a British computer scientist called Tim Berners-Lee in 1989 while working at CERN, a science research laboratory in Switzerland. The WWW made the Internet accessible to everyone, not just scientists and academics.

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Raising the Roof



A cool introduction to classical music

- Broadcaster, songwriter, composer and Scala Radio presenter Jack Pepper is an exciting, young voice in classical music.
- A fun and approachable introduction to classical music
- Includes a playlist, so you can listen as you read
- **SAMPLE CONTENTS:** Hildegard of Bingen 1098-1179; Claudio Monteverdi 1567-1643; Barbara Strozzi 1619-c. 1664; JS Bach 1685-1750; Joseph Bologne 1745-1799; Ludwig van Beethoven 1770-1827; Richard Wagner 1813-1883; Giuseppe Verdi 1813-1901; Ethel Smyth 1858-1944; Arnold Schoenberg, 1874-1951; Igor Stravinsky, 1882-1971; Florence Price, 1887 - 1953; George Gershwin, 1898-1937; Leonard Bernstein, 1918-1990

Raising the Roof

SYMPHONY

The symphony has changed over the centuries, but it is essentially an extended piece of music for a large group of players. The word had even been the Greek, meaning 'sounding together'. It is often a composer's lifetime piece because the size and cost of the orchestra is hard to pull off.

A symphony is often in four movements, with no set number of tracks. There was the baroque, which was more like a concerto. In the 19th century, it became a more serious, more formal piece. It became a more serious, more formal piece. It became a more serious, more formal piece.

LEARNING TIP
Have a go at writing your own symphony. It's a challenge, but it's a great way to learn about the structure and form of a symphony.

1800s The first symphony was written by Joseph Haydn in 1760. It was a single movement, and it was written for a small orchestra.

1776 Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart wrote his first symphony in 1764. It was a single movement, and it was written for a small orchestra.

1800s Ludwig van Beethoven wrote his first symphony in 1793. It was a single movement, and it was written for a small orchestra.

1800s Franz Schubert wrote his first symphony in 1811. It was a single movement, and it was written for a small orchestra.

Present The modern symphony is a multi-movement work, and it is often written for a large orchestra.

Richard Wagner

1813-1883

To Listen or Not to Listen...
Can we separate opera from Wagner? Can we really write without the operatic tradition? Can we really write without the operatic tradition? Can we really write without the operatic tradition?

Wagner had a lot to say and did things his way. He pushed music to its limits and revolutionized everything. He had to invent a new language.

Wagner's Sound
Wagner's music is often described as 'music for the theatre'. It is a form of music that is designed to be performed in a theatre. It is a form of music that is designed to be performed in a theatre.

LISTEN!
Wagner's music is often described as 'music for the theatre'. It is a form of music that is designed to be performed in a theatre. It is a form of music that is designed to be performed in a theatre.

George Gershwin

1898-1937

George Gershwin's Sound
Gershwin was one of the most popular composers of the 20th century. He was a composer who was able to write music that was both popular and serious. He was a composer who was able to write music that was both popular and serious.

LISTEN!
Gershwin's music is often described as 'music for the theatre'. It is a form of music that is designed to be performed in a theatre. It is a form of music that is designed to be performed in a theatre.

Hildegard of Bingen

1098-1179

Here's someone who was, in every sense, a visionary Hildegard of Bingen had visions of God and wrote them down as poems and music.

Music was just one part of a lifetime of interests. Hildegard of Bingen - named after the German town she came from - was (deep breath!) a nun, diplomat, writer, leader, adviser, plant expert, scientist, public speaker... and a composer. But it all came back to faith. Hildegard became a nun aged 15 and later created her own monastery with 18 sisters. As if that wasn't enough, Hildegard then developed her own language and alphabet, possibly to help bring her nuns together. She used her talents - for music and for words - to unite people. It was all ultimately about expression. Hildegard wrote books on natural history, plants and medicine, and was even the first person to write a morality play, a drama where good battles evil (think Star Wars, but in the 1100s). That made her the 'influencer' of the time! She became a pen pal of popes, kings, emperors and cardinals, and was herself a major public leader: she went on at least four public speaking tours of Germany. This was bold stuff, given that women of the time were not allowed to travel as preacher-teachers, she was in many ways an early feminist, championing the rights of women and dealing with men on an equal footing. No wonder why, in the centuries after her death, Hildegard was considered for sainthood by no less than four different popes!

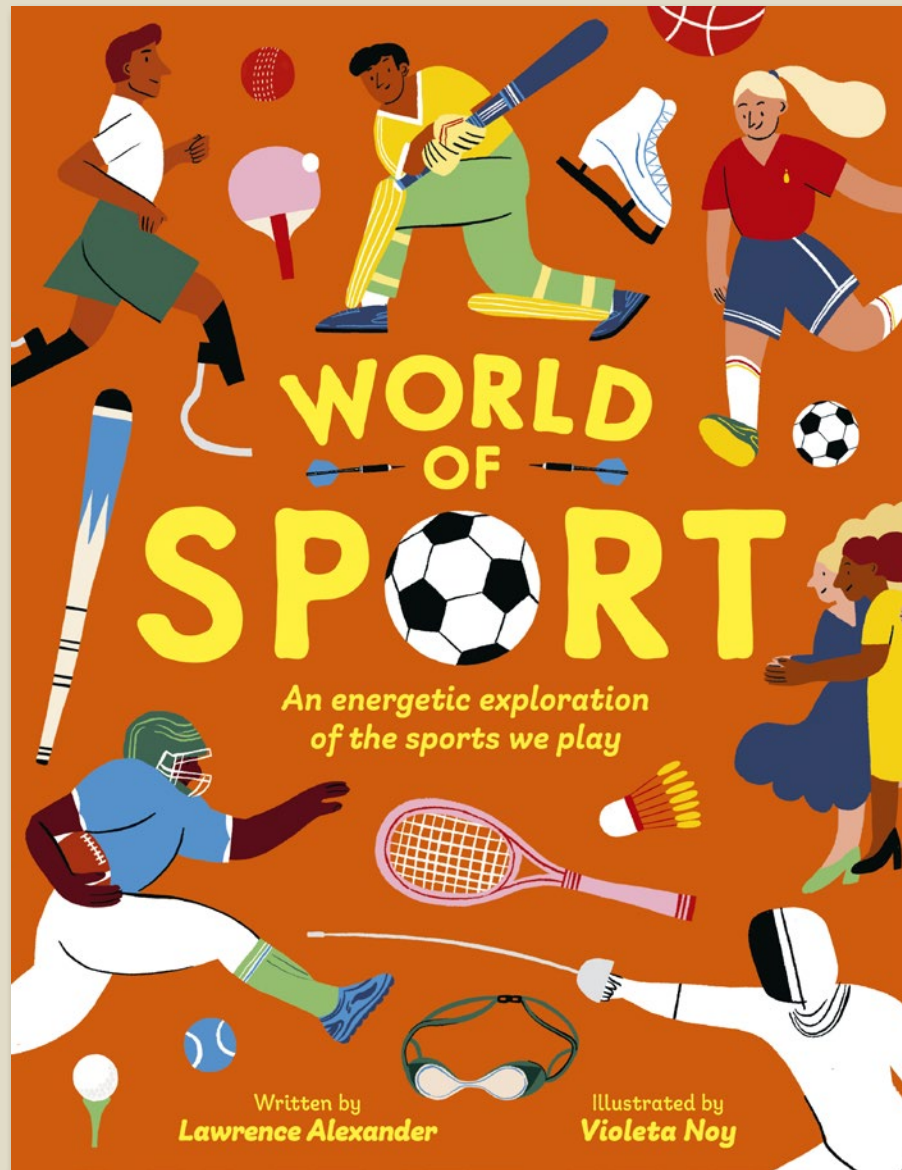
Learning by Ear
The Greeks were the first to use letters of the alphabet to represent different notes. Yet until the Middle Ages, almost all music was passed down the generations by mouth, instead of being written down. There was a lot to learn: in the 600s, monks in churches are estimated to have memorised 80 hours of music, all by ear! By the 900s, it took around 10 years to teach a young chorister all the pieces they'd need to know for future services. And you think school is intense...

LISTEN!
A Feather on the Breath of God sung by Gothic Voices
Hildegard was a Bible-leaver name even in musical circles, until early music became widely performed and recorded from the 1970s onwards. One of the standards in this album, released in 1985.

She sent me a letter!
And a botany book to me!
I'm scheduling that next tour!

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World of Sport



In this beautifully illustrated book, learn about the incredible variety of sports that are played around the world.

- A lively, inspiring and fact-filled exploration of a globally unifying topic: sport! From ancient times to today, covering every corner of the world.
- Featuring extensive coverage of women's sports and sporting heroes, plus sports from different, lesser-known regions and cultures around the world.
- Positioned to publish in time for the 2024 Olympic Games.
- With vibrant, energetic illustrations from Violeta Noy, author and illustrator of *The Right One*.

World of Sport

TRACK AND FIELD SPORTS
Track and field sports take place outdoors on a running track. Track events are running competitions and in field events, athletes compete in jumping and throwing events.

JAVELIN
Athletes use their strength and skill to throw a long, thin spear as far as they can. The first javelin was made of wood and had a stone head. Today's javelins are made of metal and have a pointed tip.

LONG JUMP
The long jumper in the US Olympic Games was accompanied by a crowd of spectators. They cheered and waved their arms as he ran down the runway. They held their breath as he jumped.

GALINA CHISTAKOVA
Galina Chistakova is a Russian long jumper. She won a gold medal at the 2004 Athens Olympic Games. She is the only woman to have won a gold medal in the long jump.

DISCUS
One of the most beautiful sights in the ancient world is to watch the Discobolus or 'discus thrower'. The statue is a copy of a Greek vase painting. It shows a young man in a red tunic and a white chiton, throwing a discus.

JAN SZUST
Jan Szust is a Polish athlete. He won a gold medal at the 1956 Melbourne Olympic Games. He was the first Polish athlete to win an Olympic gold medal.

AMERICAN FOOTBALL
American football is a team sport. It is played on a rectangular field. The game is played between two teams of eleven players. The game is played in four quarters. The team that scores the most points at the end of the game wins.

AIM OF THE GAME
The aim of the game is to score more points than the other team. Points are scored by kicking the ball into the goalposts or by running with the ball into the end zone.

MEET THE TEAM
There are 11 players on the field. They are the quarterback, running back, wide receiver, tight end, offensive line, defensive line, defensive back, and special teams.

MAKING A PLAY
The quarterback is the most important player on the team. He is the one who starts every play. He throws the ball to the other players. The other players try to catch the ball or run with it.

FOR READY
One of the best ways to learn how to play American football is to watch a game. You can see all the different plays and how the players use their skills.

RUGBY
Rugby is a team sport. It is played on a rectangular field. The game is played between two teams of fifteen players. The game is played in two halves. The team that scores the most points at the end of the game wins.

AIM OF THE GAME
The aim of the game is to score more points than the other team. Points are scored by kicking the ball into the goalposts or by running with the ball into the end zone.

BASEBALL
Baseball is a team sport. It is played on a diamond-shaped field. The game is played between two teams of nine players. The game is played in nine innings. The team that scores the most runs at the end of the game wins.

CRICKET
Cricket is a team sport. It is played on a rectangular field. The game is played between two teams of eleven players. The game is played in five days. The team that scores the most runs at the end of the game wins.

HOW SPORT BEGAN
People have always enjoyed getting together and competing to find out who's the strongest, fastest or best at something. Humans have been playing sport since ancient times.

WHAT WAS THE FIRST SPORT?
Can you see any ancient cave paintings on the map? We don't know for certain what the world's first sport was, but we can guess from these ancient artworks.

GRAND BEGINNINGS
The first competitive sport we know about was recorded in a famous story, the *Epic of Gilgamesh*, from 2100 BC. In it King Gilgamesh fights a wild man to see who is stronger.

Patoa puripatoa was played in the ancient Mexican city of Teotihuacan as long ago as 1500 BC. It was a bit like hockey except the ball was on fire!

In chunky, played for centuries by Native Americans, a stone disc was rolled across the ground. Teams throw spears to predict where they thought it would land.

The ancient Mayan ballgame of pitz was invented sometime between 2,000 and 4,500 years ago. Competitors had to get a ball through a stone hoop without using their hands.

Sometimes rival cities settled disagreements with pitz instead of going to war.

Stone pitz hoops can still be seen in ruined Mayan ball courts in South America.

Some ancient Egyptian tomb paintings demonstrate wrestling positions.

Wall paintings made in caves in Lascaux, France, around 20,000 years ago, seem to show people running and wrestling.

The army of ancient Rome played harpastum, a dangerous sport a bit like rugby, as a way of training their soldiers.

During the Western Zhou Dynasty (1046-771 BC), archery was part of the education of wealthy men.

Mongolian cave paintings from 5,000 years ago show people wrestling in front of spectators.

In boat jousting, two people in a boat would fight with long poles or 'maces'. Ancient Egyptian carvings show fishermen jousting. They tried to push each other into the river Nile!

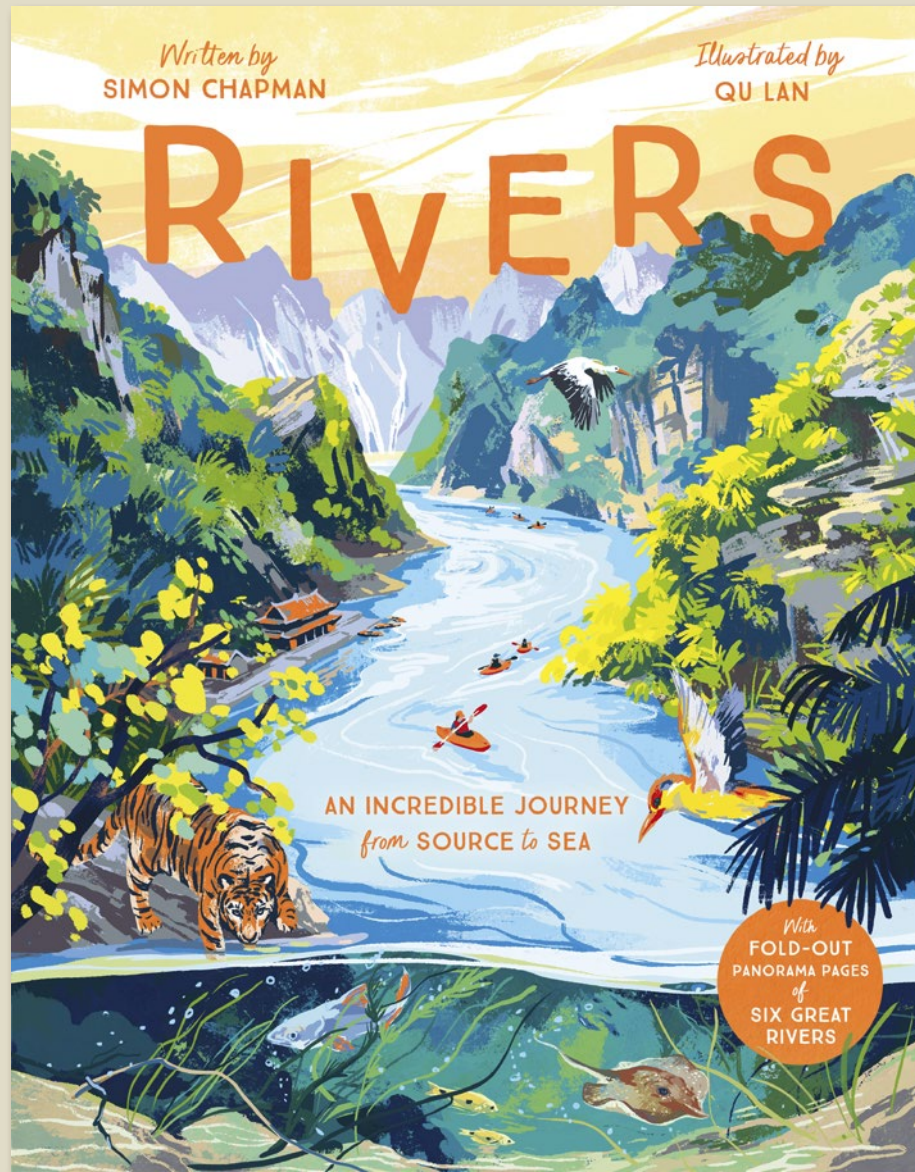
Surfing has been popular in the Pacific for hundreds of years. In Hawaii, chiefs competed in fierce competitions, and good surfers could win high social status.

The Māori of New Zealand participated in a competition known as the Māori Games - often between neighbouring villages. Men, women and children all competed in canoe races, athletics and martial arts.

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An exploration of rivers with fold-out pages

- A stunning look at geography, exploring the physical features of rivers, the unique wildlife they support and how they have shaped human history.
- Featuring 6 mighty rivers from around the world, one from each continent
- CONTENTS: A World of Rivers; Where do rivers get their water?; Source; Heading Downhill; Waterfalls; Underground Rivers; Gorges; Rapids; Dams; The Danube; Around the Bend; River Life; River Highway; The Ganges; Making Lakes; The Amazon; River City; The Murray; Extraordinary Rivers; Floating Islands of the Sudd; The Nile; Deltas; Estuaries; The Mississippi; Mangroves; Salmon Run
- Includes fold-out pages throughout
- Cover treatment: matt lam + spot UV + 5th colour

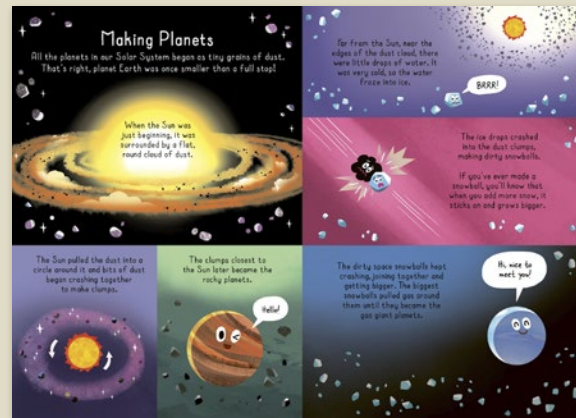
Tell Me About: Space



Big science for little readers.

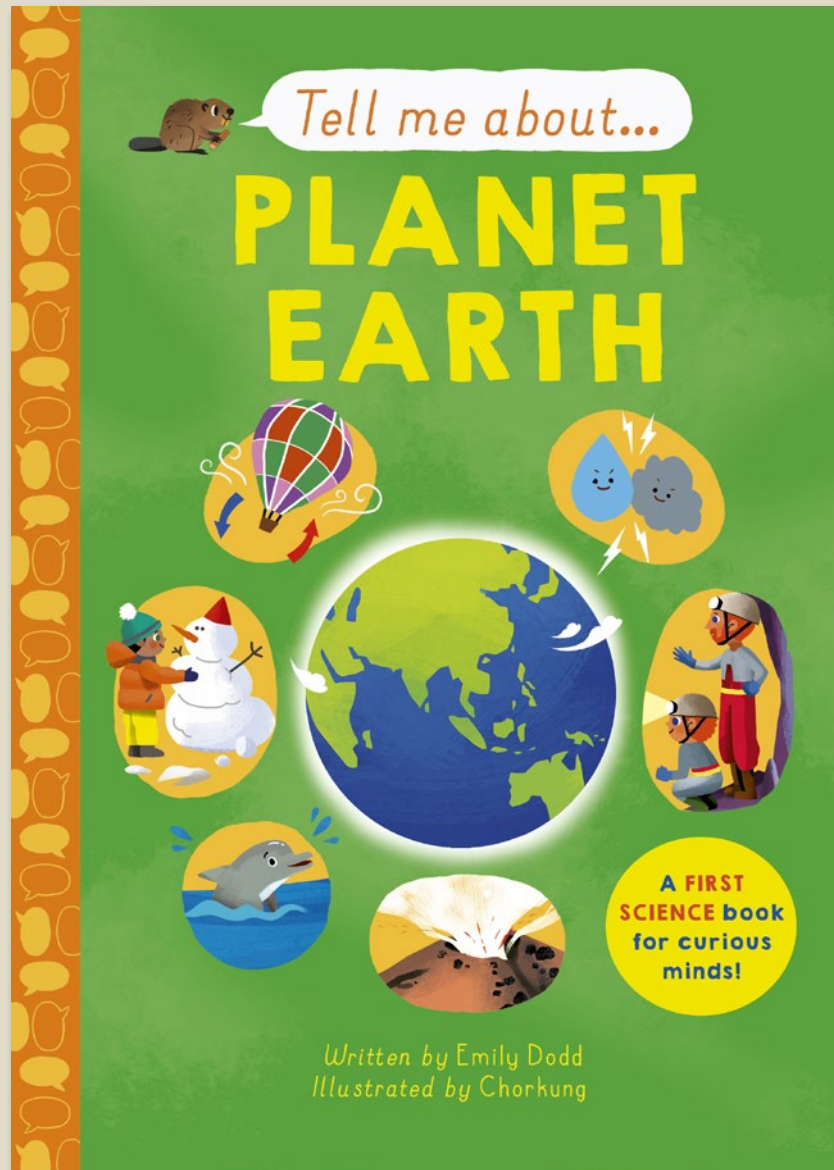
- The third title in a brand-new series of non-fiction books for readers 4+.
- A fun, accessible look at space for young children, featuring topics such as: planets and moons, the solar system, stars and galaxy, constellations, what's in the night sky, gravity, the big bang, going into space and much more!
- Written in friendly and engaging language by science educator and cBeebies writer, Emily Dodd.
- Vibrant, eye-catching design and playful illustrations by Chorkung. The distinct lack of diagrams and focus on child-friendly illustrations makes this perfect for little readers!
- Cover finishes: matt lam + spot UV.

Tell Me About: Space



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Tell Me About: Planet Earth



Big science for little readers.

- The fourth title in a brand-new series of non-fiction books for readers 4+.
- A fun, accessible look at earth science for young children, covering topics such as day and night, seasons and weather, biomes, physical landscapes, the water cycle, volcanoes and earthquakes, fossil fuels, carbon emissions and much more!
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Tell Me About: Planet Earth

Earth is Home

You live on a brilliant ball of spinning rock called Earth. It's a planet, travelling through space on a gigantic loop around a star called the Sun.

There's another ball of rock about a quarter of the size of Earth and you can see it in the night sky. It's called the Moon.

It takes a month for the Moon to travel around Earth on an oval path.

It takes a whole year to travel all the way around the Sun. So if you are five years old, you have circled the Sun five times already!

Earth travels around the Sun on an oval path but it also spins on the spot. The spin is why it gets dark at night.

Your home turns away from the Sun at night and by morning it has turned back towards the Sun once again. It takes 24 hours for a complete spin to happen, and we call that a whole day.

Caves

Caves are big holes carved into cliffs by waves hitting the rock. But they can also form underground as rain trickles through cracks in the rock.

That's right, tiny little rain droplets can make massive caves because they dissolve the rock away a little bit at a time.

Underground rivers flow through caves. They wear the floor of the cave down to make them even bigger.

Inside the cave, some droplets of rainwater evaporate. As the liquid water drops turn into gas, they leave behind the tiny bits of rock they were carrying. The bits of rock stick to the roof.

In a thousand years, all the drops of water will have left enough rock behind to make a shape about as long as your finger. This is called a stalactite.

The same thing happens as the water drops onto the floor of the cave too. The cave floor grows upwards into a wider opening, which is called a stalagmite.

Digging and Drilling

When humans dig useful rocks and metals out of the ground, it is called mining. People also drill long holes deep down into the rock to find little pockets of gas and a liquid called oil.

The oil and gas found deep underground were once tiny sea creatures. They sank to the bottom of the sea and got squashed over millions of years. They turned into a dark liquid called oil and a gas called methane.

Coal is a black rock that gives off lots of heat when it burns. It is made from leaves that took in swamps millions of years ago.

We can burn oil, coal and methane gas to make electricity and to power vehicles.

Most metals are hidden underground with other rocks. A few metals are found just as they are at the surface, including gold, silver and copper.

Metals can make lots of useful things including bikes, phones, computers and cars.

Oceans

If you flew out into space and looked back at Earth it would look blue. That's because two thirds of our planet's surface is covered in liquid water. It's mostly found in the oceans and seas.

Waves

Waves are made on the surface of the water as the wind pushes the sea.

Tides

The sea comes in at high tide and goes out at low tide. This happens twice every day because of the way Earth is spinning beneath the Moon.

That's right, the Moon makes our tides! Gravity is a pull that happens between Earth, the Moon and the Sun. It pulls on you too. When you jump, gravity pulls you back down to Earth.

Low tide

High tide

The oceans on planet Earth slowly change shape because the rock beneath them is moving. This creates underwater valleys, caves and mountains.

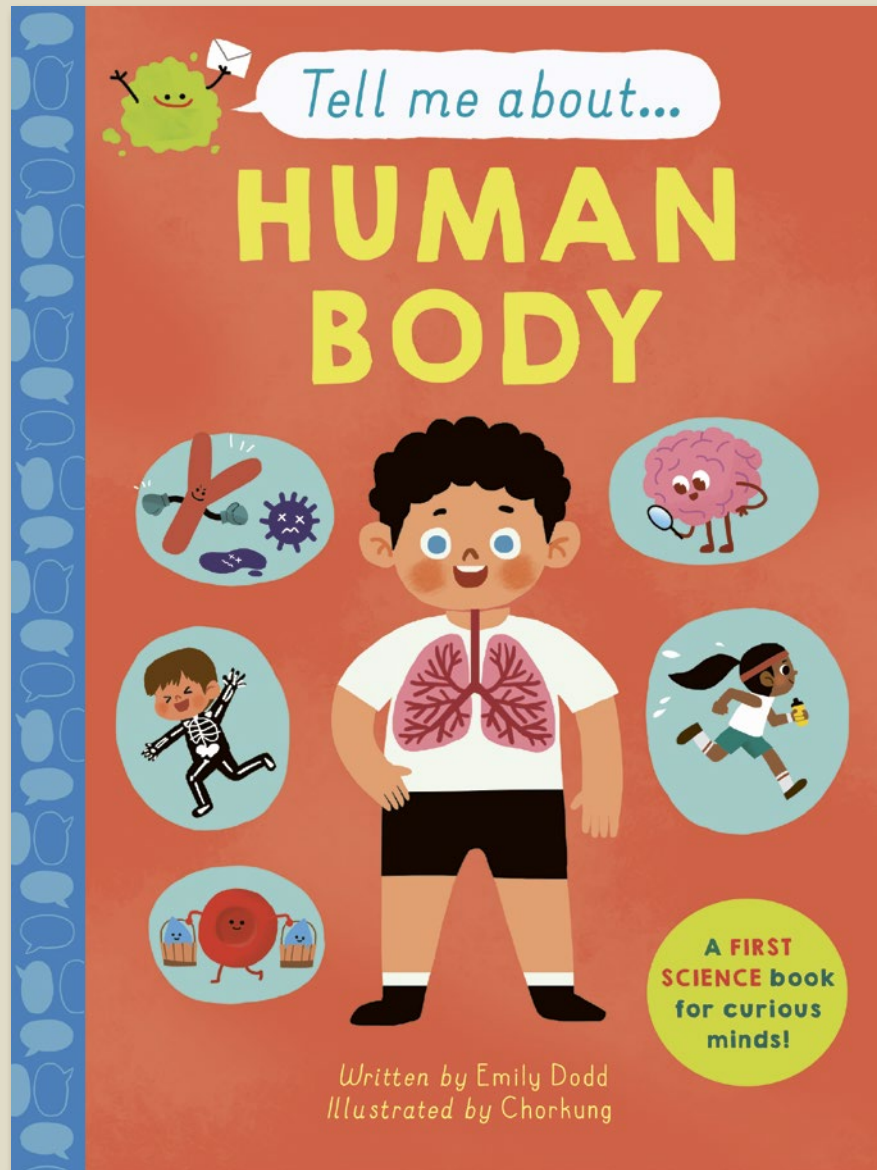
Mountain

Valley

Did you know...? Seawater is salty because of salt from rocks!

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Rights Available	World

Tell Me About: The Human Body



Big science for little readers

- The first in a brand-new series of non-fiction books for readers 4+.
- Written in friendly and engaging language by science educator and CBeebies writer, Emily Dodd.
- Vibrant, eye-catching design and playful illustrations by Chorkung
- Cover finishes: matt lam and spot UV
- CONTENTS: Brilliant body; The skin; Skeleton; Muscles, Brain; Thinking; Nervous system; Eyes; Ears; Mouth and Nose; Digestive System; Blood; Water; Pumping blood; Lungs and breathing; Immune system; Feelings; Helping your body

Tell Me About: The Human Body

Brilliant Body

So many amazing things are happening in your body right now! Let's take a look at just a few of them...

As you breathe, spongy bags called lungs are sucking air in and putting it into your blood.

When you run, stretchy cords called muscles pull bones back and forward. Your bones connect together in a structure called a skeleton. And your skin wraps everything up.

Tiny electrical signals are making your heart beat - to-beat-to-beat - to pump blood around your body.

Your body is made from lots of different parts that work together to do important jobs. These parts are called organs.

If you look at the pictures in this book, you're using organs called eyes. And when you think about all of this, you use an organ called the brain.

When you think or laugh or wiggle your toes, you use energy. The energy comes from the food you eat. The food goes into your blood and all around your body.

The Skin

Let's begin our body tour with your skin. This stretchy waterproof layer wraps around your body keeping germs out and keeping your insides... inside!

Your skin is full of sensors that help you to touch and feel things. You can feel pain and warmth and the tiny footpads of an insect crawling on your arm.

Did you know...? The skin is the biggest organ in the body!

Touch sensors help you to feel how hard to press when you lift it and hold objects - so you don't drop or squash them.

The top layer of your skin is dead! Underneath it, new skin is being made. It pushes the old skin upwards until it flakes off as dust. Yes, your skin becomes dust!

Your hair and nails are made from the same stuff as skin. It's called keratin.

Your skin cools your body too. One way it does this is by making little drops of liquid called sweat.

When sweat drops are warmed by a hot body, they float off into the air taking heat away with them!

Skeleton

The thing that gives your body its wonderful shape and height is a skeleton. It is made from 206 bones that join together at hinges called joints.

Full your fingers! The bones are the hard parts, and the joints are where your fingers bend.

Strong bony bones called cartilage make up some parts of the skeleton including your ears, your nose and sections of your ribs.

The skeleton protects your insides too. Your ribs make a cage around your lungs and heart and your skull is like a helmet, protecting your brain.

Inside your biggest bones is a juice called marrow. New blood is being made in the marrow. That's right, your bones can make blood!

Bones are full of tiny holes that make them light. But the pattern of the holes makes them really strong too.

Muscles

Muscles are stretchy cords that pull body parts to make them move. If you wiggle your eyebrows and stick out your tongue, you did it using muscles!

Muscles can pull, but they can't push so they need to work in teams. One muscle pulls a body part one way, and another muscle pulls it back again.

Great teamwork muscles!

1. Bend your arm. The set of muscles at the front of your arm, called triceps, pulled it up by getting shorter.

2. Now straighten your arm. Another set of muscles at the back of your arm, called biceps, pulled your arm down to straighten it.

The muscles that move your bones around are called skeletal muscles. But they're not the only muscles you have!

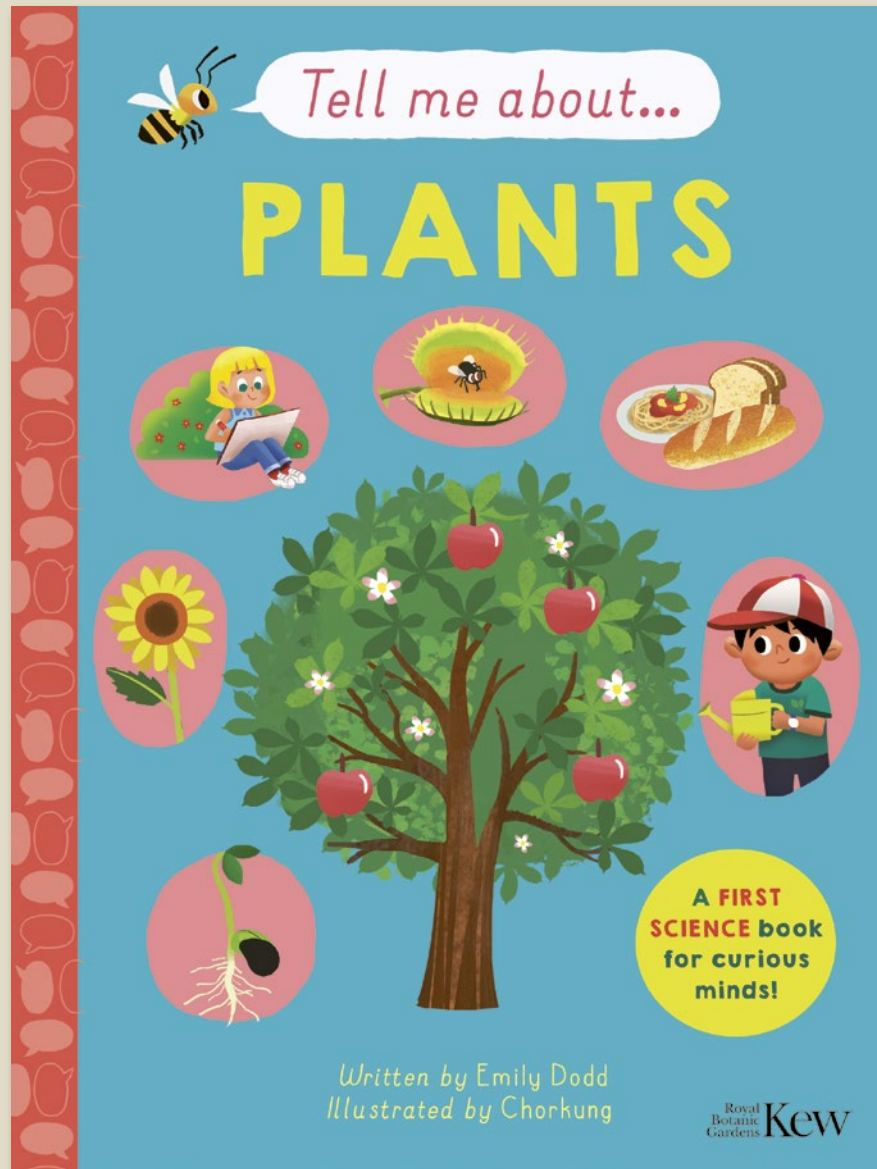
Cardiac muscles make your heart squash to pump blood.

Smooth muscles line the tubes in your body. They help push things through the tubes.

Did you know...? Muscles help you hold in pee until you're ready to let it go.

Pub Date	02/02/2023
Pub Price	£9.99
ISBN	9781787418097
H x W	210 x 148mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	5-7 years
Author	Emily Dodd
Illustrator	Chorkung
Extent	48pp
Word Count	4000 words
Rights Available	World

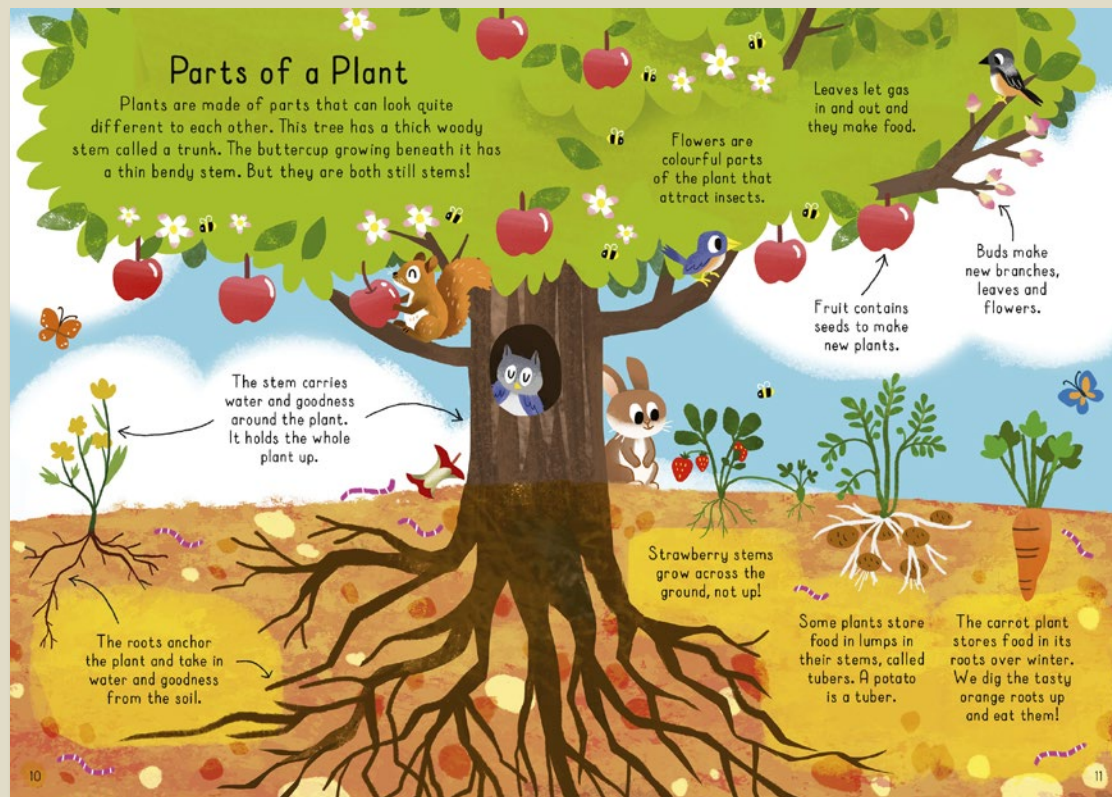
Tell Me About: Plants



Big science for little readers

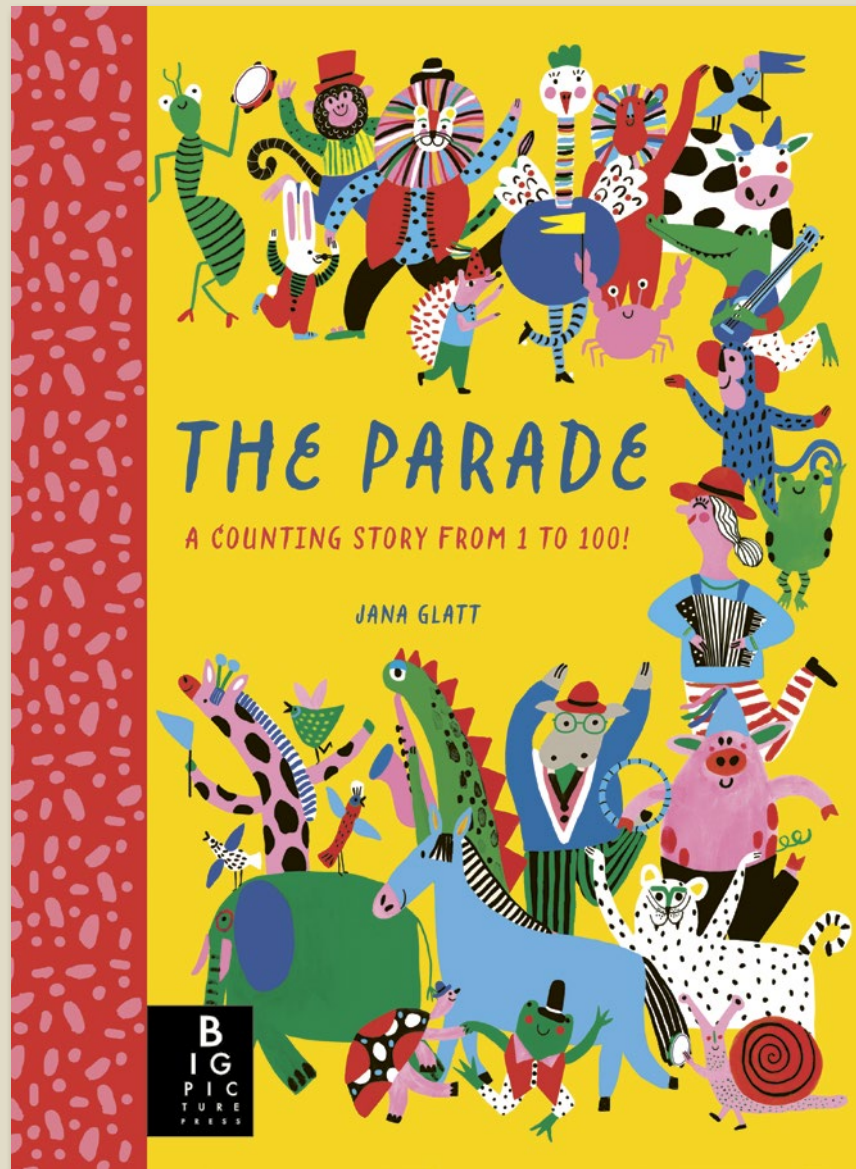
- The first in a brand-new series of non-fiction books for readers 4+.
- Written in friendly and engaging language by science educator and cBeebies writer, Emily Dodd.
- Vibrant, eye-catching design and playful illustrations by Chorkung.
- Partnering with Kew Gardens for the UK edition. Kew are also acting as consultants.
- Cover finishes: matt lam and spot UV
- CONTENTS: Plants are wonderful; Parts of a Plant; Flowers; Fruit; Getting Planted; Growing from a Seed; Drinking Water; Making Food from Sunlight; Leaves; Plant Families; Flowering Plants; Grasses; Trees and Seasons; Types of Tree; Plant Defences; Plant Attack!; Record Holders; Thank You Plants!; Glossary

Tell Me About: Plants



Pub Date	02/02/2023
Pub Price	£9.99
ISBN	9781787418080
H x W	210 x 148mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	5-7 years
Author	Emily Dodd
Illustrator	Chorkung
Extent	48pp
Word Count	4000 words
Rights Available	World

The Parade



Count from 1 to 100 in this bright and busy picture book that follows the story of one little mouse, who just wants to party!

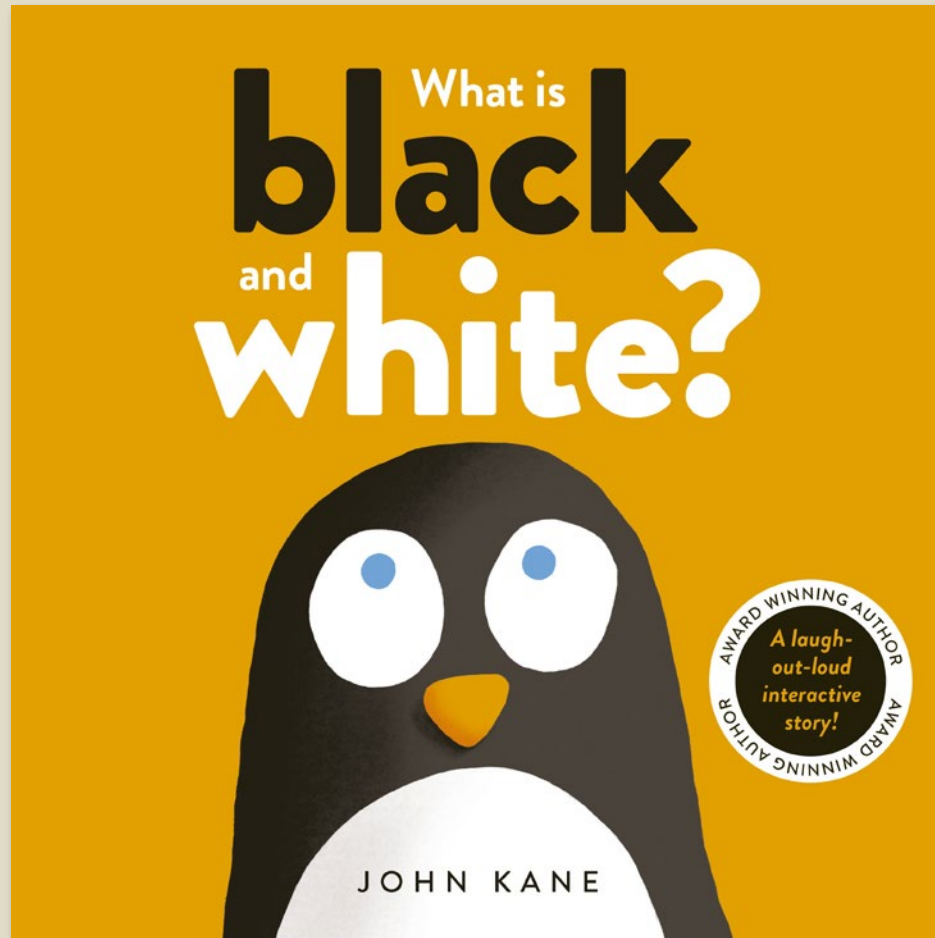
- Little ones will love this book, which combines counting and first words with a search-and-find element
- Gorgeous artwork by ARKET childrenswear designer and illustrator, Jana Glatt.
- Beautiful, larger format picture book is ideal for parents and children to read along together
- 100 foiled gold stars included on the final spread
- WINNER of the bronze award at the Right Start Awards 2022

The Parade



Pub Date	03/08/2023
Pub Price	£14.99
ISBN	9781800783911
H x W	338 x 230mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	0-5 years
Author	Joanna McInerney
Illustrator	Jana Glatt
Extent	56pp
Rights Available	World

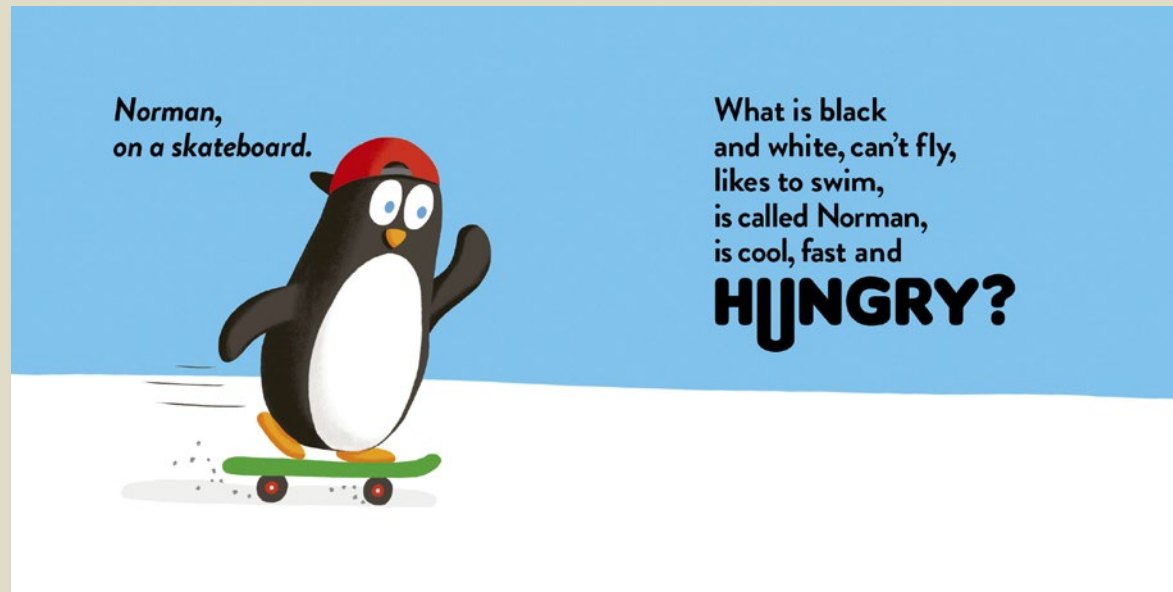
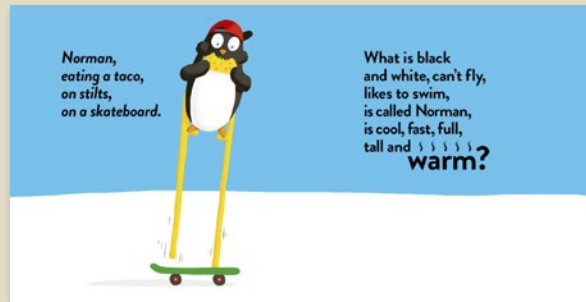
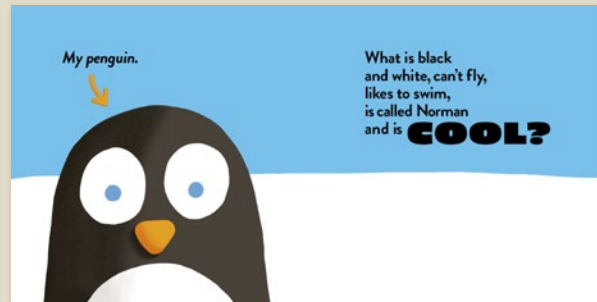
What is Black and White?



What is black and white? A word-juggling penguin called Norman.

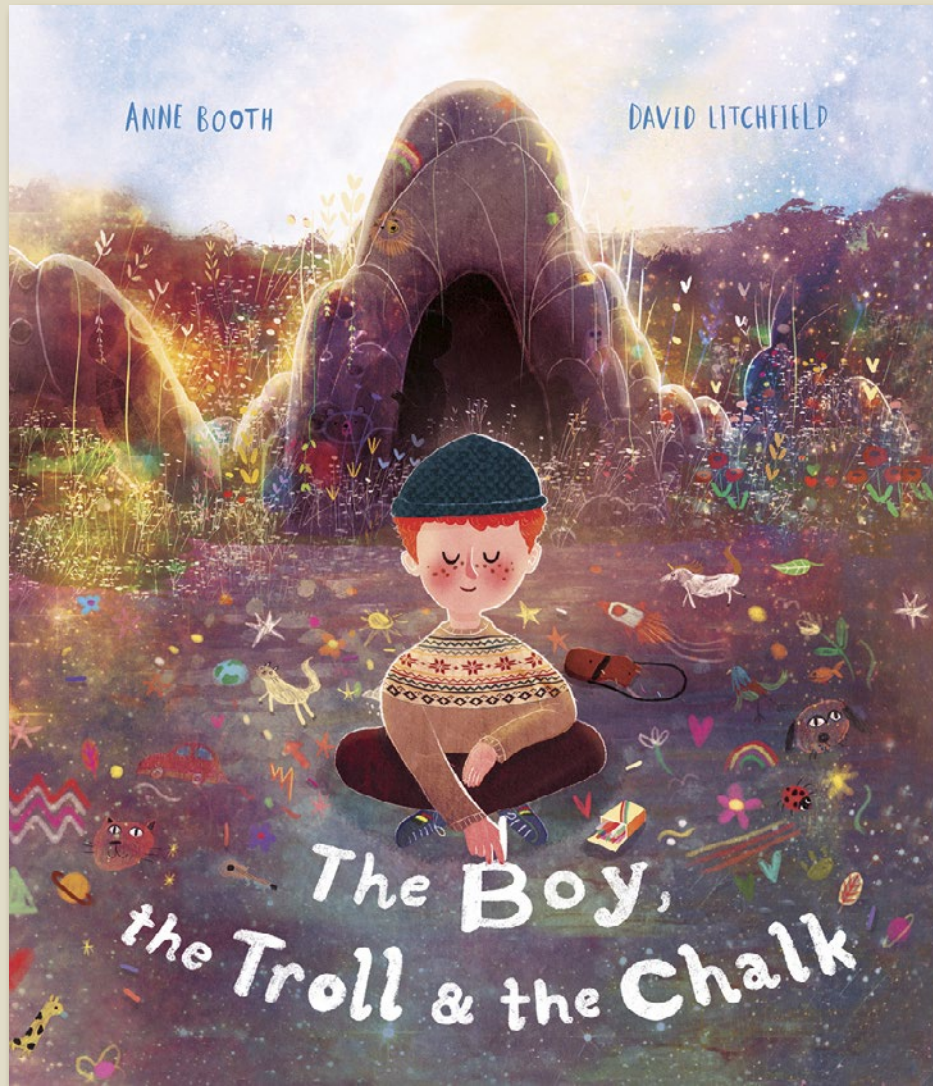
- From the author and illustrator of the bestselling *I Say Ooh, You Say Aah*, which has sold over 160,000 copies worldwide (as of July 2022)
- John Kane is a master of interactive storytelling and child-centric humour.
- *I Say Ooh, You Say Aah* won the English Picture Book Awards 4-& category; won the Children's and Teen choice Award in the US; and was shortlisted for the Irish Book Awards Children's Book of the Year.

What is Black and White?



Pub Date	28/03/2024
Pub Price	£7.99
ISBN	9781800782303
H x W	260 x 260mm
Binding	Paperback
Age Range	0-5 years
Author	John Kane
Extent	32pp
Word Count	320 words
Rights Available	World

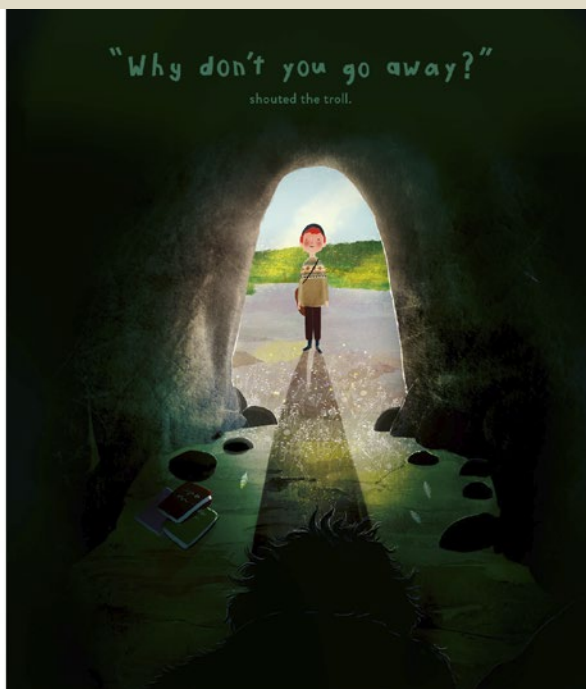
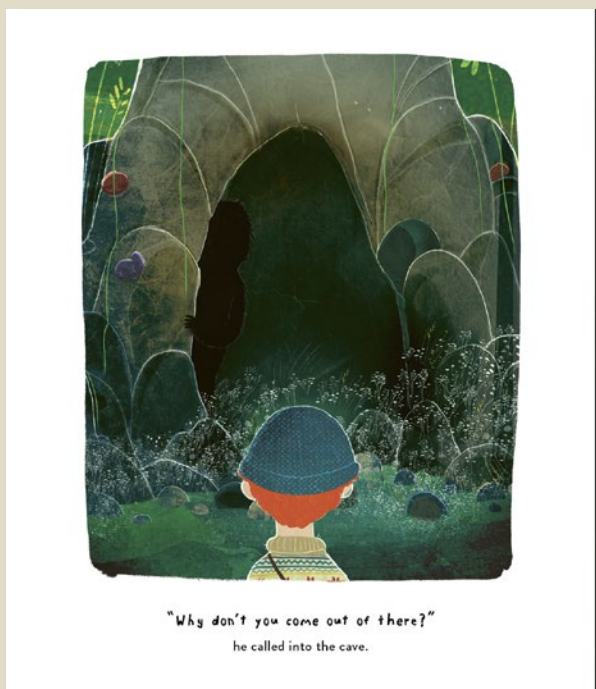
The Boy, the Troll and the Chalk



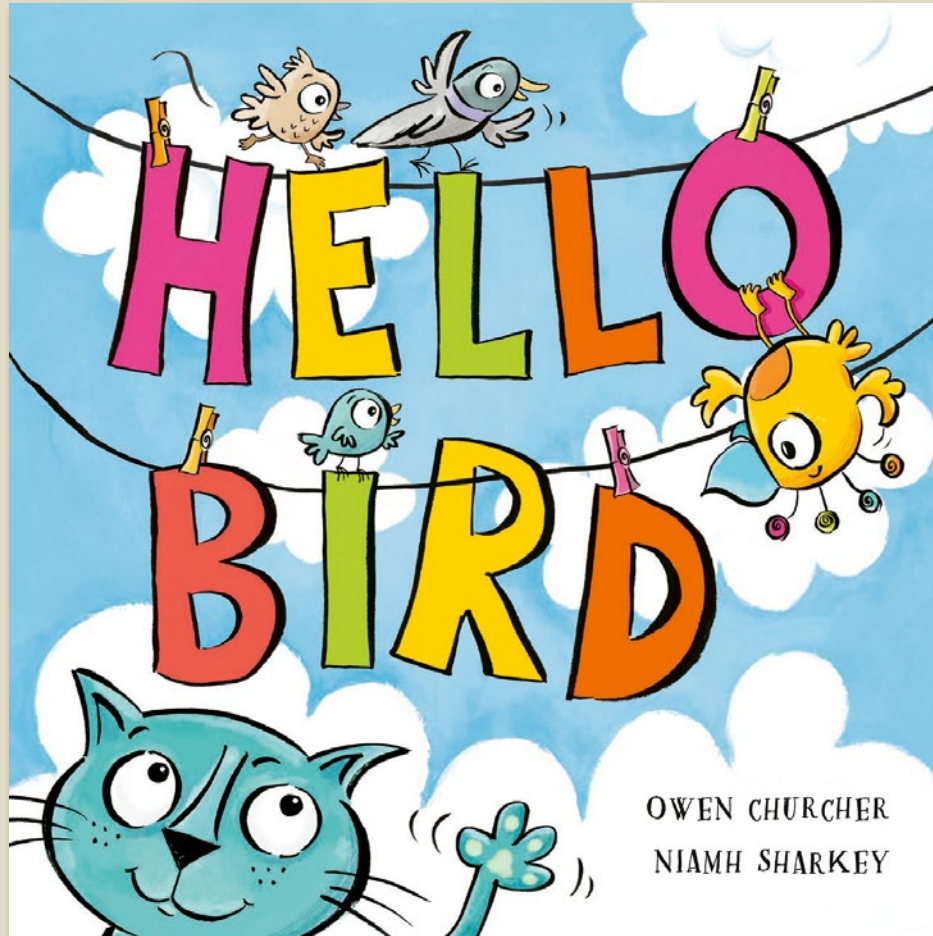
A touching picture book about the power of art and the imagination, brought to life by David Litchfield's art.

- Award-winning artist David Litchfield and author Anne Booth come together again, following on from the international success of *A Shelter for Sadness*. *Shelter* was a 2022 Empathy Lab selection and has sold over 60,000 copies worldwide (as of September 2023).
- Anne Booth is known for the exceptional warmth and authenticity of her writing.
- With superb illustrations from multi-award winning artist David Litchfield.
- "A perfectly pitched, heartfelt meditation" *The Guardian* on *A Shelter for Sadness*

The Boy, the Troll and the Chalk



Pub Date	06/06/2024
Pub Price	£12.99
ISBN	9781800783058
H x W	287 x 247mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	0-5 years
Author	Anne Booth
Illustrator	David Litchfield
Extent	40pp
Rights Available	World



From talented duo comes a FLAP-TASTIC garden bird adventure.

- From the creative duo behind *A Field Guide to Leafings*.
- Niamh Sharkey is creator and executive producer of *Henry Hugglemonster* on Disney Junior and launched a new series called *Eureka!* with Disney Junior in June 2022.
- It takes a timeless theme and familiar characters to create a quirky and fresh picture book for the very young.
- Niamh's recognisable artwork style is achieved through ink outlines and watercolour washes.
- Cover treatment: matt lam and SPUV.

Hello Bird



Pub Date	14/03/2024
Pub Price	£7.99
ISBN	9781787419247
H x W	250 x 250mm
Binding	Paperback
Age Range	0-5 years
Author	Owen Churcher
Illustrator	Niamh Sharkey
Extent	32pp
Word Count	250 words
Rights Available	World

Meet the Wildlings



A hilariously relatable story about learning to share and tantrums.

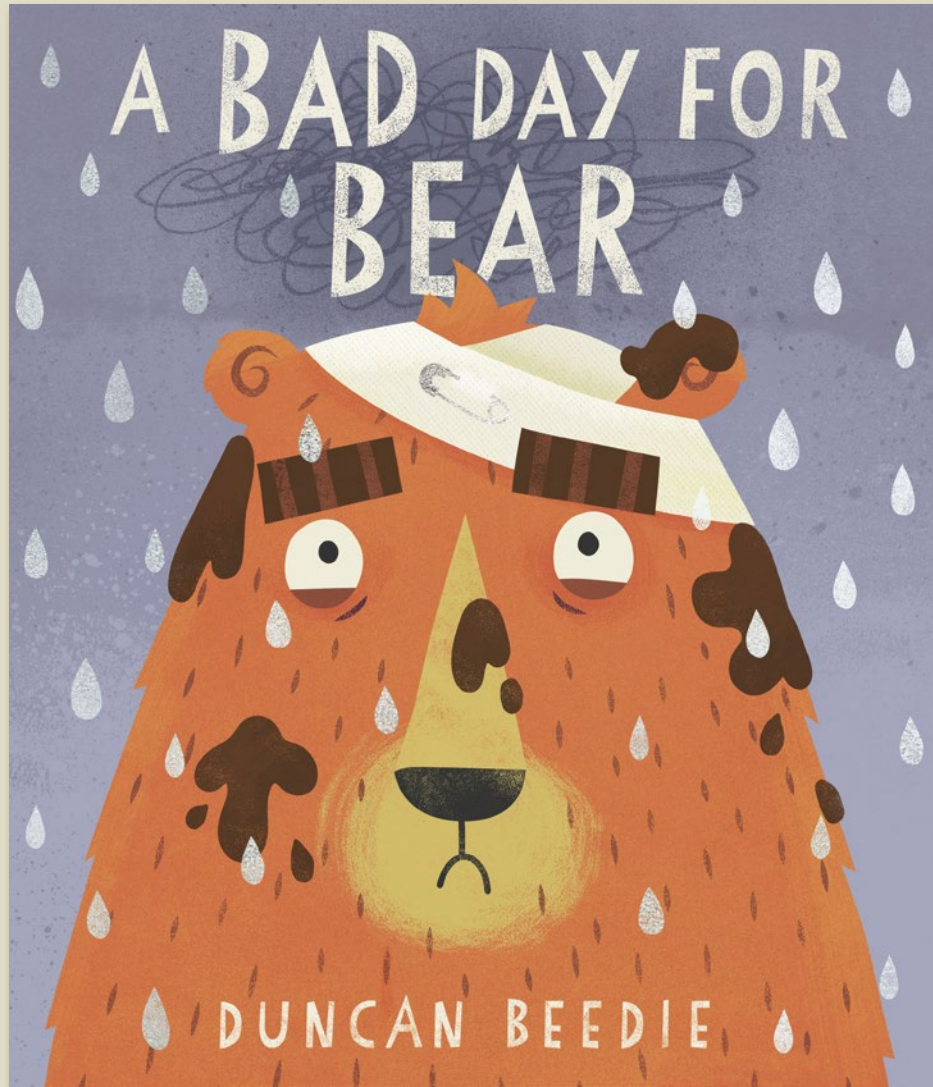
- A hilarious twist on a universal theme that creatively encapsulates the emotions that come with learning to share, teamwork and kindness.
- Includes representation of a blended family.
- Humorous back matter that includes a 'how to spot a Wildling' checklist for all readers big and small to make use of!
- Our first book with Gwen Millward as author-illustrator, the very talented illustrator of another Templar title *One Tiny Dot*.
- Gwen's second book as author-illustrator, *My Friend Leafy* is scheduled to publish with us in 2025.
- Cover treatments: matt lam and SPUV.

Meet the Wildlings



Pub Date	04/01/2024
Pub Price	£7.99
ISBN	9781787419339
H x W	265 x 228mm
Binding	Paperback
Age Range	0-5 years
Author	Gwen Millward
Illustrator	Gwen Millward
Extent	40pp
Word Count	540 words
Freight On Board	19/10/2023
Rights Available	World

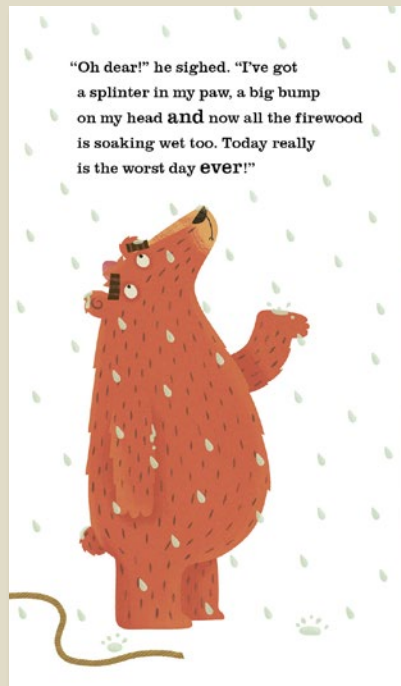
A Bad Day for Bear



The lovable bear is back - this time he's having a VERY bad day indeed!

- Duncan's Waterstones Children's Book Prize shortlisted *The Bear Who Stared* has sold over 40,000 copies worldwide
- Children will engage with the lovable bear who is having a bad day!
- Universal theme which will strike a chord with all parents
- Illustrated with Duncan's trademark vibrant and quirky art style

A Bad Day for Bear



Pub Date	14/09/2023
Pub Price	£7.99
ISBN	9781800786219
H x W	287 x 247mm
Binding	Paperback
Age Range	0-5 years
Author	Duncan Beedie
Extent	40pp
Freight On Board	29/06/2023
Rights Available	World

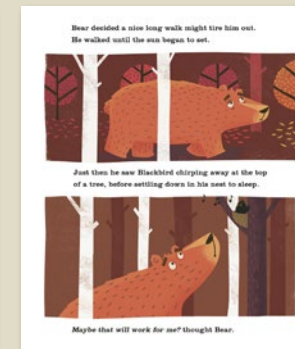
No Sleep for Bear



Bear is back in this sequel to *The Bear who Stared*.

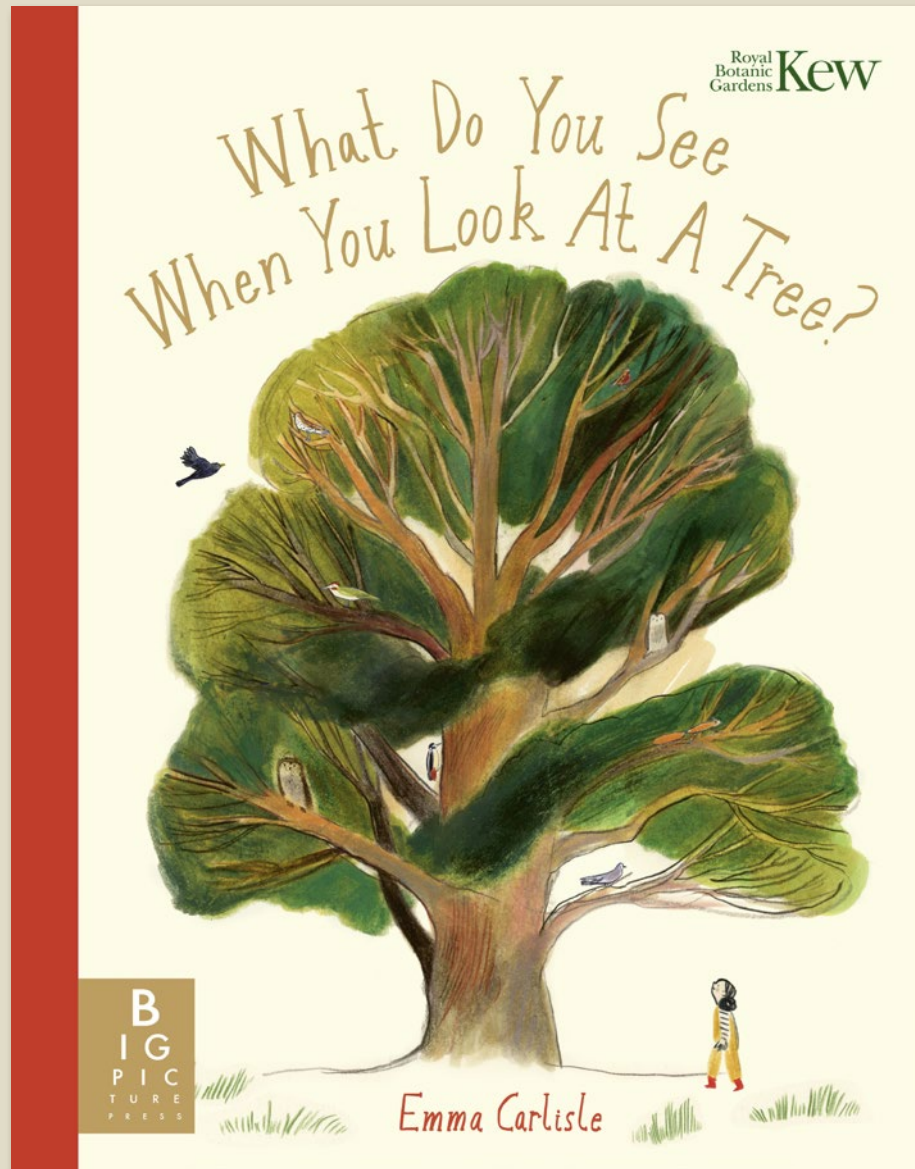
- A follow-up to the bestselling Waterstones Children's Book Prize shortlisted *The Bear Who Stared*, which has sold over 40,000 copies worldwide (as of July 2022)
- Children will engage with the lovable bear who doesn't quite get things right
- Universal theme which will strike a chord with all parents
- A funny take on hibernation, a topic which is covered in the National Curriculum
- Illustrated with Duncan's trademark vibrant and quirky art style
- A perfect bedtime story

No Sleep for Bear



Pub Date	07/07/2022
Pub Price	£7.99
ISBN	9781787419865
H x W	287 x 247mm
Binding	Paperback
Age Range	0-5 years
Category	Picture Book
Author	Duncan Beedie
Illustrator	Duncan Beedie
Extent	40pp
Rights Available	World

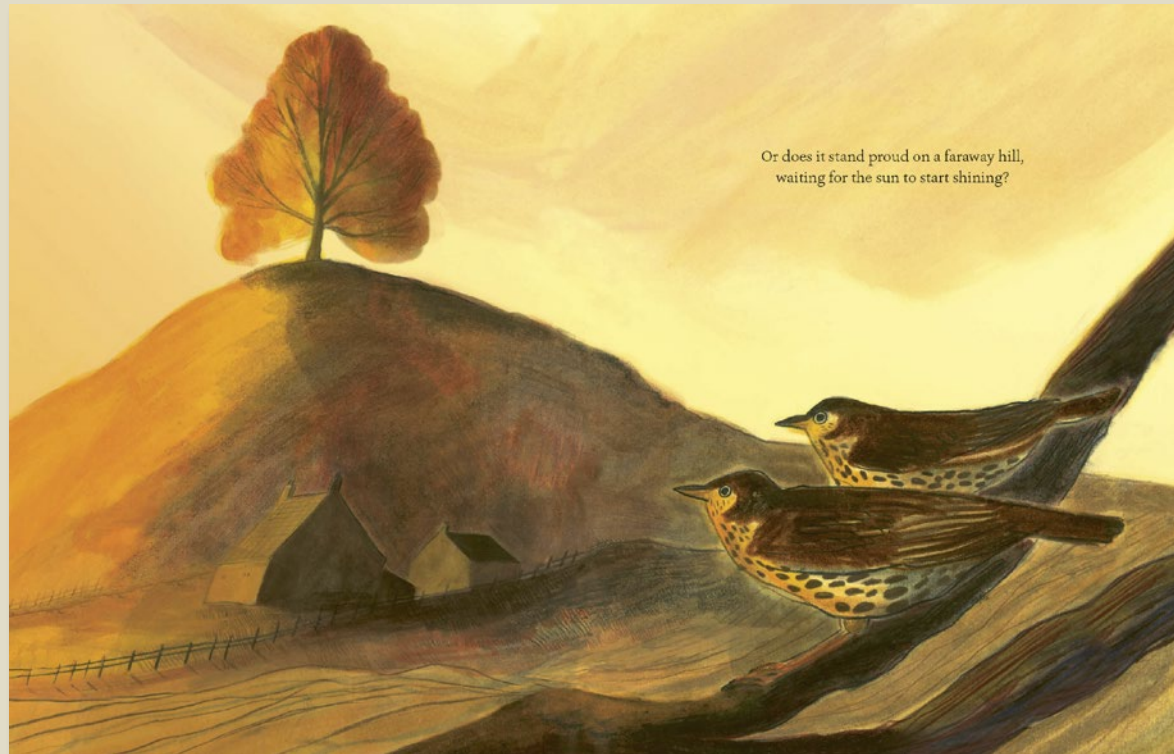
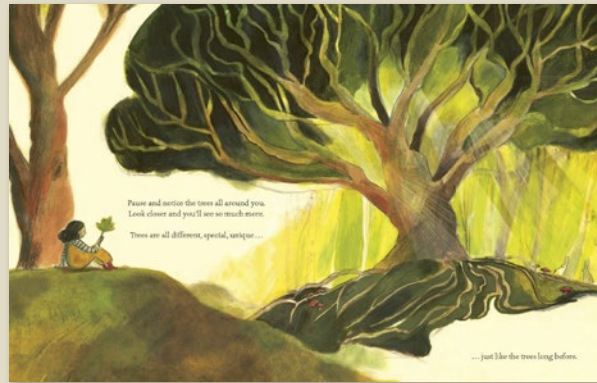
What Do You See When You Look At a Tree?



Immerse yourself in this gentle picture book that encourages us to explore our connection with nature, now in paperback.

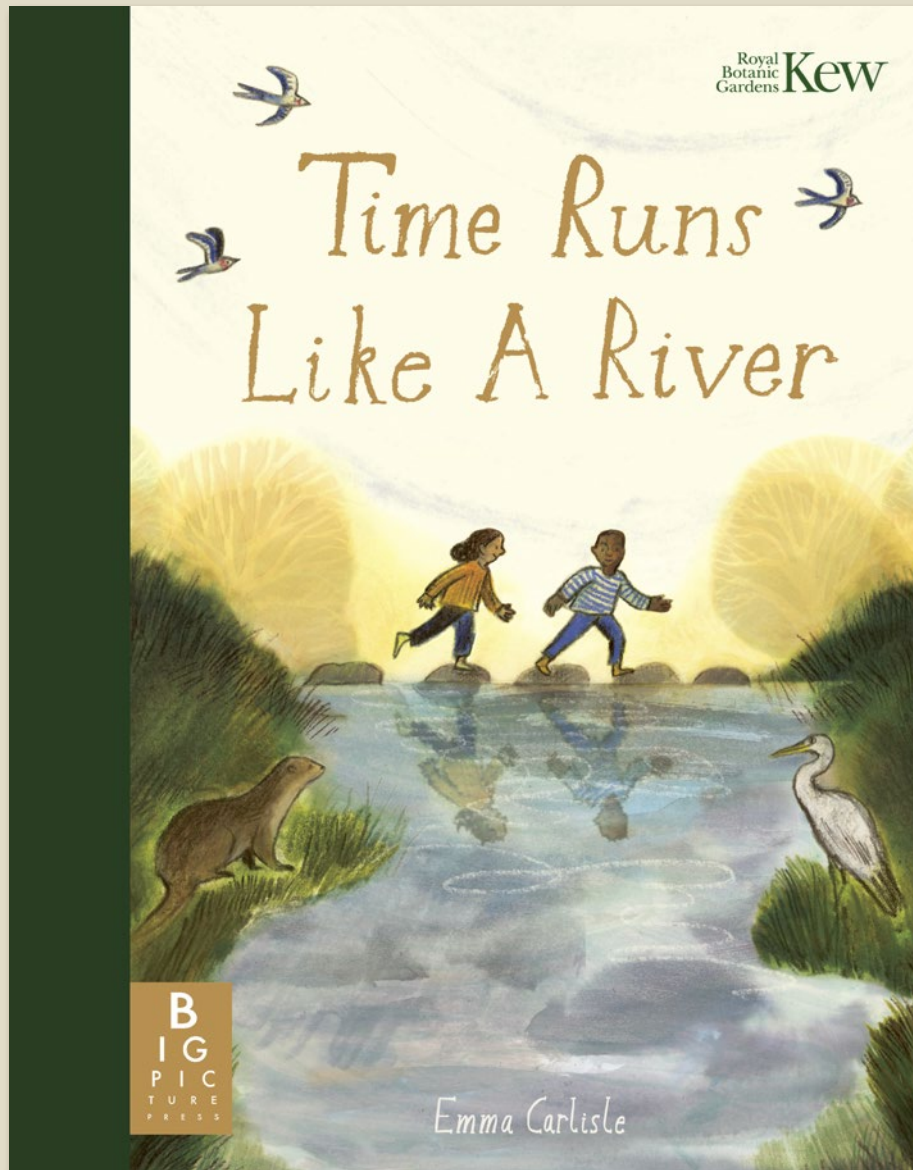
- Now available in beautiful paperback - with printed interior cover, flaps and 100% foil.
- In association with the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew
- Critically acclaimed picture book by Greenaway and Flugge-nominated artist, Emma Carlisle

What Do You See When You Look At a Tree?



Pub Date	19/01/2023
Pub Price	£8.99
ISBN	9781800784383
H x W	300 x 235mm
Binding	Paperback
Age Range	5-7 years
Author	Emma Carlisle
Illustrator	Emma Carlisle
Extent	40pp
Word Count	800 words
Rights Available	World

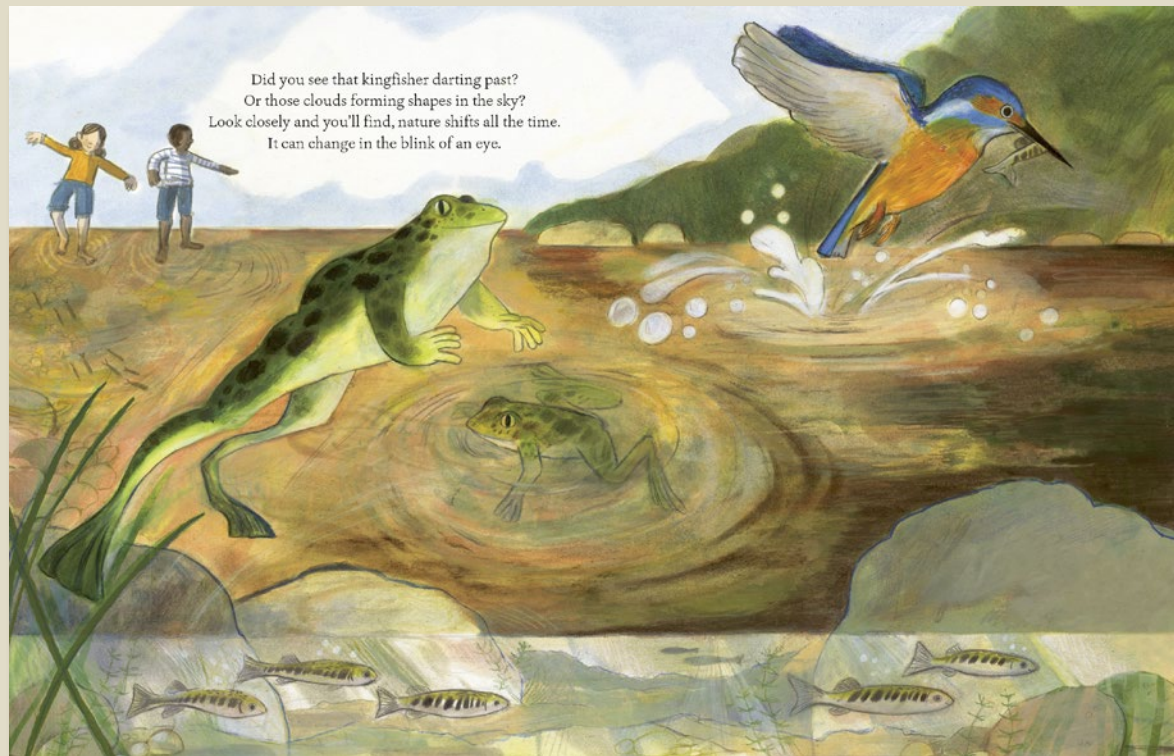
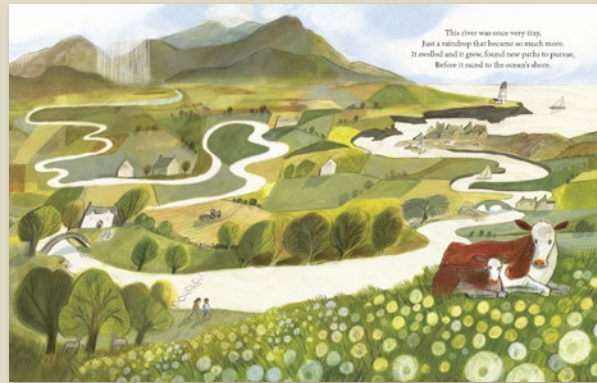
Time Runs Like A River



Time runs like a river, never resting, moving steadily on. But if we notice how different each minute can be, we can appreciate them before they are gone.

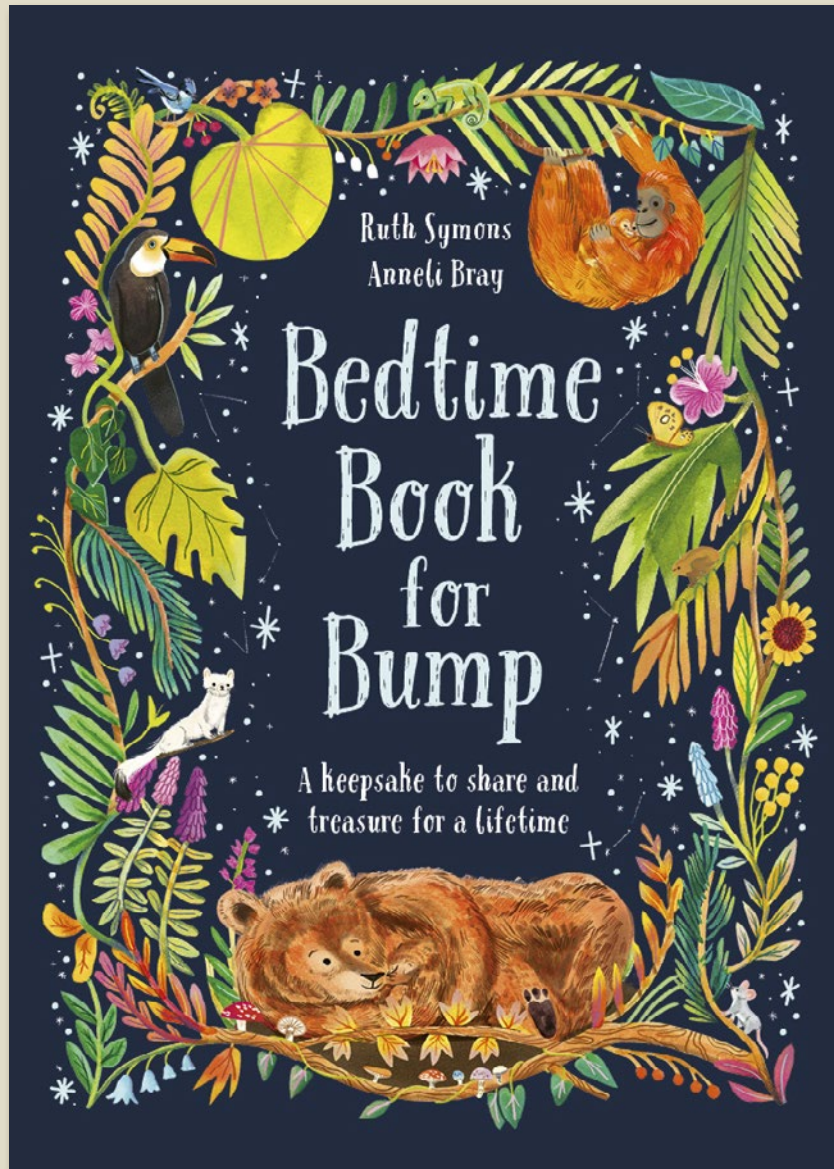
- A beautiful new picture book to follow on from the bestselling *What Do You See When You Look At A Tree?*
- *What Do You See When You Look At A Tree?* was selected as a 2023 Empathy Labs title, and shortlisted for the Waterstone's Children's Prize 2023.
- Soft watercolour artwork encourages children to slow down and notice nature.
- Non-fiction spreads at the back of the book are full of mindful tips.
- **Celebrating 10 Years of Extraordinary Illustrated Books**

Time Runs Like A River



Pub Date	20/06/2024
Pub Price	£12.99
ISBN	9781800785946
H x W	300 x 235mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	5-7 years
Author	Emma Carlisle
Illustrator	Emma Carlisle
Extent	40pp
Word Count	1812 words
Freight On Board	18/04/2024
Rights Available	World

Bedtime Book for Bump



A beautifully illustrated pregnancy keepsake with pages to personalise.

- Hardback keepsake book with an arlin and foil cover finish.
- Includes an introduction by Dr Kimberley Bennett (creator of “The Psychologist’s Child”), backed by research, on the importance of reading to baby in utero.
- The perfect gift for parents-to-be.
- Written in an inclusive manner, to encompass same-sex and single parents.
- Secure envelope affixed to the interior back cover to keep scan photos and other treasured memories.

Bedtime Book for Bump

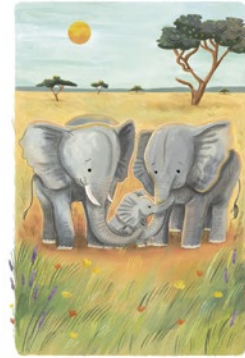


Little One, this book's for you,

I'll read it loud and clear.



For though we
haven't met you yet,
I know that you can hear.



Your mother's beating heart
Makes up the music
of your day,



And when I sing,
you listen in:

You wriggle and you play.



Pub Date	16/03/2023
Pub Price	£12.99
ISBN	9781800784277
H x W	210 x 148mm
Binding	Hardback
Age Range	Adult
Author	Ruth Symons
Extent	48pp
Word Count	1000 words
Rights Available	World



Rebo Publishers

Created by Ilina Yosifova
ilina.yosifova@bonnierbooks.co.uk

Updated 30 April 2024

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